# **DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING**

(4-Year B.Tech Program) WITH EFFECT FROM 2015-16 ADMITTED BATCH

# **Academic Regulations** Curriculum & Syllabi





ANIL NEERUKONDA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

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# ANIL NEERUKONDA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES (AUTONOMOUS)

# **Affiliated to Andhra University**



Academic Regulations Curriculum & Syllabi

ACCREDITED BY NBA & NAAC WITH'A'GRADE

# ANIL NEERUKONDA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES (AUTONOMOUS)

# **VISION**

ANITS envisions to emerge as a world-class technical institution whose products represent a good blend of technological excellence and the best of human values.

# MISSION

To train young men and women into competent and confident engineers with excellent communicational skills, to face the challenges of future technology changes, by imparting holistic technical education using the best of infrastructure, outstanding technical and teaching expertise and an exemplary work culture, besides moulding them into good citizens.

# **QUALITY POLICY**

ANITS is engaged in imparting quality technical education. It constantly strives towards achieving high standards of teaching, training and development of human resources by encouraging its faculty and staff to work as a team and to update their knowledge and skills continually to match the needs of industry.

# Foreword

**ANIL NEERUKONDA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES (ANITS)** was founded by Anil Neerukonda Educational Society (ANES) in the fond memory of Anil Neerukonda, son of Dr. B R Prasad Neerukonda.

Its humble journey started in 2001 with an intake of 220 students into four undergraduate B.Tech programmes. Within 14 years of its establishment, the institute registered phenomenal growth and is accredited by NAAC with 'A' and by NBA for the third time. It is permanently affiliated to Andhra University and has achieved autonomous status in 2015. Further, the institute has been currently ranked as 4<sup>th</sup> among the private engineering colleges in Andhra Pradesh by APSCHE. It has been recognised as "Centre for Excellence" by Infosys and is accorded by Andhra University as "Centre for Research".

Today, the institute offers seven B.Tech. programmes and four M.Tech. programmes with an annual total intake about 1100 students. The institute offers amenities like separate hostels for boys and girls, indoor and outdoor games, transport covering all the major locations of Visakhapatnam and medical aid provided by Anil Neerukonda hospital and NRI Institute of Medical Sciences, another educational institution of ANES.

Apart from the State-of-the-Art laboratories, well established teaching methodology and implementation of the best practices, the wonderful co-ordination of the Management, Faculty and Parents has so far played a crucial role in shaping the future of the ANITIANS and has been the talisman of the Institute's phenomenal growth.

The success stories of our champions at several qualifying exams for the higher studies like GRE, TOEFL, CAT and GATE, the impressive track record of the placements with highest known packages in MNCs like Google, Oracle, Infosys, TCS and so on are the sweetest fruits of our efforts.

**PRAGNANAM BRAHMA**, the motto of ANITS, is truly practiced by all the members of ANITS family, a direct effort to serve the society, nation and the mankind as well.

Hearty welcome to ANITS family.

Prof. V S R K PRASAD PRINCIPAL

# Achievements & Highlights

- > Extension of permanent affiliation by Andhra University
- Autonomous since May 2015
- Accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade
- ▶ NBA accreditation to ECE,EEE,CSE, Mech and IT courses
- Recognition as "Research Center" and award of 'Permanent Affiliation' by Andhra University
- Reconginiton under 2(f) & 12(b) of the UGC act
- Secured 3<sup>rd</sup> place in TOP Engineering Colleges in Andhra Pradesh, survey by CSR-GHRDC 2017
- Secured 20<sup>th</sup> place in ranking of outstanding Engineering College of excellence by CSR-GHRDC 2017
- Securing highest pass percentage among all the private affiliated colleges of the university
- Good number of placements in reputed organizations
- Students won various contents organized by reputed companies like TCS, Infosys(CODE VITA, ASPIRATIONS, ACM ICPC-2014 etc) and brought laurels to the institute
- Student won several prizes in various extracurricular competitions, cultural and sports competitions at university, state and national levels.
- > Quality publications by the faculty in journals of repute with impact factor
- ANITS has been recognized as Skill Development Center (SDC) under AP state skills development corporation (APSSDC)(A state government organization)
- TOP- ten most Preferred college out of 700+ Private Engineering colleges in the state of erstwhile AP(APSCHE bulletin)
- ➤ 'AAA' rating of ANITS by career 360 Magazine (MAY 2013)
- Award of 'Center of Excellence by Infosys Technologies Ltd during 2010-11
- MOUS with about 18 organizations and accreditation by TCS, Infosys, Capgemini India(HYD), Silver partner of Keane India L&T (ECC), Tech-Mahindra, Hyundai, BGR Energy, FMC Technologies, etc for campus Recruitment.
- Students secured TOP positions at national level in CODE-VITA contest organized by TCS and national champions in ASPIRATIONS organized by Infosys competing with IITs, NITs and other Premium Engineering colleges across the nation and emerged as winners.
- Students team represented India as one of the 7 teams in the contest ACM ICPC (Asian Programming Contest) and participated in the final round Ekaterinburg, Ural Federal University, Russia during June 2014.
- CSI Student Branch bagged 'Best Student Branch Award' consecutively for 3 years (2011-2014) in the entire AP and Karnataka region(Region-V)
- In house development of software for student feedback, Result analysis, Attendance, website design etc.
- Mr.Anudeep, former student of CSE branch(2010-14) secured a job in Google with a pay package of 1.44 crores+ perks.

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# Department Profile

Department was started with UG programme in 2001 with an intake of 60, and subsequently enhanced to 90 in 2003 and to 120 in 2005 and to 180 in 2014. PG programme (M.Tech) in Communication Systems with an intake of 18 has been sanctioned from the academic year 2011-2012. The Department was accredited by NBA.

# FACULTY:

A team of highly qualified faculty members, comprises of 38 staff members with 3 Professors, 3 Associate Professors and 32 Asst. Professors, One Instrumentation Engineer, 1 senior technician and 3 Technicians. There are 7 Ph.D holders in the department and 13 faculty are pursuing Ph.D

**<u>Research Center</u>:** The department is recognized as Research Center by Andhra University and currently there are 12 Ph.D scholars guided by the faculty of the department. <u>**MOU**:</u> The Memorandum Of Undestanding (MOU) is executed between M/S Avantel Limited, incorporated under the laws of Indian Companies Act, 1956, having its registered office at plot no.47/P,APIIC Industrial Park, Gambheeram(V), Anandapuram (M), Visakhapatnam-531163, who is specialist in Defense Electronics, Satellite Communication technologies and Embedded Systems,and Anil Neerukonda Institute Of Technology & Sciences, Affiliated to Andhra University and Accredited by NBA, Sangivalasa-531162, Bheemunipatnam Mandal, Visakhapatnam , effective from Nov 2016 for three years. The Memorandum Of Undestanding (MOU) is executed between M/S Effetronics Pvt Limited , Vijayawada and the department of ECE, ANITS, for 3 years, effective from 2017. **Library and Internet Facility:** Department has an exclusive Departmental library with around 700 Volumes and consisting of E-Learning resources like NPTEL. Department is provided with internet facility with 4 Mbps speed.

**LABS & ICT Class Rooms:** The Department has well equipped 8 labs like DSP/VHDL Lab, Microprocessors and Applications Lab, Communication Lab, Electronic Devices and Circuits Lab-1, Electronic Devices and Circuits Lab-2, Microwave and Antennas lab, Project lab and Simulation Lab. The department has a Seminar hall with Projector facility and there are 5 lecture rooms with Projector facility.

<u>CLUBS</u>: To encourage the extra-curricular activities of the students and to make them think out of box, the department of ECE has active student cum faculty clubs like Creativity & Innovations Club, Higher Education Club, Green Club, Wall magazine Club, Yoga Club, Sports Club and Cultural Club.

# Department Activities in the academic year 2017-18 for the benefit of students:

1) Workshops conducted: 06

- 2) Techfest : 01
- 3) Guest Lecture : 02
- 4) Circuit Design Competition and Poster Presentation Competition : 01
- 5) Industrial Visit : 01
- 6) Faculty Development Programs : 02
- 7) Alumni Interaction : 02

8) Parent- Teacher Interaction Programs : 02

9) Industry Interaction Program : 01

Student Activities in the academic year 2017-18: The students are encouraged to take active part in cultural programs, technical student events, seminars, workshops and sports. As a result the students are doing well in semester examinations and campus interviews. • The hardware models by the students have won many prizes and appreciation in the contests at JNTUK, DST & Texas Instruments Inc. India Innovation Challenge Design Contest 2017 etc.

• Our students have grabbed many Gold & Silver medals, prizes in different sports at AU Intercollegiate competitions.

• Many students have achieved good scores in exams like Gate, CAT, IELTS, TOFEL, GRE, MAT etc.

• Few students have got Dr. B R Ambedkar Merit Scholarship and AP State Govt. Pratibha Award.

• Some of the students have undergone work training at DRDO, Ahamednagar, Visakhapatnam Steel plant etc.

181 students of the department have attended different workshops and presented technical papers at IIT Madras, IIT Bombay and different other reputed colleges.
Some of the students have cracked the solution for IBM Research challenge.

# DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

# **VISION**

To become a centre of excellence in Education and Research and produce high quality engineers in the field of Electronics and Communication Engineering toface the challenges of future technology changes.

# **MISSION**

To achieve vision department will

Transform students into valuable resources for industry and society by imparting contemporary technical education.

Develop interpersonal skills and leadership qualities among students by creating an ambience of academic integrity to participate in various professional activities

Create a suitable academic environment to promote research attitude among students.

# **PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)**

PEO1: Graduates excel in their career in the domains of Electronics, Communication and Information Technology

*PEO2:* Graduates will practice professional ethics and excel in professional career through interpersonal skills and leadership qualities

*PEO3:* Graduates demonstrate passion for competence in higher education, research and participate in various professional activities

# **PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)**

- PO-1 *Engineering knowledge:* Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization for the solution of complex engineering problems.
- PO-2 **Problem analysis:** Identify, formulate, research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
- PO-3 **Design/development of solutions:** Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs.
- PO-4 *Conduct investigations of complex problems:* An ability to design and conduct scientific and engineering experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data to provide valid conclusions
- PO-5 *Modern tool usage:* Ability to apply appropriate techniques, modern engineering and IT tools, to engineering problems.
- PO-6 **The engineer and society:** An ability to apply reasoning to assess societal, safety, health and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice
- PO-7 *Environment and sustainability:* An ability to understand the impact of professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts
- PO-8 *Ethics:* Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
- PO-9 *Individual and team work:* Ability to function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in a team, and in multidisciplinary tasks.
- PO-10 *Communication:* Ability to communicate effectively on engineering activities with the engineering community such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations.
- PO-11 **Project management and finance:** An ability to apply knowledge, skills, tools, and techniques to project activities to meet the project requirements with the aim of managing project resources properly and achieving the project's objectives.
- PO-12 *Life-long learning:* Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

# **PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)**

- *PSO1:* Design and Implement several signal & Image processing techniques using modern tools for various applications
- PSO2: Design and analyze several communication systems
- *PSO3:* Design and develop electronic and embedded systems for a given application

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS

# ACADEMIC REGULATIONS FOR B.TECH PROGRAMME UNDER AUTONOMOUS STATUS W.E.F. THE ADMITTED BATCH OF 2015-16

# I. Admissions:

Admissions into first year of B.Tech.Programme and admissions into second year (lateral entry) of B.Tech.Programme of the Institute will be as per the norms stipulated by Andhra University & Andhra Pradesh State Council for Higher Education (APSCHE), Govt. of Andhra Pradesh. The academic regulations of Autonomous status mentioned herewith will be applicable from 2016-17 in case of Lateral Entry admissions.

# II. **<u>ProgrammesOffered</u>**:

The following are the B.Tech. Programmesoffered by the Institute.

- 1 Chemical Engineering
- 2 Civil Engineering
- 3 Computer Science & Engineering
- 4 Electrical & Electronics Engineering
- 5 Electronics & Communication Engineering
- 6 Information Technology
- 7 Mechanical Engineering

# III. Structure of the B. Tech. Programme:

The programme of instruction will consist of Humanities, Basic Sciences, Engineering Sciences and Technology. The complete programme is distributed over eight semesters with two semesters per academic year. Every branch of B.Techprogramme will have a curriculum and syllabi for the courses recommended by the Board of Studies and approved by the Academic Council. The academic programmes of the Institute follow the credit system. The curriculum of B.Techprogramme is designed to have a total of about 189 credits of which a student should acquire a minimum of 180 credits to get the degree awarded. If a student earns all the total credits, then the best 180 credits are

considered to determine the final CGPA. The lateral entrants shall have a total of about 146 credits of which one should acquire a minimum of 137 credits to get the degree awarded. If a student takes all the credits, then the best 137 credits are considered to determine the final CGPA. However, the credits which a student can forego will be in accordance with the mandatory courses and electives offered by the individual departments.

# IV. Duration of the Programme:

The duration of the programme is four academic years consisting of two semesters in each academic year. A student is permitted to complete the programme in a stipulated time frame of 8 consecutive academic years from the date of initial admission. Students joining the programme in the  $2^{nd}$  year through lateral entry scheme shall have to complete the programme in a stipulated time frame of 6 consecutive academic years from the date of initial admission.

# V. Medium of Instruction:

The medium of instruction and examination is English.

# VI. Minimum Instruction Days:

Each semester normally consists of a minimum of 16 weeks of instruction.

# VII. Academic Calendar:

The dates of all important events, such as commencement of class work, examinations, vacations, etc., during the academic year will be specified in the Academic Calendar of the Institute, as approved by the Academic Council.

# VIII. <u>Examinations & Evaluation Process</u>:

The performance of a student in each semester shall be evaluated subject-wise with a maximum of 100 marks each for theory and practical/drawing subjects.

# (A) Theory Course:

For all lecture based theory courses, the assessment shall be for 40 marks through internal evaluation and 60 marks through external semester-end examination of three hours duration except for the subjects with 100% internal assessment in which case an internal examination will be conducted for 60 marks along with the semester-end examinations.

# i) Internal evaluation:

The sessional marks shall be awarded through internal evaluation by the teachers concerned based on the continuous assessment which includes class tests, quiz, viva-voce, assignments, student regularity, two mid-examinations etc., according to a scheme notified by the department at the beginning of the semester.

Out of the 40 internal evaluation marks, 20 marks are assigned for 2 internal-mid exams, 10 marks for assignments, 5 marks for projects/ case studies /quiz/tests and 5 marks for attendance. The average of 2 internal-mid exams is considered for the 20 marks allocated.

Under any circumstances, no re-examination shall be conducted for the internal mid examinations.

# ii) External evaluation:

The question paper shall be set externally and the answer scripts are valued through a double valuation system.

The average of the two valuations will be taken for the award of marks. In case, the difference of the marks obtained in the two valuations is more than 20%, then a third examiner shall value the script. Out of the three valuations, the average of marks obtained in third valuation and the marks obtained nearer to third valuation out of first two valuations shall be considered. No revaluation for any subject/course shall be entertained as already double valuation system is in existence. However, recounting is allowed on the request of the candidate on payment of specified fee. Challenge valuation shall also be entertained on payment of specified fee.

# (B) Laboratory Course:

Each student will perform about 10 to 12 experiments in each laboratory course. Laboratory course will be evaluated for 100 marks, out of which 50 marks are for external examination and 50 marks are for internal evaluation. The internal marks are awarded based on continuous assessment, record work, internal lab examination and student regularity. The external examination will be conducted by two examiners, one of them being laboratory class teacher as internal examiner (nominated by the Principal on recommendation of HOD) and an external examiner nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by the HOD.

A candidate shall be declared to have passed any theory subject/course if he secures not less than 40% in external theory examination and also a minimum of 40% of total marks of that course which assures a minimum of 'E' grade.

A candidate shall be declared to have passed any practical course if he secures not less than 50% in external laboratory examination and also a minimum of 50% of total marks of that course which assures a minimum of 'D' grade.

Only in the case of quantitative and verbal aptitude -I & II, if a candidate fails he is given an opportunity to improve to pass grade (E) irrespective of the score he gets over and above pass mark in the reexamination within one month on payment of special examination fee.

Any student appearing for the semester-end practical examination is eligible only if he submits the bonafide record certified by the laboratory class teacher and the HOD.

# (C)Project Work:

The project work is evaluated for 300 marks out of which 100 through internal assessment in the IV Year I semester through continuous assessment followed by final evaluation by a committee nominated by the HOD. For the 200 marks in IV year II semester, assessment is done for 100 marks internally and for the remaining 100 marks by the committee consisting of at least one external expert nominated by the Principal.

If a student fails in the fourth year first semester project he has to appear for reassessment within one month for which he has to pay the reexamination fee.

# (D) Industrial Training:

The industrial training is assessed internally for 100 marks by an internal evaluation committee constituted by the HOD.

# (E) Supplementary Exam:

There will be supplementary examination for the programme such that for odd semester courses the supplementary exams will be conducted during summer vacation and for the even semester courses, the supplementary exams will be conducted during the winter vacation.

# IX. <u>Attendance Regulations</u>:

Attendance of a student is computed by considering total number of periods conducted in all courses as the denominator and the total number of periods actually attended by the student in all courses, as the numerator. It is desirable for a student to put in 100% attendance in all the subjects. However, a candidate shall be permitted to appear for the semester end examination provided he maintains a minimum of 75% overall attendance in the semester.

The shortage of attendance on medical grounds can be condoned up to a maximum of 9% provided the student puts in at least 66% attendance and provided the Principal is satisfied with the genuineness of the reasons. The Medical Certificates are to be submitted to the Head of the Department when the candidate reports to the classes immediately after the absence. Certificates submitted afterwards shall not be entertained. Condonation fee as fixed by the college for those who put in attendance between  $\geq 66\%$  and <75% shall be charged before the semester-end examinations.

In the case of students who participate in co-curricular, extra-curricular activities like student seminars, N.S.S, N.C.C, Inter-collegiate tournaments and any such other activities involving the representation of the Institute, with the prior approval of the

Principal, the candidate may be deemed to have attended the classes during the actual period of such activity, solely for the purpose of attendance.

A student, who could not satisfy the minimum attendance requirement of 66% in any semester, shall be declared 'Detained'. He is not eligible to appear for the semester end examinations. He will not be promoted to the next semester and shall have to repeat that semester with the next batch(es) of students. Such students who are detained and seek readmission, should submit an undertaking/a declaration that they will abide by the regulations existing at the time of readmission.

# X.Minimum Academic Requirements:

The following academic requirements have to be satisfied in addition to the attendance requirements mentioned in item No. IX.

- A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each theory subject if only he secures not less than 40% marks in the semester-end examination and a minimum of 40% marks in the sum of the internal evaluation and semester-end examination taken together. In the labs/projects, the student should secure a minimum of 50% marks in the external examination and a minimum of 50% marks in the sum of internal evaluation and external examination evaluation taken together.
- A student will be promoted to the next semester, if only he satisfies the minimum attendance requirement.
- A student shall be promoted from II Year to III Year only if he fulfills the academic requirement of total 50 % of all credits from regular and supplementary examinations of I Year and II Year I Semester { i.e., total 3 semesters} examinations, irrespective of whether the candidate takes the examination in all the subjects or not.
- A student shall be promoted from III Year to IV Year only if he fulfills the academic requirements of total 50% of credits from regular and supplementary examinations of I Year, II Year and III Year- I Semester {i.e., total 5 semesters}, irrespective of whether the candidate takes the examinations in all the subjects or not.

- For lateral entry students, there is no credit based restriction for promotion from II year to III year. But a lateral entry student shall be promoted from III year to IV year only if he fulfills the academic requirements of total 50% of credits from regular and supplementary examinations of II year and III year- I Semester {i.e., total 3 semesters} irrespective of whether the candidate takes the examinations in all the subjects or not.
- Students, who fail to complete their B.Tech. Programme within eight academic years from the year of their admission or fail to acquire the credits stipulated for the programme shall forfeit their seat in B.Tech. Programme and their admission shall stand cancelled. For lateral entry students they have to complete the programme in six years from their year of admission.

# XI. <u>Award of Grades:</u>

The absolute grading system is adopted as follows:

S.No.	Range of Marks {%}	Grade	Description	Grade Points
1	90-100	0	Outstanding	10
2	80-89	А	Excellent	9
3	70-79	В	Very Good	8
4	60-69	С	Good	7
5	50-59	D	Fair	6
6	40-49	Е	Satisfactory	5
7	39 and below.	F	Fail	0
8	The grade 'I' represents absent (subsequently changed into pass or higher grades.)	Ι	Absent	0

# Note: Minimum grade to pass in a laboratory course is 'D'.

The performance of a student at the end of the each semester is indicated in terms of Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA). The SGPA is calculated as below:

 $\Sigma$  (Credits of a course x Grade points awarded for a course)

 $\Sigma$  (Credits of a course)

SGPA is calculated for the candidates who have passed in all the courses in that semester.

Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) will be calculated from II semester onwards up to the final semester and its calculation is similar to that of SGPA, considering all the courses offered from the first semester onwards.

CGPA is calculated for those who clear all the courses in all the previous semesters.

# XII. Award of Class:

SGPA =

For award of class, a total of best 180 credits are considered in case of four year programme and best 137 credits in case of lateral entry admitted students. A candidate, who becomes eligible for the award of B.Tech.Degree, shall be placed in one of the following classes.

S.No.	Class	CGPA
1	First Class with Distinction	7.5 or more*
2	First Class	6.5 or more but less than 7.5
3	Second Class/Pass	5.0 or more but less than 6.5

\*First class with Distinction will be awarded only to those students who clear all the subjects of the program in first attempt of regular examinations.

The CGPA can be converted to aggregate percentage by multiplying CGPA with 10, in case of requirement by any other university or for any other purpose.

# XIII. Eligibility for Award of B.Tech. Degree:

A student shall be eligible for the award of the B.Tech degree if he fulfills all the following conditions:

- 1) Registered and successfully completed all the components prescribed for eligibility in the Programme of study to which he/she is admitted within the stipulated period,
- 2) Obtained CGPA greater than or equal to 5.0 (Minimum requirement for Pass),
- 3) No disciplinary action is pending against him/her and
- 4) Has no dues to the Institute including hostels.

# XIV. Malpractices:

The Controller of Examinations/Dean of Examinations shall refer the cases of suspected malpractices in mid examinations and semester-end examinations to Malpractice Enquiry Committee constituted by the Institute. Such committee shall follow the approved scales of punishment. The Principal shall take necessary action against the erring students based on the recommendations of the committee.

# XV. <u>Amendments To Regulations:</u>

The Institute may, from time to time, revise, amend, or change the Regulations, Schemes of Examinations, and / or Syllabi and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all the students with effect from the dates notified by the Institute.

# XVI. <u>General:</u>

(i) Where the words 'he', 'him', 'his', occur in the regulations, they include 'she', 'her', 'hers'.

(ii) The academic regulation should be read as a whole for the purpose of any interpretation.

(iii) In case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Principal is final.

CURRICULUM

		Inst	ructi	ion pe week		s per	Max m	arks	Credit
Code	Subject name	Cat	L	Т	Р	Tota l	Session al	End mark s	S
ECE111	English	HS	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE112	Engineering Mathematics I	BS	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE113	Engineering Chemistry	BS	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE114	Professional Ethics & Human Values	HS	2	1	-	3	100	-	2
ECE115	Engineering Physics	BS	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE116	Engineering Chemistry lab	BS	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
ECE117	Programming with C Lab	ES	2	-	3	5	50	50	3
ECEAC 1	NCC/ NSS/ Sports	AC	-	-	3	3	-	-	-
Total			16	5	9	30	360	340	19

# Course Structure - B.Tech 4 Year Degree Course

# **First Year I - Semester**

# First Year II - Semester

	Subject name	Ins	truct	ion p wee	eriod k	s per	Max marks		Credit	
Code		Ca t	L	Т	Р	Tota l	Session al	End mark s	s	
ECE121	Engineering Mathematics II	BS	3	1	-	4	40	60	3	
ECE122	Applied Physics	BS	3	1	-	4	40	60	3	
ECE123	<b>Environmental Science</b>	BS	3	1	-	4	40	60	3	
ECE124	Engineering Drawing	ES	1	-	3	4	40	60	3	
ECE125	Basic Electronics Engineering	ES	3	1	_	4	40	60	3	
ECE126	Engineering Physics lab	BS	-	-	3	3	50	50	2	
ECE127	Language Lab	HS	-	-	3	3	50	50	2	
ECE128	Object Oriented Programming with C++ Lab	ES	2	-	3	5	50	50	3	
ECE129	Workshop	ES	-	-	3	3	50	50	2	
ECEAC 2	NCC/ NSS/ Sports	AC	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	
	Total		15	4	18	37	400	500	24	

	Subject name	Inst		on po weel		s per	Max m	arks	- Credit
Code		Cat	L	Т	Р	Tota l	Session al	End mark s	s
ECE211	Engineering Mathematics-III	BS	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE212	Electrical Machines	ES	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE213	Data structures	ES	3	1	I	4	40	60	3
ECE214	Signals and Systems	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE215	Network analysis and synthesis	ES	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE216	Electronic Circuits and Analysis-I	PC	4	1	I	5	40	60	4
ECE217	Electronic Circuits and Analysis-I Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
ECE218	Network & Electrical Machines Laboratory	ES	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
	Total		19	6	6	31	340	460	23

Second Year I - Semester

# Second Year II - Semester

	Subject name	Ins	tructi	ion pe week		s per	Max m	arks	Credit
Code		Cat	L	Т	Р	Tota l	Session al	End mark s	S
ECE221	Engineering Mathematics –IV	BS	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE222	Electronic Circuits and Analysis-II	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE223	Digital Electronics	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE224	Probability Theory & Random Processes	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE225	Electromagnetic Field Theory & Transmission Lines	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE226	Control Systems	ES	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE227	Electronic Circuits and Analysis-II Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
ECE228	Simulation Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
	Massive Open Online Course (MOOC)	AC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total		18	6	6	30	340	460	22

		Transform	4			<b>XX</b> 71-	M M	l	
		Instru	uction	i perio	ds per	·Week	Max Ma		
Code	Subject name	Cat	L	Т	Р	Total	Sessional	End marks	Credits
ECE 311	Open Elective- I	OE	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE 312	Communication Systems Engineering	PC	4	1	-	5	40	60	4
ECE 313	Microprocessors and Applications	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE 314	Computer Architecture & Organization	ES	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE 315	Integrated circuits and Applications	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE 316	Antennas & Wave Propagation	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE 317	Microprocessors & Applications Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
ECE 318	IC Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
ECE 319	Quantitative Aptitude & Verbal Aptitude-I	HS	4	-	-	4	100	-	2
	Total		23	6	6	35	440	460	25

# Third Year I –Semester

Open Elective- I: (for ECE, offered by other departments) Refer Annexure-I

Third Year II –Semester

Code	Subject name	Inst	truct	ion j We	period ek	ls per	Max marks		
Couc		Cat	L	Т	Р	Total	Sessional	End marks	Credits
ECE 321	Microwave & Radar Engineering	PC	3	1	_	4	40	60	3
ECE 322	Digital Signal Processing	PC	4	1	-	5	40	60	4
ECE 323	Microcontrollers & Embedded Systems	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE 324	Professional Elective-I	PE	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE 325	Digital Communications	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE 326	Communication Systems Engineering Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
ECE 327	Microcontrollers & Embedded Systems Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
ECE 328	Soft Skills Laboratory	HS	-	-	3	3	100	-	2
ECE 329	Quantitative Aptitude & Verbal Aptitude-II	HS	4	-	-	4	100	-	2
	Total		20	5	9	34	500	400	24

Professional Elective-I

1. Analog IC Design

3. Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation Networks

 $2.\ EMI \,/\, EMC$ 

4. Telecommunications and switching

Industrial Training during summer vacation after Third Year II –Semester. But its grade will be accorded with the 4-1 courses of the program

	Subject name	Inst	tructi	ion j wee		ls per	Max m	Credit	
Code		Ca t	L	Т	Р	Tota l	Sessiona l	End mark s	S
ECE411	Engineering Economics and Management	HS	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE412	Computer Network Engineering	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE413	Open Elective-II	OE	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE414	Professional Elective -II	PE	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE415	VLSI Design	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE416	Elective Lab	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
ECE417	Digital Communications Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
ECE418	Industrial Training Seminar	IT	-	2	2	4	100	-	4
ECE419	Project Phase – I	P W	-	-	8	8	100	-	4
	Total		15	7	16	38	500	400	27
Professional Elective-II Open Elective-II: (for ECE, offered other Elective Lab									

# Fourth Year I - Semester

Digital 1. Advanced Signal Processing

departments) Project management 1.

1. VLSI

Signal and image 2. processing

- 2. Radar Signal Processing 3. Digital IC design using HDL
- 4. Digital Image Processing
- 2. Industrial Safety and Hazards Management
- 3. 3. IT infrastructure and management
- 4. Multimedia concepts 5.E-Governance 4. Antenna Design
- 7. Power Electronics 6. Robotics

3.	Virtual
	instrumentation
4	Antonno Docion

Code	Subject name	Inst		on p wee		ls per	Max n	Credit	
Coue		Cat	L	Т	Р	Total	Session al	End marks	S
ECE421	Cellular and Mobile Communications	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE422	Professional Elective-III	PE	4	1	-	5	40	60	4
ECE423	Professional Elective-IV	PE	4	1	-	5	40	60	4
ECE424	Microwave Engineering Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
ECE425	Project Phase - II & Dissertation	PW	-	-	16	16	100	100	8
ECE426	Massive Open Online Course (MOOC)	OE	-	-	-	-	100	-	2
	Total		11	3	19	33	270	330	23

# **Fourth Year II - Semester**

# **Professional Elective-III**

- 1. Phased array systems
- 2. Bio-medical Instrumentation
- 3. Optical communications
- 4. Embedded and Real Time Systems

# **Professional Elective-IV**

- 1. Satellite Communications & GPS
- 2. VLSI Signal processing
- 3. Wireless sensor networks
- 4. Cognitive Radio Networks

# FIRST YEAR SYLLABI

# **I-Semester**

&

**II-Semester** 

#### ENGLISH

#### (Common for all branches)

ECE III	Creatts:5
Instruction : 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week Sessional Mar	ks :40
End .Exam :3 Hours End-Exam-Ma	rks:60

# **Course Objectives:**

ECE 111

- > To improve the language proficiency of the students in English with emphasis on Reading and Writing skills.
- > To enable the students to study engineering subjects with greater comprehension & cognizance.
- $\succ$  To strengthen the vocabulary of the students.
- > To enable the students to write grammatically correct structures with logical flow.
- > To equip the students with the knowledge of different formats of business communication.

# **Course Outcomes:**

By the end of the course, the student will be able to:	
1.	Analyze the structure of the phrases, clauses and sentences
2.	Apply his enriched vocabulary to give better shape to his communication skills.
3.	Effectively use different formats of business correspondence.
4.	Use idiomatic expressions and foreign phrases in his communication.
5.	Use correct structures to write sentences.

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### **UNIT I**

Vocabulary: One Word Substitutes

Grammar:Noun : Noun Phrase, Gerunds

Writing Skills: 1) Formal Letter writing - format, style of letter writing and types of letters --complaint, enquiry, requesting quotations, invitation, regret and acceptance.

2) Story Building-Developing a story from the key words, giving a title and describing learning outcomes.

# UNIT II

Vocabulary: Foreign phrases or expressions

Grammar: Adjectives : Quantifiers, qualifiers, determiners, nouns as adjectives, verbs as adjectives, adjective phrases

Writing Skills: 1. Technical Report writing – Formal reports and types: Informational reports,

Analytical reports and Recommendation reports--- Status, feasibility, progress, incident and project. 2. Essay writing.

10 Periods

10 Periods

Cus dita. 2

# UNIT III

Vocabulary: Idiomatic expressions- meaning and usage.
Grammar: Articles (concept and function; definite ,indefinite and omission of articles)
Writing Skills: 1. Preparation of C.V. and Resume-format, style purpose and objective.
2. Précis- writing technique with suitable title.

# UNIT IV

**Vocabulary:** Phrasal Verbs derived from the following dynamic verbs: Go, Get, Run, Take, Look, Put, Hold, Stand etc.

Grammar: Prepositions or prepositional phrases

**Writing Skills:** 1. Reading comprehension – questions based on facts, interpretation, logical deduction, vocabulary.

2. E-mail etiquette- format, style and language

# UNIT V

Vocabulary: Synonyms and Antonyms (From the prescribed text only)

**Grammar:** Pronouns: Kinds of pronouns, relative pronouns – who and whom, whose, which Verbs - Aspects, moods, tenses, direct and indirect speech (active and passive voice), concord, Infinites and verb participles, verb phrase, Conditionals – probable, improbable, impossible, If-clause, Correction of sentences

# TEXT BOOK:

Life through language Pearson Publication Delhi

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. GJ.K. GangalA Practical Course for Developing Writing Skill in EnglishPHI

2. Mark Lester and Larry Beason Handbook of English Grammar & Usage Tata McGraw Hill.

3. S.M.Gupta Current English Grammar And Usage PHI

4. Dr. P. Prasad, Rajendra K SharmaThe Functional Aspects of Communication SkillsKatson Books

- 5. AbulHashem Common errors in English Ramesh Publishing House
- 6. M. Ashraf Rizvi Effective Technical Communication Tata Mc-Graw Hill

7. Edgar Thorpe & Showick Thorpe Objective English Pearson

# 10 Periods

9 Periods

9 Periods

# **ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-I**

(Common for all branches)

ECE 112	Credits :3
Instruction : 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks :40
End .Exam :3 Hours	End-Exam-Marks:60

#### **Course Objective:**

- > To impart knowledge in basic concepts of functions of several variables and their applications like maxima & minima.
- > To enable the students to study the concepts of Fourier series.
- > To enable the students to study the concepts of three dimensional figures like sphere, cone cylinder and conicoids.
- > To equip the students with the knowledge of multiple integrals and their applications.
- > To introduce the concepts of improper integrals like beta, gamma & error functions.

# **Course Outcomes:**

By t	he end of the course, student will be able to:
1.	Familiarize with functions of several variables
2.	Apply Fourier series in solving boundary value problems
3.	Applythe concept of three dimensional analytical geometry
4.	Use mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integral and their usage.
5.	Use the concepts of improper integrals, Gamma, Beta and Error functions which are needed in Engineering applications

# **SYLLABUS**

# UNIT I

# **Partial Differentiation:**

Function of two or more variables – Partial Derivatives – which variable is to be treated as constant – Homogeneous functions - Euler's theorem - Total Derivative - Change of Variables .Jacobians - Taylor's theorem for functions of two variables – Maxima and Minima functions of two variables.

# UNITII

# Fourier series:

Introduction - Euler's formula - conditions for a Fourier expansion - Functions having points of Discontinuity - Change of interval - Even and Odd functions - Half range series-Parseval's formula.

# 12 Periods

# 12 Periods

#### 12 Periods

**Three Dimensional Analytical Geometry**: Equation of a sphere – Plane section of a sphere – Tangent Plane - Equation of a cone – Right circular cone – Equation of a cylinder –

Right circular cylinder.

# UNITIV

14 Periods

10 Periods

**Multiple Integrals:** Double integrals – Change of order of integration – Double integral in polar coordinates – Area enclosed by plane curves – Triple Integrals. Volume of Solids- Change of Variables-Area of curved surfaces, Calculation of mass.

# UNIT V

Beta and Gamma functions –results and problems, error function.

Beta & Gamma functions :Beta function – Gamma function relation between

# **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Dr. B.S. Grewal, Higher *Engineering Mathematics*43<sup>rd</sup> edition, Khanna Publishers, New Dehli.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. N.P. Bali, Dr. Ashok Saxena, Dr.N.Ch.S. Narayana, *A Text book on Engineering Mathematics*Laxmi pub.(p)Ltd. New Dehli
- 2. H.K.Dass, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, S.chand and company Ltd
- 3. Dr.M.K. Venkataraman, Higher Engineering Mathematics National Pub.Co.Madras.
- 4. Erwin kreyszig. Advanced Engineering Mathematics John Wiley and sons Newyork

# UNIT III

# **ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

# (Common for all branches)

ECE 113	Credits :3
Instruction : 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks :40
End .Exam :3 Hours	End-Exam-Marks:60

# **Course Objectives:**

- To provide knowledge on problems associated with impure water and various water treatment technologies
- > To provide an understanding on materials and their preparation techniques.
- To provide basic knowledge on conventional energy resources, developments in batteries and fuel cells
- To understand the corrosion of metals, various methods to prevent and control of corrosion
- To create awareness on advanced concepts like nano materials, green chemistry and eco-friendly technologies for future development

# **Course Outcomes:**

By end of the course, student will be able to:	
1.	Adopt suitable technologies for domestic and industrial water
2.	Able to distinguish different material properties to be used in the semiconductor electronic devices.
3.	Design suitable batteries for different applications.
4.	Select and design of suitable material to prevent corrosion and protecting metals from corrosion.
5.	Develop green technologies for industrial processes.
6.	solve scientific problems related to various engineering works

# UNIT I

SYLLABUS

10 Periods

**Water Chemistry**: Impurities in water, Hardness of water - units and calcium carbonate equivalents, -estimation of hardness (EDTA method) - disadvantages of hard water, boiler troubles- Scale & Sludge formation - prevention- Internal treatment - (Phosphate, Carbonate and Calgon conditioning) - Caustic embrittlement

**Water treatment techniques**: Softening of water -lime-soda process -numerical problems on LS process -Zeolite, -ion exchange methods, Desalination of water – Reverse osmosis and Eelectrodialysis, Municipal water treatment - Screening, sedimentation, coagulation, Sterilization-Chlorination-Break Point chlorination.

# 10 Periods

10 Periods

# **Solid State Chemistry:** Classification of Solids, Band theory of solids. Chemistry of Semiconductors – Intrinsic, extrinsic, compound and defect semiconductors, Organic semiconductors, Purification and preparation of Semiconductor by zone refining – Single crystal growth(Czochralski method) – epitaxial growth. Liquid crystals, LCD, LED and OLED.

**Ceramic Materials:** Cement-Manufacture of Portland cement - Setting and hardening of cement - Cement concrete - RCC, Refractories - Classification - properties, Ceramics and its Engineering applications.

# UNIT III

**Thermal Energy:** Fuel –types of fuels -Calorific value and its determination (Bomb calorimeter method) Coal- Ranking of coal - analysis (proximate and ultimate) – COKE – Manufacture (Otto Hoffmann's process). Petroleum – refining of Crude oil; Synthetic petrol – Fisher - Tropsch and Bergius methods, Knocking in Petrol and Diesel engine – Octane number - Cetane number, LPG and CNG.

**Chemical Energy:** Electrode potential, electro chemical series – Reference electrodes – SHE, Calomel electrode – Galvanic cells – primary cells (Dry cell) secondary cells (Lead acid, Ni-Cd, Li ion batteries)  $H_2$ - $O_2$ fuel cells.

Solar Energy: Construction and Working of Photovoltaic cell

# UNIT IV

**Corrosion Chemistry:** Origin and theories of corrosion – Types of corrosion -Galvanic corrosion, concentration cell corrosion, pitting corrosion, stress corrosion, inter granular corrosion; Factors affecting corrosion – Corrosion

**Prevention & Control of Corrosion:**Cathodic protection; Corrosion inhibitors; Protective coatings – Galvanization & Tinning –Anodized coatings - paints & special paints

# UNIT V

Nanochemistry: Introduction, growth of nanoparticles (Sol-gel process), Fullerenes and Carbon nanotubes

Green chemistry: Principles of Green chemistry, Alternative Solvents used in green synthesis.

**Lubricants:** Concept of Tribology -MEChanism of lubrication- Blended oils - properties of lubricating oils -Viscosity Index -Fire & Flash Point -Cloud &Pour Point -Aniline point.

**High Polymers & Composites-** Basic concepts of Polymers, Effect of polymer structure on properties. Plastics-Thermoplastic and Thermosetting resins, Composites -types- Fiber Reinforced Plastics -Particulate composites -Layer composites, engineering applications of composites.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

1. P.C. Jain and M. Jain Engineering Chemistry 16th edition - DhanapathiRai& Sons, Delhi

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. S.S. DaraA text book of Engineering Chemistry 15 the edition, S. Chand & Co. New Delhi
- 2. O.G.Palanna Engineering Chemistry Tata Mcgraw Hill Education pvt ltd, New Delhi.
- 3. B.K. Sharma Engineering Chemistry Krishna Prakashan Meerut
- 4. A.K.BandopadhayayNanomaterials new age international publishers.
- 5. V.K. AhluvaliaGreen solvents for organic synthesisNarosa publications.

# UNITII

# 08 Periods

# 10 Periods

# PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND HUMAN VALUES

#### (Common for All Branches)

ECE114	Credits :3
Instruction: 2 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks :40
End .Exam :3 Hours	End-Exam-Marks:60

# **Course Objective:**

- (i) To understand moral values and their significance.
- (ii) To draw inspiration for imbibing moral values
- (iii) To understand professional ethics and obligations
- (iv) To know the code of ethics of relevant Professional societies

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By end of the course, student will be able to:	
1.	Understand the right code of conduct.
2.	Assess his/her roles as a proactive member of the society
3.	Solve moral dilemmas and issues
4.	Implement Code of ethics of relevant Professional societies

#### SYLLABUS

# **UNITI Introduction**

Philosophical basis for human values- Human values as enshrined in the Gita, Bible and khoran; Religion- Values propounded in various religions- Need for Religious harmony

# **UNIT II: Human Values: Inspiration**

Inspiration for human values- Mahatma Gandhi, Dr.SarvepalliRadha Krishnan, Swami Vivekananda, Rabindranath Tagore, Mother Theresa- Benefits of Human values- Harmony between Self-interest and human values

# **UNIT III: Basics of Professional Ethics**

Ethical Human Conduct – based on acceptance of basic human values; Humanistic Constitution and Endersal human order – skills, sincerity and fidelity; Scope and characteristics of people-frily and eco-frily production system, Technologies and management systems.

# **UNIT IV: Professional Ethics in practice**

Profession and Professionalism – Professional Accountability, Roles of a professional, Ethics and image of profession; Engineering Profession and Ethics - Technology and society, Ethical obligations of Engineering professionals, Roles of Engineers in industry, society, nation and the world;

Professional Responsibilities - Collegiality, Loyalty, Confidentiality, Conflict of Interest, Whistle Blowing

# UNIT V: Indian Constitution, Code of Ethics and Global Issues

Indian Constitution: Fundamental Rights and duties, Freedom, Equality, Fraternity, Justice, Directive principles of state policy. Sample code of Ethics by Professional Societies such as ASME, ASCE, IMEC, IETE, Institution of Engineers (India), Indian Institute of Materials Management etc.

Multinational corporations - Environmental ethics - computer ethics - weapons development - engineers as managers-consulting engineers-engineers as expert witnesses and advisors -moral leadership.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. K.R. Govindan and S.SenthilKumar*Professional Ethics & Human Values*Anuradha Publications.
- 2. Mike Martin and Roland Schinzinger*Ethics in Engineering*3<sup>rd</sup> edition, McGraw Hill. New York (2012).

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. R. Subramanian Professional Ethics Oxford Endersity Press.
- 2. A.N. TripathyHuman values 2003, New Age International Publishers
- 3. S.B. Srivasthva*Professional Ethics & Human Values* SciTech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 4. Prof. D.R. Kiran Professional Ethics & Human Values TATA McGraw Hill Education.
- **5.** M. Govindrajran, S Natrajan& V.S. SenthiKumar*Engineering Ethics (including human Values)* Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice hall of India Ltd

# **ENGINERING PHYSICS**

#### (Common for all branches)

ECE115	Credits:3
Instruction : 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks :40
End .Exam :3 Hours	End-Exam-Marks:60

# **Course Objectives:**

- > To impart knowledge in basic concepts of physics relevant to engineering applications
- > To introduce advances in technology for engineering applications

# **Course Outcomes:**

By the	e end of the course, student will be able to:
1.	Design and conduct simple experiments as well as analyse and interpret data in engineering applications
2.	understand advanced topics in engineering
3.	Identify formulae and solve engineering problems
4.	Apply quantum physics to electrical phenomena

# **SYLLABUS**

# UNIT I

# **Thermodynamics:**

Heat and work, first law of thermodynamics and its applications, reversible and irreversible processes, heat engine, Carnot cycle and its efficiency, Carnot's theorem, second law of thermodynamics, entropy – entropy change in reversible and irreversible processes, entropy and second law, entropy and disorder, entropy and probability, third law of thermodynamics

# UNITII

# **Electromagnetism:**

Faraday's law of induction , Lenz's law, Integral and differential forms of Faraday's law , selfinductance, energy stored in electric and magnetic fields, Poynting vector, displacement current, Maxwell's equations in integral form ( no derivation ), wave equation, propagation of electromagnetic waves in free space

**Ultrasonics:** Properties of ultrasonic waves, production of ultrasonic waves by magnetostriction and piezoelectric methods, applications of ultrasonics

### UNITIII

### **Optics**

**Interference:** Introduction, principle of superposition, coherence, Young's double slit experiment, conditions for interference, interference in thin films by reflection, wedge shaped film and Newton's rings

Diffraction: Introduction, Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction, diffraction at a single slit

**Polarisation:** Introduction, types of polarized light, double refraction in uniaxial crystals, Nicol's prism, quarter and half-wave plate, production and detection of plane, circular and elliptically polarized light

### UNITIV

**Lasers:** Introduction, characteristics of a laser beam, spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation, population inversion, Ruby laser, He-Ne laser, semiconductor laser, applications of lasers

**Fibre optics**: Introduction to optical fibers, principle of propagation of light in optical fibers,, acceptance angle and acceptance cone, numerical aperture, types of optical fibers, modes of propagation and refractive index profiles, attenuation in optical fibers, advantages of optical fibers in communications, fiber optics communication system, applications of optical fibers, fiber optic sensors

#### UNIT V

### Quantum Mechanics:

Planck's hypothesis, wave-particle duality, introduction to quantum theory, de-Broglie concept of matter waves, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, Schrodinger's time independent and time dependent wave equations, physical significance and properties of the wave function  $\psi$ , application of Schrodinger wave equation for a particle in one dimensional well – eigenwavefunctions and energy eigen values of the particle

Elements of Statistical Mechanics: Elementary concepts of Maxwell-Boltzman , Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac statistics (no derivation )

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. S.L Gupta and SanjeevGuptaEngineeringphysicsDhanpatRai publications.
- 2. M.N. Avadhanulu&P.G.KshirasagarA text book of engineering physics, S.Chand publication

3. Resnick&HallidayPhysics- Volume II

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1) V. Rajendran Engineering physics McGrawHill Education Private Ltd
- 2) S.O.Pilai ,SivakamiEngineering Physics New Age International Publishers
- 3) Young & Freedman University Physics Pearson Education

### 4) A.Marikani Engineering Physics PHI Learning Private Limited

### ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB

(Common for all branches)

#### Credits: 2

Practical / week : 3	Sessional Marks :50
End Exam:3Hrs,	End Exam. Marks : 50

#### **CourseObjectives:**

- > To provide clear idea over quantitative chemical analysis.
- > To improve skills in analyzing samples through titration procedures.
- > To familiarize with Instrumental methods of analysis for more accuracy.
- > To introduce various methods of analyzing the ore samples.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By en	nd of the course, student will be able to:
1.	Able to identify the suitable method for analyzing samples.
2.	Able to analyze different types of water samples to test quality parameters.
3.	Able to use different types of instruments in estimating the composition of materials in samples related to Soil, Water.

#### List of Experiments (any 10 experiments are to be completed):

- 1. Preparation of standard solution
- 2. Estimation of sodium carbonate present in soda ash.
- 3. Estimation of amount of calcium present in the Portland cement by titrimetrically.
- 4. Estimation of amount of Copper present in the Copper ore by Iodometrically.
- 5. Determination of total Hardness present in the given water sample.
- 6. Estimation of amount of Zinc by titrating with EDTA.
- 7. Determine the strength of acid by titrating with strong base using **pH meter**.
- 8. Estimate the individual strength of acids present in the acid mixture by titrating with strong base using **conductivity meter.**
- 9. Estimate the amount of Mohr's salt present in the given solution by titrating with potassium dichromate using potentiometer.
- 10. Determination of viscosity of the given liquid by Ostwald viscometer.
- 11. Determination of rate constant of acid catalyzed hydrolysis of ester.
- 12. Determination of partition coefficient of iodine distributed between Water and Carbon tetra chloride.

#### Demonstration

13. Estimation of amount of dissolved oxygen (D.O) present in the given water sample.

14. Synthesize the Phenol-Formaldehyde resin.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. S.K. Bhasin and SudhaRani*Laboratory manual on Engineering chemistry*, third edition DhanpatRai Publishing Company.

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. S.S. Dara*Experiments and calculations in Engineering chemistry* 9<sup>th</sup> edition S. Chand& Company ltd.

### **PROGRAMMING WITH C LAB**

(Common for all branches)

Sessional Marks :50

#### ECE 117

Credits:3

1Tut/Week & 3Practical / week

End Exam: 3Hrs,

End Exam. Marks : 50

### **Course objective:**

#### To enable students to

- > Understand the program development steps using compilers.
- Strengthen the problem solving skills using programming techniques.
- Design programs using various control structures.
- > Develop programs using structures, unions and files.

#### **Course outcomes:**

By the end of the course, student will be able to:		
1.	Gain a working knowledge on programming.	
2.	Learn and use the fundamentals of a programming language (such as language-defined data	
	types (int, float, char, double), control constructs (sequence, selection, repetition), program	
	modules (including functions, modules, methods)).	
3.	Exhibit the ability to formulate a program that correctly implements the algorithm.	
4.	Demonstrate the effective use the programming environment used in the course.	

#### SYLLABUS:

- 1. Overview
- 2. Introduction to Unix
- 3. Data Types, Constants
- 4. Operators, Expressions
- 5. Control Structures
- 6. Arrays & Strings
- 7. Pointers
- 8. Functions.
- 9. Structures & Unions
- 10. Files

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. YashwantKanetkarLet Us C 5th Edition.

2.V.RajaramanFundamentals of Computers 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, PHI 2005.

3. Programming Techniques through C, M.G. V. Murthy, Pearson Education, 2002

4.KRVenugopal, SR Prasad Mastering C Tata McGraw Hill.

5.B.W. Kernighan, Dennis M. Ritchie The C – Programming Language PHI

#### LIST OF SAMPLE PROGRAMS

- 1. Write a C program for any three of the following
  - i) To accept the distance between two cities and convert the distance in meters, feet, inches and centimeters. (Note: Input distance in Kilometers).
  - ii) To accept the marks obtained by a student in five different subjects, calculate the total marks and percentage obtained by the student (The maximum marks for each subject is 100).
  - iii) To accept a 3-digit number and calculate the sum of its digits.
  - iv) To accept quantity, product code, unit price of five products and calculate the total price for each product and the SUBTOTAL, TAX, TOTAL and print the details in the following format

Qty	Product code	Unit price	Total price
XX	1	400.00	XXXX.XX
XX	2	20.00	XXXX.XX
XX	3	200.00	XXXX.XX
XX	4	100.00	XXXX.XX
XX	5	200.00	XXXX.XX
		SUB TOTAL	XXXXX.XX
		TAX	XXXX.XX
		TOTAL	xxxxx.xx

- v) To evaluate the following expression
  - a) (ax + by) / (ax by)
  - b)  $a^2 + b^2 + squareroot(2ab)$
  - c)
- 2. Write a C program for any three of the following
  - i) To find the maximum and minimum of three numbers.
  - ii) For the above experiment in 1-ii) find and display the grade of the student as prescribed below:

Percentage	Grade
>90	А
>80 and <=90	В

>70 and <=80	С
>60 and <=70	D
>=50 and <=60	E
< 50	F

- iii) To find the roots of a quadratic equation.
- iv) To find the area of a triangle when
  - a) Sides are given
  - b) Base and height are given
  - c) Co-ordinates are given
- v) To accept an alphabet and convert into its opposite case.(Do not use library functions)
- 3. Write a C program for any four of the following
  - i) To print prime numbers between the specified range (eg. 100 to 200)
  - ii) To generate Pascal triangle format
  - iii) To compute cosine series:  $\cos(x) = 1 \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} \frac{x^6}{6!} + \dots$
  - iv) To check whether number is palindrome or not.
  - v) To print set of Armstrong numbers in a specified range. (eg. 100 to 200)
  - vi) To convert the numbers from the following
    - a) Binary to decimal
    - b) Decimal to binary
- 4. Write a C program to perform the following operations in a given array of 'n' numbers
  - i) Sum of all the numbers
  - ii) Minimum and maximum in the array
  - iii) Searching an element
  - iv) To generate random real numbers in the range of 10 to 20 and sort them.
- 5. Write a C Program to perform the following on the matrices
  - i) Transpose of a matrix and check the symmetry
  - ii) Trace and norm of a matrix
  - iii) Addition of matrices
  - iv) Multiplication of two matrices
- 6. Write a C program to perform any two of the following operations on strings (not using library functions)
  - i) To check whether the given string is palindrome or not.
  - ii) To find the length of the string
  - iii) To concatenate two strings.
  - iv) To check whether the given substring exists in a text and display the frequency.

### 7.

- i) Write a C program to create a structure for a student with the details name, roll no five subject marks, total marks, percentage and sort the records according to the percentage.
- ii) Write a C program to add two complex numbers using structures.
- iii) Write a C program to illustrate difference between union and structure.

#### 8.

- i) Write a program to calculate the sum of an array using pointers.
- ii) Write a program to search a name in a given list of names using pointers
- 9. Write a C program using functions
- i) To illustrate call by value and call by reference
- ii) To accept a string and character and pass them as parameters to a function, the function shall replace the character in the string with any other specific character and return the modified string.
- iii) To pass the employee record as a structure to the function. The function shall compute the gross salary (include DA and HRA Calculation), take the savings as input and compute the tax payable as per the prescribed table.

Gross Salary	Tax (%)
Less than 2 Lakhs	NIL
2 Lakhs to 5 Lakhs	10
5 Lakh to 10 Lakh	20
10 Lakhs to 50 Lakhs	30
Above 50 lakhs	50

- Note: The employee record shall contain employee name, employee id, hire date, basic salary, DA, HRA.
  - 10. Write a C program for any one program for the following to illustrate recursion
    - i) Factorial of a number
    - ii) GCD and LCM of two numbers
    - iii) Fibonacci series
  - 11. Write a C program to perform any three of the following on files
    - i) To count the number of alphabets, numbers, words, lines in a given file.
    - ii) To merge two files into third auxiliary file and display the content.
    - iii) To print every even position character in a given file.
    - iv) To separate alphabets and integers into two files from the given source file.
  - 12. Write a C program to update the record of a person in a file by accepting person ID. Hint:
    - 1. Create the file with few records.
      - The fields in a record

2.

- a. Name of the person
- b. Identity(ID) of the person
- c. Age
- d. Gender
- e. Occupation
- f. Salary

#### **ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-II**

(Common for all branches)

ECE121	Credits :3
Instruction : 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks :40
End .Exam :3 Hours	End-Exam-Marks:60

#### **Course Objectives:**

- > To impart knowledge in basic concepts of solving linear system of equations.
- > To enable the students to study the eigen values and eigen vectors of matrix.
- > To introduce the concepts of ordinary differential equations and their applications to engineers.
- > To enable the students to solve any higher order differential equations and to solve differential equations related to simple electric circuits, Newtons law of cooling.
- > To introduce the students to Laplace Transforms and their applications.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By t	the end of the course, student will be able to:
1.	Solve linear system equations using of matrix algebra techniques
2.	Determine the Eigen values and vectors of a matrix
3.	Apply different techniques in solving differential equations that model engineering problem
4.	Use the application of Differential equations like simple electric circuits, Newtons law of cooling and to solve any higher order linear ordinary differential equation with constant coefficients
5.	Solve linear differential equations and Network analysis using Laplace transforms.

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### UNIT I

#### Linear Algebra:

Rank of matrix-Elementary Transformation of a matrix- Gauss Jordan Method of finding the inverse - Normal form of the matrix- PAQ form - Consistency of linear system of equations - System of homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations.

### **UNIT II**

Linear transformations - Orthogonal transformations- Vectors ( Linearly Independent & Dependent ) ,Eigen values , Eigen Vectors, Properties of Eigen values - Cayley Hamilton theorem (without proof).Reduction to diagonal form - Reduction of Quadratic form to canonical form – Nature of quadratic form,.

### 12 Periods

11 Periods

### **Differential Equations of first order:**

### First order Linear differential equations, Bernoulli's equations, Exact Differential Equations -Equations reducible to exact Equations - Orthogonal trajectories – Simple Electric circuits-Newton law of cooling.

### UNIT IV

### **Higher order Linear Differential Equations**

Definitions – Rules for finding the complementary function, rules for finding the particular integral, method of variation of parameters, equations reducible to linear equations with constant coefficient - Cauchy's homogeneous linear equation ,Legendre's linear equation.

### UNIT V

17 Periods

### Laplace Transforms:

Introduction – definitions- Transforms of elementary functions - Properties of Laplace transforms- Transforms of Periodic functions – Transforms of Derivatives – Transforms of Integrals- Multiplication by  $t^n$  - division by t -Evaluation of integrals by Laplace transforms. Inverse Laplace transforms – Other methods of finding inverse transforms (Excluding Residue method) Convolution theorem – Application's to Differential Equations – Unit Step function- Unit Impulsive functions.

### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Dr. B.S. Grewal Higher Engineering Mathematics 43rd edition, Khanna Publishers, New Dehli.

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. N.P. Bali, Dr. Ashok Saxena, Dr.N.Ch.S. Narayana, *A Text book on Engineering Mathematics*Laxmi pub.(p)Ltd. New Dehli.
- 2. H.K.Dass, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, S.chand and company ltd
- 3. Dr.M.K. Venkataraman, Higher Engineering Mathematics National Pub.Co.Madras.
- 4. Erwin kreyszig. Advanced Engineering MathematicsJohn Wiley and sons ,Newyork.

### UNIT III

### 10 Periods

10 Periods

### **APPLIED PHYSICS**

(for ECE, EEE & Mech)

ECE122	Credits :3
Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks :40
End .Exam :3 Hours	End-Exam-Marks:60

#### **CourseObjectives:**

- To enhance student's knowledge of theoretical and modern technological aspects in physics and to introduce fundamentals of physics relevant to engineering applications
- > To introduce advances in technology for engineering applications

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By	end of the course, student will be able to:
1.	Correlate the theoretical principles with experimental observations
2.	Identify engineering materials for specific engineering applications
3.	Apply the knowledge of advanced materials for engineering applications

#### SYLLABUS

#### UNIT I

**Magnetic materials:** Definition of magnetic permeability, magnetization and magnetic susceptibility, origin of magnetic moment, classification of magnetic materials, properties of diamagnetic and paramagnetic materials, ferromagnetic materials - hysteresis curve , domain theory of ferromagnetism, soft and hard ferromagnetic materials, anti-ferromagnetic and ferrimagnetic materials , ferrites and its applications

**Superconductivity:** Introduction, properties of superconductors, effect of temperature and magnetic field, Meissner effect, flux quantization, type - I and type - II superconductors high temperature superconductors, applications of superconductors, BCS theory (qualitative)

#### UNIT II

Dielectric materials: Definition of electric dipole moment, dielectric polarization and dielectric constant, types of polarization – electronic, ionic and oriental polarization, expression for polarisability, internal fields in solids, Classius – Mossotti equation, frequency dependence of electronic polarization ,properties of ferroelectric materials and their applications

### UNIT III

**Nanophase materials**: Introduction to nanophase materials, properties of nanophase materials, synthesis of nanophase materials – chemical vapour deposition, sol-gel method, MEChanical attrition method, applications of nanophase materials. Principles of X-Ray florescence X-Ray Diffraction-Electron Microscopy (SEM and TEM)

### UNIT IV

**Crystal structure:** Introduction, fundamental terms of crystallography – space lattice, , crystal lattice, unit cell, planes, seven crystal systems – Bravias lattices, cubic lattices, crystal directions and planes, Miller indices, interplanar spacing and interatomic distance , some simple crystal structures, body-centered cubic crystals, face-centered cubic crystals

### UNIT V

**Semiconductor Physics:** Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, Fermi level, carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductor, continuity equation, direct and indirect band gap semiconductors. Lorentz force, Hall effect and its applications.

Physics of semiconductor devices: open circuited p-n junction diode, energy diagram of p-n diode, working of a diode, volt-ampere characteristics of p-n junction, diode as a rectifier, light emitting diode (LED), liquid crystal display (LCD), photodiode

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. S.L Gupta and SanjeevGuptaEngineering physicsDhanpatRai publications.
- 2. M.N. Avadhanulu&P.G.KshirasagarA text book of engineering physics, S.Chand publication

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. V.Rajendran Engineering physics Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited
- 2. DattuRamanlal Joshi Engineering Physics Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited
- 3. A.Marikani Engineering Physics PHI Learning Private Limited

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES**

#### (Common for all branches)

ECE123	Credits 3				
Instruction : 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks :40				
End .Exam :3 Hours	End-Exam-Marks:60				

#### **Course Objectives:**

- > To gain knowledge on the importance of environment and ecosystems.
- To acquire knowledge with respect to biodiversity, its threats and its conservation and appreciate the concept of interdependence.
- To acquire knowledge about environmental pollution- sources, effects and control measures of environmental pollution
- > To understand the treatment of wastewater and solid waste management.
- To be aware of the national and international concern for environment for protecting the environment

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By th	e end of the course, student will be able to:
1.	Understand the natural environment and its relationships with human activities.
2.	Characterize and analyze human impacts on the environment.
3.	Integrate facts, concepts, and methods from multiple disciplines and apply to environmental problems
4.	Design and evaluate strategies, technologies, and methods for sustainable management of environmental systems and for the remediation or restoration of degraded environments

### SYLLABUS

### UNIT I

INTRODUCTION TO ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES 10 Periods Introduction: Definition, Multidisciplinary nature, Scope and Importance of Environmental Sciences-R & D in environment, green advocacy, green marketing, green media and environment consultancy. Need for public awareness.

Natural Resources: Forest resources-use and overexploitation, deforestation, Big Dams effects on forests and tribal people. Water resources-sources, use and over utilization of surface and ground water, conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems.Food resources-environmental impact of modern agriculture-fertilizer and pesticides.Land resources-land degradation- landslides, soil erosion and desertification.Energy resources- renewable and non-renewable energy resources and use of alternate-energy sources.

### UNIT II

### ECOSYSTEM & BIO DIVERSITY

Ecosystem: Concept of an ecosystem-structure and function of an ecosystem Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids, Energy flow in an ecosystem, Ecosystem regulation, Ecological succession. Types, characteristic features, structure and function of forest, grass land, desert and aquatic ecosystems.

Biodiversity-definition, types, India as a Mega diversity Nation, Values of biodiversity, Hot spots of biodiversity, Threats to biodiversity-habitat loss, poaching, human-wildlife conflicts, Endangered and endemic species, Conservation of biodiversity.

### UNIT III

ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION AND WASTE MANAGEMENT 10 Periods Sources, effects and control measures of Air pollution, Noise Pollution, Soil Pollution, Marine pollution, Thermal pollution, Radio Active Pollution. Water Pollution (Sources, Effects, Control measures, DO, BOD, COD, sewage treatment), Green house effect, Ozone depletion, Acid rain – causes and adverse effects.

Solid waste management: Sources and effects of municipal waste, bio-medical waste, Industrial waste,

e-waste, Process of waste management-composting, sanitary landfills, incineration.

### UNIT IV

SOCIAL ISSUES AND ENVIRONMENT

Social Issues and the Environment: From unsustainable to sustainable development, Environmental Impact Assessment, Water conservation, Rain water harvesting, water shed management. Resettlement and rehabilitation of people, Environmental ethics.

Urbanization, Industrialization, Transportation, Human population and the environment-population growth, role of information technology in environment and human health.

### UNIT V

LEGISLATIONS, CONVENTIONS & CASE STUDIES

Environmental protection act-Air (prevention and control of pollution) act, Water (prevention and control of pollution) act, Wildlife protection act, Forest conservation act.

International Conventions: Stockholm Conference, Brundtland Commission, Rio declaration, Vienna Convention, Kyoto protocol, Johannesburg Summit.

Case Studies: Chipko Moment, Kolleru Lake, Flourosis, Silent valley project, Narmada BachoAndolan, Ralegeon siddhi, Tehri dam, Madhura refinery and Tajmahal

### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. AnubhaKaushik&C.P.Kaushik*Principles of Environmental Studies*New Age International Publications.

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. B.K. Sharma Environmental chemistryGoel publishing house, Meerut, 2001.
- 2. G. S. Sodhi*Fundamental concepts of Environmental Chemistry*, Narosa publishing house, New Delhi
- 3. S.S.Dara*A text book of Environmental Chemistry and pollution control*S.Chand and Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2002.

#### 10 Periods

8 Periods

10 Periods

#### **ENGINERING DRAWING**

(Common for all branches)

#### ECE124

Credits :3

Instruction : 1 Periods(Theory)+3 Periods(Practical) Sessional Marks :40

End .Exam :3 Hours

End-Exam-Marks:60

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To increase ability to communicate with people and learn to sketch and take field dimensions.
- > To make the student familiar to the drawing practices and convection
- > To familiarize the student about various engineering curves used in industry
- To enable the student draft simple engineering components and analyze different views of components.
- > To introduce basic Auto CAD skills.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By the	By the end of the course, student will be able to:				
1.	Perform basic sketching techniques will improve.				
2.	Draw orthographic projections and sections				
3.	Use architectural and engineering scales will increase.				
4.	Produce engineering drawing will improve.				
5.	Convert sketches to engineered drawing will increase.				
6.	Develop good communication skills and team work.				
7.	Become familiar with Auto CAD two dimensional drawings.				

### SYLLABUS

#### UNIT I

Introduction to Engineering Drawing & basics of geometrical construction.

construction of conic sections-Construction of cycloidal curves, involutes & spirals.

### UNIT II

Orthographic projections - projections of points - projections of straight lines

### UNIT III

Projections of planes – perpendicular planes – oblique planes

### UNIT IV

Projection of solids – Prisms – Cylinder– Pyramids & cones

### UNIT V

Isometric projections - Plane solids, Combination of solids

Demonstration & Practice: Computer aided drafting of lines, planes solids and

Dimensioning.

### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. N. D. Bhatt *Engineering Drawing* Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, 53rd Edition : 2014

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. K. L. Narayana& P. Kanniah Engineering Drawing
- 2. R. B. Choudary Engineering Graphics with Auto CAD
- 3. TrymbakaMurtyComputer Aided Engineering Drawing

#### **BASIC ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**

#### (for IT,CSE& ECE branches)

ECE125	Credits :3			
Instruction : 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks :40			
End .Exam :3 Hours	End-Exam-Marks:60			

#### **Course Objectives:**

- > To familiarize the students about different discrete electronic components and CRO.
- > To familiarize the students with the analysis and design of Rectifier Circuits.
- To train the students with the operational principle, analysis, design and applications of different types of Diodes.
- To train the students the operational principle, analysis, design and application of different field effect transistors (FET) and circuits using FETs & bipolar junction transistor (BJT).
- > To familiarize the students about Analog ICs.

### **Course Outcomes:**

At the e	At the end the student will be able to					
1.	Understand the behavior of passive electrical components					
2.	Determine Acquire knowledge on measuring physical variables using meters/ instruments such as volt meters, ammeters power supplies, CRO etc according to the range selected.					
3.	Determine the parameters of the semiconductor devices such PN junction diode, Zener diode, LED, etc., from the electrical behaviour of the devices.					
4.	Understand how to operate transistor such as BJT, JFET and MOSFET in the desired operating region using any of the available biasing techniques.					
5.	Analyze the characteristics of Integrated circuits and its use in several applications in electronics circuits particularly the IC Op- Amp and 555 timer, IC voltage regulators etc.					

#### SYLLABUS

#### **UNITI: Electronic Components**

8 periods

**Resistors**: Types of Resistors- The resistor color code, Variable resistors, Rheostat and Potentiometers,

Resistance, Tolerance, Resistivity, Power Ratings of Resistors, Resistor troubles, Ohms Law: Linear proportion between V and I, Choosing a resistor for a circuit, Electric Shock, Open circuit and Short circuit troubles.

**Capacitors:** Capacitance, charging and discharging, Typical capacitors, Capacitor Coding, Parallel capacitances, Series capacitances, Energy stored in Electrostatic Field of Capacitance, Measuring and Testing of Capacitors.

Semiconductors: Mass Action Law, Mobility, Conductivity, Drift current and Diffusion current, Hall-Effect

### **UNIT II: Electronic Instruments**

Types of wire conductors, Connectors, Printed wiring, Switches, Fuses, Wire resistance, Introduction to batteries, Introduction to CRO,CRT, Soldering Materials, Soldering Tools.

### **UNITIII: Diodes and Applications**

Semiconductor Materials, The PN Junction Diode, Volt-Amp characteristic curve, Diode approximations, Diode ratings, Rectifier Circuits, Special Diodes.

#### **UNITIV: Transistors**

Transistor Construction, Transistor Operating region, Transistor Ratings, Transistor Biasing Techniques, Small signal amplify operation, CB,CC,CE configurations, JFET and their Characteristics, Biasing techniques for JFET, MOSFET and their Characteristics, MOSFET Biasing techniques.

#### **UNITV: Integrated Circuits**

Advantages of ICs over discrete components, Introduction to Op-amp, Differential Amplifiers, Block diagram and Characteristics of Op-Amp, Inverting and Non inverting modes, Virtual ground, CMRR, Slew rate, IC 555 Timer, Block daigram, Modes of operation of IC55, OP-AMP voltage Regulators, Fixed Voltage Regulators (78/79, XX). **TEXT BOOKS:** 

- 1. Mitchel E SchultzGrob's *Basic Electronics*, Tata McGraw hill Edition, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition (Unit I,II,III,IV)
- 2. RamaKant A Gayakwad, *Op-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuits*, PHI Fourth Edition-(Unit V)

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. RG Gupta(2001) Electronic Instruments and Systems, Tata McGraw Hill -(Unit II)
- 2. David A Bell (2008) *Electronic Devices and Circuits*, Oxford University Press. (Unit I,III,IV).

## 8 periods

8 periods

#### 10 periods

14 periods

### **ENGINEERINGPHYSICS LAB**

(Common for all branches)

### ECE126 Practical / week : 3 End Exam:3Hrs

**Credits: 2** Sessional Marks :50 End Exam. Marks : 50

#### **Course Objectives:**

> To enable the students to acquire skill, technique and utilization of the Instruments

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By the end of the course, student will be able to:					
1.	1. Design and conduct experiments as well as to analyze and interpret data.				
2.	Identify, solve and apply fundamental physics principles				

#### List of experiments (any eight to ten experiments are to be completed)

- 1. Determination of coefficient of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor- Lee's method.
- 2. Determination of radius of curvature of a convex lens Newton's rings.
- 3. Determination of wavelengths of spectral lines in mercury spectrum-using diffraction grating in normal incidence position.
- 4. Determination of Cauchy's constants of the material of the prism using spectrometer.
- 5. Determination of thickness of a thin paper by forming parallel interference fringes-Wedge method.
- 6. Study of variation of magnetic field along the axis of a current carrying circular coil Stewart and Gee's apparatus
- 7. Calibration of a low-range voltmeter using potentiometer.
- 8. Verification of laws of resistance and determination of specific resistance of wire by using Carey-Foster's bridge.
- 9. Determination of refractive indices o-ray and e-ray in quartz crystal (double refraction)
- 10. Determination of the frequency of an electrically maintained tuning fork Melde's experiment.
- 11. Determination of Rydberg constant using hydrogen discharge tube.
- 12. Characteristics of photo cell and determination of Planck's constant -Photoelctric effect.
- 13. Determination of e/m of an electron by Thomson's method

14. Determination of band gap of semiconductor. **TEXT BOOK:** 

1. Physics Laboratory Manual prepared by Department of Physics ANITS **REFERENCE BOOKS:** 

- 1. D.P Siva Ramaiah and V. Krishna Murthy *Practical physics* Maruti book Depot
- 2. A.R VegiComprehensive practical PhysicsVegi Publishers Pvt.Ltd.

#### LANGUAGE LAB

#### (Common for all branches)

### ECE127

### Credits: 2

Practical / week : 3	Sessional Marks :50
EndExam:3Hrs	EndExam. Marks : 50

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To expose the students to a variety of self-instructional, learner-friendly modes of language learning.
- To facilitate computer-aided multi-media instruction enabling individualized and independent language learning.
- > To improve the fluency in spoken English and neutralize mother tongue influence
- To bring about a consistent accent and intelligibility in their pronunciation of English by providing an opportunity for practice in speaking.
- To initiate them into greater use of the computer in resume preparation, report writing, formatmaking etc.
- To help the students cultivate the habit of reading passages from the computer monitor, thus providing them with the required facility to face computer-based competitive exams such GRE, TOEFL, GMAT etc.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By t	By the end of the course, student will be able to:				
1.	Handle CBT (Computer Based Tests) of the qualifying examinations.				
2.	Receive, interpret, remember and evaluate information by practicing effective listening skills.				
3.	Speak English with neutralized accent.				
4.	Narrate, describe and report incidents and situations using appropriate terminology.				

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### I CALL (Computer Aided Language Learning)

- 1. Introduction to the Sounds of English- Vowels, Diphthongs & Consonants.
- 2. Introduction to Stress and Intonation.
- 3.Short and long Reading comprehension exercises (listening skills)
- 4. Telephoning Skills.

#### II CSL (Communication Skills Lab)

- 5.'Just A Minute' Sessions (JAM).
- 6. Describing Objects / Situations / People.
- 7 Video talks
- 8. Situational Dialogues / Role Play.

9. Oral Presentations- Prepared and Extempore.

#### **Suggested Software**

- Cambridge Advanced Learners' English Dictionary with CD.
- ➢ English Phonetics and Phonology − 2 CDs set
- English Mastery Alania ABC
- Telephoning English
- Cambridge Grammar of English (Ronald Carter and Michael McCarthy) CD
- English Grammar in Use -Cambridge University Press
- Communication Skills Oxford U P (Sanjay Kumar and PushpaLatha)

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

Books Suggested for English Language Lab Library (to be located within the lab in addition to the CDs of the text book which are loaded on the systems)

- 1. Spoken English (CIEFL) in 3 volumes with 6 cassettes, OUP.
- 2. Daniel Jones English Pronouncing Dictionary Current Edition with CD.
- 3. R. K. Bansaland J. B. Harrison, Spoken English-Orient Longman 2006 Ed.
- 4. Dr A Ramakrishna Rao, Dr G Natanam& Prof SA Sankaranarayanan*English Language Communication : A Reader cum Lab Manual*Anuradha Publications, Chennai
- 5. Krishna Mohan & NP Singh Speaking English Effectively (Macmillan)
- 6. J. Sethi, KamleshSadanand& D.V. JindalA Practical Course in English Pronunciation, (with two Audio cassettes) Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 7. T. BalasubramanianA text book of English Phonetics for Indian Students (Macmillan).
- 8. English Skills for Technical Students, WBSCTE with British Council, OL
- 9. J.K. Gangal A Practical Course in Effective English Speaking Skills PHI.

#### **OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING WITH C++ LAB**

(Common for all branches)

### ECE 128

#### Credits:3

Instruction : 1Tut/Week & 3Practical / week

End Exam:3Hrs

Sessional Marks :50

End Exam. Marks: 50

#### **Course Objective:**

- ➤ To introduce Object Oriented Programming (OOP) using the C++ Language.
- To provide the basic concepts and techniques which form the Object Oriented Programming paradigm.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By the e	By the end of the course, student will be able to:				
1.	Understand how to use the programming constructs of CPP.				
2.	Use Object Oriented Programming concepts to develop object oriented programs.				
3.	Apply various object oriented features to solve real world computing problemsusing C++				
	language.				

#### SYLLABUS:

#### List of the experiments to be done on the following topics

- 1. Overview (Transition from C)
- 2. OOP Concepts and Characteristics,
- 3. Preprocessor, Command line arguments
- 4. Classes & Data Abstraction,
- 5. Objects,
- 6. Operator Overloading,
- 7. Inheritance,
- 8. Virtual Functions & Polymorphism,
- 9. I/O Streams,
- 10. Templates,
- 11. File Processing,
- 12. Exception Handling Concepts

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Mahesh Bhave , Sunil patekar*Object Oriented Programming in C++* Second edition , Pearson
- 2. R Rajaram, *Object Oriented Programming in C++* 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition New Age International Publishers
- 3. Herbert Schildt*C*++ *the Complete Reference* III edition, TMH 1999
- 4. E BalaguruswamyObject Oriented Programming with C++3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill

#### LIST OF SAMPLE PROGRAMS

- 1. Write a C++ program that uses a recursive function for solving Towers of Hanoi problem.
- 2. Write a C++ program to find both the largest and smallest number in a list of integers.
- 3. Write a C++ program that uses function templates to solve problems 1 and 2 experiments
- 4. Write a C++ program to implement the matrix ADT using a class. Use operator overloading for implementation

5. Write the definition for a class called Rectangle that has floating point data members length and width. The class has the following member functions:
void setlength(float) to set the length data member
void setwidth(float) to set the width data member
float perimeter() to calculate and return the perimeter of the rectangle
float area() to calculate and return the area of the rectangle
void show() to display the length and width of the rectangle
intsameArea(Rectangle) that has one parameter of type Rectangle. sameArea returns 1 if the two Rectangles have the same area, and returns 0 if they don't.
1. Write the definitions for each of the above member functions.
2. Write main function to create two rectangle objects. Set the length and width of the first rectangle to 5 and 2.5. Set the length and width of the second rectangle to 5 and 18.9. Display each rectangle and its area and perimeter.

3. Check whether the two Rectangles have the same area and print a message indicating the result. Set the length and width of the first rectangle to 15 and 6.3. Display each Rectangle and its area and perimeter again. Again, check whether the two Rectangles have the same area and print a message indicating the result

- 6. Create a class called MusicIns to contain three methods string(),wind() and perc(). Each of these methods should initilialize string array to contain the following
  - i. Veena, guitear, sitar, sarod and mandolin under string
  - ii. Flute, clarinet, saxophone, nadaswaram and piccolo under wind
  - iii. Table, mridangam, bangos, drums and tambour under perc

It should also display the contents of the arrays initialized, create a sub class call TypeIns to contain a method called get() and show(). The get() methods must display a menu as follows

- o String instruments
- Wind instruments
- Percussion instruments

The show method should display the relevant details according to user choice .the base class variable must be accessible only to its derived classes.

- 7. Create a base class called shape. It should contain two methods getCoord(), showCoord() to accept x and y co ordinates and to display the same respectively. Create a sub class called Rect. It should contain method to display length and breadth of the rectangle called showCoord() . In main method, execute the showCoord() of Rect class by applying the dynamic method dispatch concept
- 8. Create a class called car. Initialize the color and body attributes to "blue" and "wagon". there should be two constructors one is a default the creates blue wagon the other constructor should take two argcolor, body and initialize. write method toString() that returns the color and body. Create a sub class funcar. In sub class there are two constructors to invoke super class constructors resp. Write a method playCD in sub class that displays the message "Beautiful music fills the passenger compartment" execute the methods to show the messages
  - 1. Mycar is a blue wagon
  - 2. My father's car is red convertible.
- 9. Create the ZooAnimal constructor function. The function has 4 parameters -- a character string followed by three integer parameters. In the constructor function dynamically allocate the name field (20 characters), copy the character string parameter into the name field, and then assign the three integer parameters to cageNumber, weightDate, and weight respectively.
- 10. Write a C++ program to perform operations on complex numbers using operator overloading
- 11. Write a C++ program to write number 1 to 100 in a data file NOTES.TXT
- 12. Write a function in C++ to count and display the number of lines not starting with alphabet 'A' present in a text file "STORY.TXT".
  Example:
  If the file "STORY.TXT" contains the following lines,
  The rose is red.
  A girl is playing there.
  There is a playground.
  An aeroplane is in the sky.
  Numbers are not allowed in the password.

The function should display the output as 3

### WORKSHOP

#### (Common for all branches)

### ECE129 Practical / week : 3 End Exam:3Hrs

**Credits: 2** Sessional Marks :50 EndExam. Marks : 50

#### **Course Objective:**

> To provide training and hands on experience to the students on basic Engineering related skills like carpentry, fitting, house wiring and tin smithy.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By th	he end of the course, student will be able to:
1.	Make simple carpentry and fitting works
2.	Understand and do different types of wiring for practical requirements
3.	Develop cross-sections of models for tin smithy and make them.
4.	It also helps in understanding of relevant skills required by the engineer working in engineering industries and workshops.

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

#### Minimum of three exercises has to be conducted from each trade.

#### Trade:

Carpentry	1. Cross Lap Joint				
	2. Dovetail Joint				
	3. Mortise and Tennon Joint				
	4. Briddle Joint				
Fitting 1. V	Fit				
	2. Square Fit				
	3. Half Round Fit				
	4. Dovetail Fit				
House Wiring	1. Parallel / Series Connection of three bulbs				
	2. Stair Case wiring				

- 3. Florescent Lamp Fitting
- 4. Measurement of Earth Resistance

Tin Smithy

- 1. Taper Tray
- 2. Square Box without lid
- 3. Elbow
- 4. Funnel

# SECOND YEAR SYLLABI

I - Semester

&

**II - Semester** 

		Instruction periods per week				s per	Max marks		Caralit
Code	Subject name	Cat	L	Т	Р	Tota l	Sessiona l	End mark s	Credit s
ECE211	Engineering Mathematics-III	BS	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE212	Electrical Machines	ES	3	1	I	4	40	60	3
ECE213	Data structures	ES	3	1	I	4	40	60	3
ECE214	Signals and Systems	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE215	Network analysis and synthesis	ES	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE216	Electronic Circuits and Analysis-I	PC	4	1	I	5	40	60	4
ECE217	Electronic Circuits and Analysis-I Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
ECE218	Network & Electrical Machines Laboratory	ES	-	_	3	3	50	50	2
	Total		19	6	6	31	340	460	23

### Second Year I - Semester

## Second Year II - Semester

		Ins	truct	ion pe week		per	Max m	Credits	
Code	Subject name	Cat	L	Т	Р	Tota l	Sessiona l	End mark s	
ECE221	Engineering Mathematics –IV	BS	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE222	Electronic Circuits and Analysis-II	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE223	Digital Electronics	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE224	Probability Theory & Random Processes	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE225	Electromagnetic Field Theory & Transmission Lines	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE226	Control Systems	ES	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE227	Electronic Circuits and Analysis-II Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
ECE228	Simulation Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
	Massive Open Online Course (MOOC)			-	-	-	-	_	-
Total			18	6	6	30	340	460	22

\*MOOCs: Course any time during 2-2 to 4-2. But its grade will be accorded with the 4-2 courses of the program.

ENGINEERIN	NG MATHEMATICS –III
ECE 211	Credits:3
Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks:40
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:60

### **Course Outcomes:**

By t	he end of the course student should be able to:
1.	Understanding the concepts of Gradient, Divergence and Curl and finding scalar potential
	function of irrrotational vector fields.
2.	Understanding the concepts of Green's Theorem, Stokes' Theorem and the Divergence
	Theorem and to evaluate line integrals, surface, integrals and flux integrals.
3.	Understand some basic techniques for solving linear partial differential equations and how to identify a partial differential equation in order to determine which technique(s) can best be applied to solve it.
4.	Understand the methods to solve the Laplace, heat, and wave equations.
5.	Gain good knowledge in the application of Fourier Transforms.

### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

							P	0							PSO	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2			
	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2			
CO	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2			
	4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2			
	5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2			

### **SYLLABUS**

### UNIT-I VECTOR DIFFERENTIATION

Differentiation of Vectors – Scalar and Vector point function – Del applied to Scalar point functions - Gradient geometrical interpretations – Directional Derivative - Del applied to vector point function – divergence - Curl – Physical interpretation of Divergence and Curl - Del applied twice to point functions- Del applied to product of point functions.

### UNIT-II VECTOR INTEGRATION

Integration of vectors – Line integral – Surface – Green's theorem in the plane – Stokes theorem – Volume integral – Gauss Divergence theorems (all theorems without proofs) – Irrotational fields .

### UNIT-III PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Introduction – Formation of Partial Differential Equations – Solution of Partial Differential Equations by Direct Integration – Linear Equations of the First order – Higher order Linear Equations with Constant Co-efficients – Rules for finding the complementary function - Rules for finding the Particular integral – Non- Homogeneous linear equations with constant coefficients.

### 12 Periods

#### 12 Periods

### 12 Periods

### 12 Periods

## UNIT –IV APPLICATIONS OF PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 12 Periods

Introduction – Method of separation of variables – Vibrations of a stretched string- Wave equation – One dimensional Heat flow - Two dimensional Heat flow – Solution of Laplace's equation.- Laplace's equation in Polar Co-ordinates.

### UNIT-V FOURIER TRANSFORMS

### **12 Periods**

Introduction – definition – Fourier integral theorem - Fourier sine and cosine integrals – Complex form of Fourier integrals – Fourier integral representation of a function – Fourier Transforms – Properties of Fourier Transforms – Convolution Theorem – Parseval's identity for Fourier transforms – Fourier Transforms of the Derivatives of functions – Application of Transforms to Boundary value problems – Heat conduction – Vibrations of a string.

### **Text Books:**

1. Dr. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 43<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Khanna Publishers, New Dehli, 2014.

### **Reference books:**

- 1. A Text book on Engineering Mathematics by N.P. Bali Etal, Laxmi pub.(p)Ltd , 2001.
- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by H.K.Dass, S.Chand Publications, 2007.
- 3. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by Erwin kreyszig, John Wiley Publications, 1999.

ELECTRICAL MACHINES									
ECE 212	Credits:3								
Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks:40								
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:60								

### **Course Outcomes:**

By t	By the end of the course student should be able to:					
1.	Find efficiency of DC Machine					
2.	Find Regulation and Efficiency of Single phase Transformer					
3.	Analyze the performance of Induction Motors					
4.	Understand working of synchronous machine					
5.	Understand basic concepts of Electric Power System					

### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

		РО										PSO				
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	2			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO	3	2	2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	1			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5	1			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

### SYLLABUS

#### UNIT-I DC Machines

Constructional Features, Function of Commutator, Induced EMF and Torque Expressions, Relationship Between Terminal Voltage and Induced EMF for Generator and Motoring Action, Different Types of Excitation and Performance Characteristics of Different Types of DC Machines, Starting and Speed Control of DC Motors, Losses and Efficiency, Efficiency by Direct Loading, Swinburne's Test, and Applications of DC Machines.

### UNIT -II

### Transformers

Constructional Details, EMF Equation, Equivalent Circuit, Voltage Regulation, Losses and Efficiency, Auto – Transformers, Open/Short – Circuit Tests and Determination of Efficiency and Regulation.

### UNIT-III

### Induction Motors

**Three-phase Induction Motors** Rotating Magnetic Field, Construction of 3-ph Induction Motor, Power Flow Diagram, Torque and Torque-slip Characteristics, Condition for Max. Torque and its Value, Starting methods of 3-phase Induction Motor, Losses and Efficiency, Efficiency and Torque – Speed Characteristics.

**Single-phase Induction Motors:** Double Revolving Field Theory, Methods of Starting Single Phase Induction Motors, Stepper Motor.

## 18 Periods

### 1( D . . . . .

**12 Periods** 

## 16 Periods

## UNIT-IV

### **Three – Phase Synchronous Machines**

Generation of EMF, Constructional Details, Induced EMF, Synchronous Generator on No – Load and Load, Synchronous Impedance and Voltage Regulation, Starting of Synchronous Motors, Applications of Synchronous Machines.

### UNIT-V

### Electric Energy System (Elementary treatment only)

Single Line Diagram of AC Power supply systems, Types of Power Generation sources(Conventional and Non – Conventional),Power Distribution Systems(Radial and Ring Main Systems).

### Text books:

- 1. J.B. Gupta, "Theory and Performance of Electrical Machines", S. K. Kataria& Sons, 2009
- 2. P.S Bimbra, "Electrical Machinery", Khanna Publications, 7th Edition, 2009
- 3. V.K.Mehta, Rohit Mehta, "Principles of Power System", S. Chand Publications, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2008

### **References:**

1. Electrical Machines, S. K. Bhattacharya, TMH Publications N. Delhi.

### **10 Periods**

### **8** Periods

DATA STRUCTURES								
ECE 213	Credits:3							
Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks:40							
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:60							

### **Course Outcomes:**

T	
Ву	the end of the course student should be able to:
1	Demonstrate the knowledge in problem solving techniques.
2	Write programs for different data structures
3	Implement different applications using tree structures.
4	Implement various sorting techniques
5	Apply and implement learned algorithm design techniques and data structures to solve
	problems using Graphs.

### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

		РО										PSO				
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2	2	1									2	-	-	-
	2	2	1	-									2	-	-	-
CO	3	1	-	1									2	-	-	-
	4	1	-	1									2	-	-	-
	5	2	2	1									2	-	-	-

### SYLLABUS

#### UNIT I ARRAYS AND STACKS

**Introduction**: Basic Terminology, Elementary Data Organization, Data Structure operations, Algorithm Complexity and Time-Space trade-off.

**Arrays:** Array Definition, Representation and Analysis, Single and Multidimensional Arrays, address calculation, application of arrays, Character String in C, Character string operation, Array as Parameters, Sparse Matrices.

**Stacks:** Array Representation and Implementation of stack, Operations on Stacks: Push & Pop, Application of stack: Conversion of Infix to Prefix and Postfix Expressions, Evaluation of Postfix & Prefix expressions using stack, Recursion, Towers Of Hanoi Problem.

### UNIT II

### **QUEUES AND LINKED LIST**

**Queues:** Array representation and implementation of queues, Operations on Queue: Insert, Delete, Full and Empty. Circular queue, De-queue, and Priority Queue, Applications of Queues.

**Linked list:** Representation and Implementation of Singly Linked Lists, Traversing and Searching of Linked List, Insertion and deletion to/from Linked Lists, Doubly linked list, Circular Doubly linked list, Implementing priority queue using Linked List, Polynomial Representation using Linked list & addition.

### 12 –Periods

**12-Periods** 

## UNIT III

### TREES AND SEARCHING

**Trees:** Basic terminology, Binary Trees, Binary tree representation, Almost Complete Binary Tree, Complete Binary Tree, Array and Linked Representation of Binary trees, Traversing Binary trees, Threaded Binary trees.

**Searching:** Sequential search, binary search, Interpolation Search, comparison and analysis, Hash Table, Hash Functions.

### UNIT IV

# BINARY SEARCH TREES AND BASIC SORTING TECHNIQUES12-PeriodsSorting: Insertion Sort, Bubble Sort, Selection sort, Merge Sort.12-Periods

**Binary Search Trees:** Binary Search Tree (BST), Insertion and Deletion in BST, Complexity of Search Algorithm, AVL Trees.

### UNIT V

### GRAPHS

### 10-Periods

**Graphs**: Terminology & Representations- Graphs, Directed Graphs, Adjacency Matrices, Path OR Transitive Closure of a Graph, Warshall's Algorithm, Shortest path Algorithm-Dijkstra's Algorithm, Connected Component and Spanning Trees, Minimum Cost Spanning Trees, Graph Traversals.

### **Text Books**

- 1. Y. Langsam, M. Augenstin and A. Tannenbaum, "Data Structures using C and C++", Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 1995.
- 2. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C", Second Edition, Pearson Education.

### **References:**

- 1. E.Horowitz and Sahani, "Fundamentals of Data Structures"
- 2. C Programming and Data structures, P. Padmanabham, 3rd Edition, BS publications..
- 3. S. Lipschutz, "Data Structures", McGraw Hill, 1986.
- 4. Programming in C, P. Dey & M. Ghosh, Oxford Univ. Press.
- 5. ISRD Group, "Data Structures through C++", McGraw Hill, 2011.

### 12-Periods

SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS								
ECE 214	Credits:3							
Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks:40							
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:60							

### **Course Outcomes:**

By t	he end of the course student should be able to:							
1	Apply transformations on the independent variable of the given CT and DT signals and							
	analyze the properties of CT and DT signals and systems.							
2	Represent mathematically the CT and DT LTI systems and determine the response of an							
	LTI system for the given input signal using either convolution integral or convolution							
	sum.							
3	Represent CT and DT signals and systems in the Frequency domain using Fourier							
	Analysis tools like CTFS, CTFT, DTFS and DTFT.							
4	Represent the CT signals in terms of its samples and reconstruct using interpolation.							
5	Represent DT signals in the Frequency domain and analyze DT systems using Z-							
	Transforms and analyze CT signal and systems using Laplace transforms							

### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

		РО											PSO			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-
	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-
CO	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	-
	4	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-
	5	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-

### SYLLABUS

### Unit- I Introduction to Signals and Systems

Continuous-Time (CT) signals and Discrete-Time (DT) signals and their representation, commonly used CT and DT signals: impulse, step, pulse, ramp and exponentials, classification of CT and DT signals: periodic and aperiodic, even and odd, energy signals and power signals, operations on CT and DT signals- addition, subtraction, multiplication, differentiation and integration of CT signals, convolution and correlation of two signals (CT& DT), properties of convolution operation. Time-shifting and time-scaling of CT and DT signals, classification of CT and DT systems: static and dynamic, linear and non-linear,time- invariant and time-varying, basic concepts like causality,stability and invertability of systems.

### Unit-II Linear Time-Invariant Systems

CT and DT type of LTI systems, impulse response function and unit-sample response sequence, Input-Output relation through convolution summation/ integral, characterization of CT and DT types of LTI systems, impulse response function/ sequence and causalitity of LTI systems, interconnectected LTI systems ( CT and DT), CT type of LTI systems described by Linear constant coefficient differential equations, DT type LTI systems described by constant coefficient linear difference equations, BIBO stability of LTI systems ( CT and DT types).

### **10 Periods**

### **10 Periods**

#### Unit III Analysis of CT Signals and Systems

Fourier series analysis of CT Signals, CT Fourier transform(FT) and its inverse; magnitude and phase spectra, FT using impulses, FT as a particular case of Laplace Transform(LT), FT and LT in CT system analysis, magnitude and phase responses of CT type LTI systems, block diagram representation of Linear Differential Equations with constant coefficients, pole-zero locations, causality (Paley- Wiener Criterion )and stability, distortionless transmission of signals through CT type LTI systems.

#### Analysis of DT Signals and Systems Unit IV

15 periods Discrete -- time Fourier transform( DTFT) & inverse DTFT; convergence of DTFT and IDTFT; DTFT properties and theorems, discrete Fourier transform (DFT)& inverse DFT; properties and theorems, circular convolution, Z-Transform( ZT) & its properties & theorems, inverse ZT, inversion methods power series, PFE and Residue methods, solution of difference equations using ZT, distortionless transmition through DT type of LTI systems, ROCs of right-sided, left sided and finite duration sequences, relationship between ZT, DTFT and DFT.

Application of ZT, DTFT and DFT in DT signal and system analysis, DT system function, transfer function, poles and zeros, stability, block diagram representation of difference equations, processing of CT signals using DFT.

#### Unit V **Sampling of Lowpass and Bandpass Signals**

Lowpass sampling theorem and its proof, types of sampling: impulse sampling, natural sampling and flat-top sampling, spectra of sampled vertions, aliasing, Nyquist rate, anti-aliasing filter, reconstruction of band – limited lowpass signal from its samples, aperture effect due to flat- top sampling, reconstruction filters and zero – order hold( ZOH), sampling of bandpass signals and bandpass sampling theorem.

### **Text Books :**

- 1. A.V. Oppenheim, AS Willsky and S.H. Nawab: Signals and Systems, Pearson.
- 2. S.Haykin and B.V Veen: Signals and Systems, John Wiley

### **References:**

- 1. P. Ramakrishna Rao and Shankar Prakriya : Signals and Systems, second addition, McGraw Hill (India) pvt Ltd. 2013
- 2. Nagoor Kani: Signals and Systems, McGraw Hill
- 3. E.W Kamen and B.S.Heck: Fundamentals of Signals and Systems using the Web and Matlab, Pearson.
- 4. P. Ramesh Babu and R. Anandanatarajan: Signals and Systems 4/e, Scitech.
- 5. K. Raja Rajeswari and B. Visveswara Rao: Signals and Systems, PHI.

### **12 Periods**

### **10 periods**

NETWORK ANALYS	SIS AND SYNTHESIS
ECE 215	Credits:3
Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks:40
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:60

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By t	By the end of the course student should be able to:									
1	Apply basic network theorems and analyze both D.C and A.C. circuits.									
2	Determine various parameters of two port networks.									
3	Analyze circuits under resonant condition.									
4	Calculate natural and forced response of RL, RC & RLC circuits									
5	Measure real, reactive, apparent power in three phase circuits.									

### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

		РО												PSO		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
СО	1	3	1	1										1	1	-
	2	3	1	2										1	1	-
	3	2	2	2										1	1	2
	4	3	1	2										1	-	1
	5	2	2	3										2	1	2

#### **SYLLABUS**

### UNIT-I ANALYSIS OF DC CIRCUITS

Active Element, Passive Element, Reference Directions For Current and Voltage, Kirchoff's Laws, Voltage and Current Division, Nodal Analysis, Mesh Analysis, Linearity and Superposition, Thevenin's and Norton's Theorems, Source Transformation.

## UNIT-II

### DC TRANSIENTS

Inductor, Capacitor, Source Free RL, RC & RLC Response, Evaluation of initial Conditions, Application of Unit-Step Function to RL, RC & RLC Circuits, Concepts of Natural, Forced and Complete Response.

#### **UNIT-III**

#### SINUSOIDAL STEADY-STATE ANALYSIS

The Sinusoidal Forcing Function, Phasor, Instantaneous and Average Power, Complex Power, Steady State Analysis Using Mesh and Nodal Analysis, Application of Network Theorems to A.C. Circuits.

### UNIT-IV RESONANCE &COUPLEDCIRCUITS

Balanced Three Phase Circuits, Resonance, Concept of Duality. Coupled Circuits: Magnetically Coupled Circuits, Dot Convention.

10 periods

## 12 periods

## 14 periods

### 12periods

#### UNIT-V NETWORK SYNTHESIS

#### 10 periods

Elementary synthesis operation, LC network synthesis, Properties of RC network functions, Foster and Cauer forms of RC and RL networks.

#### Text books:

- 1. W.H. HAYT Jr & J.E. KEMMERLY, "ENGINEERING CIRCUIT ANALYSIS, 5th Edition, Mc. Graw Hill Pub.
- 2. M.E. VAN VALEKNBURG, "NETWORK ANALYSIS", 3rd Edition, PHI Learning.

#### **Reference book:**

1. Circuits and Networks by A. Sudhakar Shyammohan S Palli, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, TMH Publication.

ELECTRONIC CIRCU	JITS AND ANALYSIS-I
ECE 216	Credits:4
Instruction: 4 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks:40
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:60

By t	he end of the course student should be able to:
1	Determine the performance parameters like current gain, voltage gain, input impedance,
	output impedance using the models such as h-parameter model, simplified CE h -
	parameter model and $\pi$ -model.
2	Analyze the frequency response characteristics of single stage and multistage amplifier
	circuits (i.e. given a lower cut off, upper cut-off frequencies of an amplifier determining
	the coupling and bypass capacitor values) and different circuit configurations for
	improving the transistor amplifier characteristics such input impedance, voltage gain etc.
3	Analyze the response of linear wave shaping circuits such as high pass and low pass filter
	circuits for different types of inputs such as step input, pulse input, square input ramp
	input.
4	Analyze the response of Non-linear wave shaping circuits such as clipping and clamping
	circuits when the sinusoidal input is applied and to design two level clipping circuits in
	order to select the desired portion of the input signal.
5	Determine the stable state voltages and currents and design the various multivibrators to
	meet the given specifications.
Мо	aning of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

					PSO											
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
СО	1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	2
	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	2
	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	1
	4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	1
	5	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	2

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### Unit-I

#### Transistor at low frequencies and high frequencies

Graphical analysis of CE configuration, Two port devices and hybrid model, Transistor hybrid model, h-parameters, conversion formulas of three transistor configurations, Analysis of transistor amplifier circuit using h-parameters, the emitter follower, Millers theorem and its dual, cascading transistor amplifiers, simplified CE hybrid model, high input resistance transistor circuits, hybrid- $\pi$  CE transistor model, hybrid- $\pi$  conductance, hybrid- $\pi$  capacitances, validity and variation of hybrid- $\pi$  parameters.

#### Unit-II

#### Multistage Amplifiers

Classification of amplifiers, Distortion in amplifiers, Frequency response of an amplifier, The RC coupled amplifier-low frequency response, high frequency response of two cascaded CE stages, Band- pass of cascaded stages, Cascode amplifiers, Multistage CE amplifier cascade at High frequencies.

#### 8 periods

#### **Unit-III**

#### Linear wave shaping

The high pass RC circuit, High pass RC circuit as a differentiator, Double differentiation, The low pass RC circuit, Low pass RC circuit as an integrator, attenuators, RL and RLC circuits.

#### **Unit-IV**

#### **Clipping and Clamping Circuits**

12 periods Diode Clippers, The transistor clipper, Clipping at two independent levels, Cathode coupled and emitter coupled clipper, Compensation for temperature changes, comparators, breakaway diode and amplifier, diode differentiator comparator, accurate time delays, applications of voltage comparator, The clamping operation, clamping circuit taking source and diode resistance into account, Clamping circuit theorem, Practical clamping circuits, effect of diode characteristics on clamping voltage, Synchronized clamping.

#### Unit-V

#### **Multivibrators**

Stable stages of a binary, fixed bias transistor binary, self bias transistor binary, commutating capacitors, methods of improving resolution, emitter coupled binary, Schmitt trigger circuit, the monostable multivibrator, emitter coupled monostable multivibrator, astable emitter coupled multivibrator.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Jacob Millman, Christos Halkias, Chetan Parikh, "Integrated Electronics", 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill Publication, 2009.[unit1,unit2]
- 2. Jacob Millman & Herbert Taub, "Pulse Digital & Switching Waveforms" McGraw-Hill Book Company Inc.[unit3,unit4,unit5]

#### **References:**

1. Donald A. Neamon, "Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. TMH publications.

#### 12 periods

ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS AND ANALYSIS-I LABORATORY											
ECE 217	Credits:2										
Instruction: 3 Practical's / Week	Sessional Marks:50										
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:50										

By	By the end of the course student should be able to:												
1	Measure the important parameters of a PN diode and to implement for various												
	Applications.												
2	Design and construct different rectifier and voltage regulation circuits used in regulated												
	Power supplies.												
3	Design amplifier circuits for specific applications, based on their input and output												
	Characteristics of BJT and FET.												
4	Design and verify the output of linear wave shaping circuits for different inputs.												
5	Design and analyze different multivibrator circuits.												

				PSO												
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	1	-	1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			1
	2	2	-	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			2
CO	3	2	-	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			2
	4	2	-	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			1
	5	2	-	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			2

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

#### Cycle-I Design and simulation using MultiSim software

- **1.** Plot the V-I characteristics of a PN diode in forward and reverse bias and find the static, dynamic resistances and the reverse saturation current.
- 2. Plot the V-I characteristics and regulation characteristics of a Zener diode in reverse bias.
- 3. Plot the output waveforms of a halfwave rectifier and find the ripple factor.
- 4. Plot the output waveforms of a fullwave rectifier using 2 diodes.
- 5. Plot the output waveforms of a Bridge rectifier and find the ripple factor.
- 6. Low pass and High pass circuits
- 7. Clippers and Clampers circuit
- **8.** Plot the input and output characteristics of CE configured transistor and to find the h-parameter values from the characteristics.
- **9.** Plot the input and output characteristics of CB configured transistor and to find the h-parameter values from the characteristics.
- **10.** Plot the input and output characteristics of CC configured transistor and to find the h-parameter values from the characteristics.
- **11.** Plot the drain and transfer characteristics of a JFET.
- 12. Plot the frequency response of a single stage CE amplifier.
- 13. Plot the frequency response of a single stage CC amplifier.
- **14.** Verify the working of a BJT as a switch.

- 15. Frequency Response of a RC coupled multistage amplifier
- **16.** Study the operation of a Bistable multivibrator and observe the switching action.
- **17.** Astable Multivibrator
- **18.** Monostable Multivibrator
- 19. Observe the hysteresis loop of a Schmitt trigger circuit
- **20.** Design and implement a DC regulated power supply.

#### Cycle-II (Hardware experiments)

- 1. Plot the V-I characteristics of a PN diode in forward and reverse bias and find the static, dynamic resistances and the reverse saturation current.
- 2. Plot the V-I characteristics and regulation characteristics of a Zener diode in reverse bias.
- 3. Plot the output waveforms of a halfwave rectifier and find the ripple factor.
- 4. Plot the output waveforms of a fullwave rectifier using 2 diodes.
- 5. Plot the output waveforms of a Bridge rectifier and find the ripple factor.
- 6. Plot the input and output characteristics of CE configured transistor and to find the hparameter values from the characteristics.
- 7. Plot the input and output characteristics of CB configured transistor and to find the hparameter values from the characteristics.
- 8. Plot the drain and transfer characteristics of a JFET.
- 9. Verify the working of a BJT as a switch.
- 10. Plot the frequency response of a single stage CE amplifier.
- 11. Plot the frequency response of a single stage CC amplifier.
- 12. Study the operation of a Bistable multivibrator and observe the switching action.
- 13. Observe the hysteresis loop of a Schmitt trigger circuit

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Jacob Millman, Christos Halkias, Chetan Parikh, "Integrated Electronics", 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill Publication, 2009.
- 2. Jacob Millman & Herbert Taub, "Pulse Digital & Switching Waveforms" McGraw-Hill Book Company Inc.

#### **References:**

1. Donald A. Neamon, "Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. TMH publications.

NETWORK & EM LABORATORY										
ECE 218	Credits:2									
Instruction: 3 Practical's / Week	Sessional Marks:50									
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:50									

Byt	the end of the course student should be able to:
1	Conduct the experiments based on basic network theorems.
2	Predict the characteristics of D.C machines and single phase transformers
3	Predict the regulation of an alternator.

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

							P	0						PSO		
		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12										1	2	3		
	1	3	1	1	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	2
CO	2	3	2	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1
	3	2	1	1	3	-	1	-		-	-	-	1	2	1	1

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

#### **CYCLE-I: Networks Lab**

- 1. To obtain filament lamp characteristics.
- 2. Verification of KCL & KVL.
- 3. Verification of superposition theorem.
- 4. Verification of Thevenin's and Norton's theorem.
- 5. Determination of two port network parameters.

#### **CYCLE-II: Electrical Machines Lab**

- 1. O.C.C & Load characteristics of D.C shunt generator.
- 2. Swinburne's test on D.C. shunt machine.
- 3. Brake test on D.C. shunt motor.
- 4. O.C. & S.C test on a single phase transformer.
- 5. Brake test on 3-phase induction motor.
- 6. Regulation of alternator by e.m.f. method.

#### **Textbooks:**

- 1. W.H.Haytjr & J.E.Kemmerly, "Engineering Circuit Analysis", 5th Edition, Mc. Graw Hill Pub.
- 2. J.B. Gupta, "Theory and Performance of Electrical Machines", S. K. Kataria& Sons, 2009

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS –IV												
ECE 221	Credits:3											
Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks:40											
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:60											

By	the end of the course student should be able to:
	Understand, interpret and use the basic concepts: Analytic function, harmonic function,
1	Taylor and Laurent Series, Singularity, Residues and evaluation of improper integrals.
2	Familiarize the concepts of Finite Differences and Interpolation techniques.
3	Familiarize the concept of Differentiation and Integration by numerical methods.
4	Understand the characteristics and properties of Z-transforms and its applications.
5	Analyze the Statistical data by using statistical tests and to draw valid inferences about t
	population parameters.

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

				PSO												
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
CO	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
	4	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
	5	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	

#### SYLLABUS

#### UNIT-I FUNCTIONS OF A COMPLEX VARIABLE

# Introduction –Limit of a Complex function- Derivative of f(z) – Analytic functions-Harmonic functions - Applications to Flow problems. Complex Integration- Cauchy's Theorem- Cauchy's Integral Formula –Series of Complex terms (Statements of Taylor's and Laurent's Series without proof) - Zeros of an Analytic function - Residues - Calculation of Residues - Evaluation of Real Definite Integrals (Integration around the unit circle, Integration around the small semi circle, Indenting the Contours having poles on the real axis).

Geometric representation of f(z), Some standard transformation

$$(w = z + c, w = cz, w = \frac{1}{z}, w = \frac{az+b}{cz+d})$$
.

#### **UNIT-II FINITE DIFFERENCES & INTERPOLATION**

Finite Differences – Forward differences – Backward differences – Central differences – Differences of a Polynomial – Factorial Notation – Other difference operators – To find one or more missing terms – Newton's Interpolation Formulae – Central Difference Interpolation Formulae - Interpolation with Unequal Intervals – Lagrange's interpolation formula – Inverse Interpolation.

#### UNIT-III NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND INTEGRATION 10 Periods

Numerical Differentiation – Formulae for derivatives – Maxima and Minima of a Tabulated Function – Numerical Integration – Newton-Cotes Quadrature Formula – Trapezoidal rule – Simpson's One-Third rule , Simpson's Three-Eighth rule.

#### **12 Periods**

#### UNIT - IV Z – TRANSFORMS

Introduction – Definition - Some Standard Z-Transforms –Linearity Property –Damping Rule – Some Standard Results - Shifting  $U_n$  to the right , Shifting  $U_n$  to the left – Two basic theorems (Initial Value Theorem and Final Value Theorem) – Convolution Theorem – Convergence of Z-transforms – Two sided Z - transform of  $U_n$  - Evaluation of inverse Z- transforms (Power Series Method, Partial Fraction Method, Inverse integral method) - Applications to Difference equations.

#### UNIT-V SAMPLING THEORY

#### 12 Periods

Introduction – Sampling Distribution – Testing a hypothesis – Level of Significance – Confidence Limits – Test of Significance of Large samples (Test of significance of single mean, difference of means) – Confidence limits for unknown – Small samples – Students t-distribution – Significance test of a sample mean – Significance test of difference between sample means – Chi-Square ( $\chi^2$ ) Test – Goodness of fit.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Dr. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 43<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Khanna Publishers, New Dehli, 2014.

#### **Reference books:**

- 1. N.P. Bali Etal, "A Text book on Engineering Mathematics", Laxmi pub.(p) Ltd , 2011.
- 2. H.K.Dass "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", S.Chand Publications, 2007.
- 3. Erwin kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley Publications, 1999.

ELECTRONIC CIRCU	ITS AND ANALYSIS-II
ECE 222	Credits:3
Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks:40
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:60

By t	he end of the course student should be able to:										
1	Analyze negative feedback amplifiers and sinusoidal oscillators for different performance										
1	metrics such as input impedance, output impedance, voltage gain, condition for oscillations, frequency of oscillations etc.										
	oscillations, nequency of oscillations etc.										
2	Determine the resonant frequency for the tuned voltage amplifiers and analyze class-A,										
	class-B, class-AB, class-C amplifiers for efficiency.										
3	Analyze current mirror differential amplifier circuits using BJTs.										
4	Design and analyze analog circuits like integrator, differentiator, comparator,										
	instrumentation amplifier and logarithmic amplifier using op-amps.										
5	Analyze the response of common source, common drain and common gate amplifiers										
	with enhancement and depletion loads.										

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

							Р	0						PSO			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
	1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			1	
	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			1	
CO	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			1	
	4	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			2	
	5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			1	

#### SYLLABUS

#### Unit-I

#### Feedback Amplifiers

Classification of amplifiers, the feedback concept, general characteristics of negative feedback, effect of negative feedback on input and output impedance, Method of analysis of feedback amplifiers,

#### Oscillators

Sinusoidal oscillators, Phase shift oscillators, Resonant circuit oscillators, General form of oscillator circuit, The wien bridge oscillator, crystal oscillators, Frequency stability.

#### Unit-II

#### **Tuned voltage amplifiers**

Introduction, need for tuned voltage amplifiers, operation of single tuned, double tuned and stagger tuned amplifiers.

#### **Power Amplifiers**

Class A Large Signal amplifiers, Second Harmonic Distortion, Higher order Harmonic Distortion, The Transformer coupled audio power amplifier, Efficiency, Push-Pull amplifiers, Class B Amplifiers, Class AB operation, Class C amplifier.

#### 10 Periods

#### Unit-III Differential amplifiers

The Differential amplifier, Basic BJT differential pair, DC transfer characteristic, small signal equivalent circuit analysis, differential and common mode gain, differential and common mode impedances, Bipolar transistor current sources, two transistor current sources, improved current source circuits, Widlar current source, multi transistor current mirrors.

#### Unit-IV

#### **Applications of Operational Amplifiers:**

Review of basics of Op-Amp, Basic op-amp applications, Differential DC amplifier, Stable AC coupled amplifier, Analog Integration and differentiation, comparators, sample and hold circuits, Precision AC/DC converters, Logarithmic amplifiers, waveform generators, regenerative comparators, Instrumentation amplifier.

#### Unit-V

#### FET Amplifiers

MOSFET DC circuit analysis, The MOSFET amplifier - small signal equivalent circuit, Common source amplifier, source follower amplifier, Common Gate amplifier. NMOS amplifiers with enhancement load, depletion load and PMOS load, CMOS source follower and common gate amplifiers.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Jacob Millman, Christos Halkias, Chetan Parikh, "Integrated Electronics", 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill Publication, 2009.[unit-1,unit-2,unit-4]
- 2. Donald A. Neamon, "Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. TMG publications. [unit-3,unit-5]

#### **References:**

1. Ramakanth A Gayakwad, "Op-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuits"- 4th Edition.

#### **10 Periods**

**10 Periods** 

DIGITAL ELECTRONICS										
ECE 223	Credits:3									
Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks:40									
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:60									

Bv t	he end of the course student should be able to:
1	Perform number conversions between different number systems and codes and apply Boolean algebra to minimize logic expressions up to three variables.
2	Analyze the characteristics of logic families and compare their performance in terms of performance metrics.
3	Apply tabulation method to minimize logic expressions up to Five variables and design a combination logic circuit like decoders, encoders, multiplexers, and de-multiplexers etc. for a given specification and verify the correctness of the design.
4	Analyze the operation of sequential circuits built with various flip-flops by finding the Boolean function or truth table and design various sequential circuits like flip-flops, registers, counters etc.
5	Design of sequential detector by constructing a state/output tables or diagrams from a word description or flow chart specification of sequential behavior using either mealy and/or Moore machines.,,

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

				PSO												
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	1
	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	1
CO	3	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	2
	4	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-		-	2
	5	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	2

#### SYLLABUS

#### 10 periods

**NUMBER SYSTEMS:** Number representation, Conversion of bases, Binary Arithmetic, Representation of Negative numbers, Binary codes: weighted and non-weighted, Error detecting and correcting codes -- Hamming codes.

BOOLEAN ALGEBRA: Basic definitions, Axiomatic Definitions, Theorems and properties, Boolean Functions, Canonical and standard forms.

#### UNIT-II LOGIC FAMILIES

**UNIT-I** 

# Binary Logic, AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, EX-OR and Equivalence gates. Introduction, Specifications of digital circuits, RTL and DTL circuits, Transistor-Transistor Logic (TTL), Emitter Coupled Logic (ECL), MOS, CMOS circuits, Performance comparison of logic families.

#### UNIT-III GATE-LEVEL MINIMIZATION

The Map Method: Two variable map, Three variable map, four variable map, Prime Implicants, Don't care conditions, NAND and NOR implementation, Exclusive-OR Function, Parity Generation and Checking, Variable Entered Mapping (VEM): Plotting Theory, Reading Theory, Quine-Mccluskey (QM) Technique.

#### **COMBINATIONAL LOGIC**

Combinational circuits, Analysis Procedure, Design procedure, Binary Adder-Subtractor, Decimal adder, carry look ahead adder, Binary Multiplier, Magnitude comparator, Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers, ROM, PLA, PAL.

#### UNIT-IV

#### SYNCHRONOUS SEQUENTIAL LOGIC

Block diagram of sequential circuit, Latches, Flip-flops, Triggering of Flip-flops, Flip-flop excitation tables, Analysis of clocked sequential circuits, State equations, state table, state diagram, analysis with D, JK and T-Flip-flops, state machines, state reduction and assignment, Design procedure.

#### **REGISTERS AND COUNTERS**

Registers, Shift registers, universal shift register Ripple counters, Synchronous counters, counter with unused states, Ring counters, Johnson counter.

#### UNIT-V

#### **ASYNCHRONOUS SEQUENTIAL LOGIC**

Analysis Procedure, Circuits with latches, Design procedure, Reduction of state and flow tables, cycles, Race-Free state Assignment, Hazards, Design example.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. M. Morris Mano, Digital Design, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Publishers, 2001.
- 2. Z Kohavi, Switching and Finite Automata Theory, 2nd edition, TMH, 1978

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. William I. Fletcher, An Engineering Approach to Digital Design, PHI, 1980.
- 2. John F. Wakerly, Digital Design Principles and Practices, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall, 1999.
- 3. Charles H Roth Jr and Larry L. Kinney, Fundamentals of Logic Design, Cengage learning, 7th Edition, 2013
- 4. R.P Jain, Modern Digital Electronics, 3rd Edition, TMH, 2003.

#### 14 periods

#### 12 periods

PROBABILITY THEORY AND RANDOM PROCESSES											
ECE 224	Credits:3										
Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks:40										
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:60										

By	the end of the course student should be able to:
1	Calculate probabilities and conditional probabilities of events defined on a sample space.
2	Compute statistical averages of one random variables using probability density and distribution functions and also transform random variables from one density to another
3	Compute statistical averages of two or more random variables using probability density and distribution functions and also perform multiple transformations of multiple random variables.
4	Determine stationarity and ergodicity and compute correlation and covariance of a random process.
5	Compute and sketch the power spectrum of the response of a linear time-invariant system excited by a band pass/band-limited random process.

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

					PSO											
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	3	3		3								2	2	2	1
	2	3	3		3								2	2	2	1
CO	3	3	3										2	2	2	1
	4	3	3										2	2	2	1
	5	3	3										1	2	2	1

#### SYLLABUS

#### **UNIT-I** Probability and Random Variable

#### **12Periods**

**Probability:** Probability introduced through Sets and Relative Frequency, Experiments and Sample Spaces, Discrete and Continuous Sample Spaces, Events, Probability Definitions and Axioms, Mathematical Model of Experiments, Probability as a Relative Frequency, Joint Probability, Conditional Probability, Total Probability, Bayes' Theorem, Independent Events. **Random Variable:** Definition of a Random Variable, Conditions for a Function to be a Random Variable, Discrete, Continuous and Mixed Random Variables.

#### UNIT -II Distribution & Density Functions and Operation on One Random Variable

#### **12 Periods**

**Distribution & Density Functions:** Distribution and Density functions and their Properties -Binomial, Poisson, Uniform, Gaussian, Exponential, Rayleigh and Conditional Distribution, Methods of defining Conditional Event, Conditional Density, and Properties.

**Operation on One Random Variable:** Introduction, Expected Value of a Random Variable, Function of a Random Variable, Moments about the Origin, Central Moments, Variance and Skew, Chebychev's Inequality, Characteristic Function, Moment Generating Function, Transformations of a Random Variable: Monotonic Transformations for a Continuous Random Variable, Non-monotonic Transformations of Continuous Random Variable, Transformation of a Discrete Random Variable.

#### **UNIT-III** Multiple Random Variables and Operations

Multiple Random Variables: Vector Random Variables, Joint Distribution Function, Properties of Joint Distribution, Marginal Distribution Functions, Conditional Distribution and Density -Point Conditioning, Conditional Distribution and Density - Interval conditioning, Statistical Independence, Sum of Two Random Variables, Sum of Several Random Variables, Central Limit Theorem (Proof not expected), Unequal Distribution, Equal Distributions.

Operations on Multiple Random Variables: Expected Value of a Function of Random Variables: Joint Moments about the Origin, Joint Central Moments, Joint Characteristic Functions, Jointly Gaussian Random Variables: Two Random Variables case, N Random Variable case, Properties, Transformations of Multiple Random Variables, Linear Transformations of Gaussian Random Variables.

#### **UNIT-IV** Random Process - Temporal Characteristics

Introduction, The Random Process Concept: Classification of Process, Deterministic and Nondeterministic Process. Stationary and Independence: Distributions and Density Functions, Statistical Independence, First-order Stationary Process, Second-Order and Wide-sense Stationary, N-Order and Strict-Sense Stationary, Time Averages and Ergodicity, Mean-Ergodic Process, Correlation-Ergodic Process. Correlation Functions: Autocorrelation Functions and Its Properties, Cross-correlation Functions and its properties, Covariance Functions, Discrete-Time Process and Sequences. Measurement of Correlation Functions, Guassian Random Process, Poisson Random Process, Complex Random Process.

#### **UNIT-V** Spectral Analysis

The Power Spectrum, Linear System, Hilbert Transform, Discrete Time Process, Modulation: Rice's Representation, Band pass processes, Band limited Processes and Sampling Theory.

#### **Text Book:**

- 1. Probability, Random Variables & Random Signal Principles Peyton Z. Peebles, 4Ed., 2001, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes Athanasios Papoulis and S. Unnikrishna Pillai, McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 2002.

#### **Reference Book:**

- 1. Probability Theory and Random Processes, S. P. Eugene Xavier, S. Chand and Co. New Delhi, 1998 (2nd Edition).
- 2. Probability, Statistics, and Random Processes for Engineers- Henry Stark & John W. Woods, 4Ed, 2012, Pearson
- 3. Introduction to Random Signals and Noise, Davenport W. B. Jrs. and W. I. Root, McGraw Hill N.Y., 1954.

#### **12 Periods**

12 periods

<b>ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELD THEORY &amp; TRANSMISSION LINE</b>										
ECE 225	Credits:3									
Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks:40									
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:60									

By t	he end of the course student should be able to:
1	Apply vector calculus to static electric fields in different engineering situations
2	Solve the problems related to magnetostatic fields by applying magnetostatic laws.
3	Analyze Maxwell's equation in different forms (differential and integral) and apply them
	to diverse engineering problems.
4	Analyze the phenomena of wave propagation in different media.
5	Apply the concepts of transmission line and use smith chart to find various parameters

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

useful to design a matching circuits at radio frequency

			РО													PSO			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3			
	1	3	2	1									2	2	2	1			
	2	3	2	1									2	2	2	1			
CO	3	3	2	1									3	2	2	2			
	4	3	2	1									2	2	2	2			
	5	3	2	3									3	2	2	3			

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### **UNIT I Electrostatics**

Introduction to vector analysis, Fundamental of electrostatic fields, Different types of charge distributions, Coulomb's law and Electric field intensity, Potential function, Equi-potential surface, Electric field due to dipole; Electric flux density, Gauss's law and applications, Poisson's and Laplace's equations and its applications; Uniqueness theorem; Boundary conditions; Conductors & Dielectric materials in electric field; Current and current density, Relaxation time, Relation between current density and volume charge density; Dipole moment, Polarization, Capacitance, Energy density in an electric field.

#### **UNIT II Steady Magnetic Fields**

Introduction, Faradays law of induction, Magnetic flux density, Biot-Savart law, Ampere's circuit law, Magnetic Force, Magnetic Boundary conditions, Scalar and Vector magnetic potentials, Magnetization & Permeability in materials, Inductance, Energy density, Energy stored in inductor.

#### **UNIT III Maxwell's Equations**

Introduction, Faradays law, displacement current, Equation of continuity for the varying fields, inconsistency of Amperes circuit law, Maxwell's equations in integral form, Maxwell's equations in point form, retarded potentials Meaning of Maxwell's equations, conditions at a Boundary surfaces, Retarded potentials.

#### 12 periods

14 periods

#### UNIT IV Electromagnetic Waves

Introduction, Applications of EM waves, solutions for free space condition ,; Uniform plane wave propagations uniform plane waves, wave equations conducting medium, sinusoidal time variations, conductors & dielectrics, Depth of penetration, Direct cosines, Polarization of a wave, reflection by a perfect conductor – Normal incidence, Oblique incidence, reflection by a perfect dielectric-Normal incidence, reflection by a perfect insulator – oblique, Surface impedance, Poynting vector and flow of power, Complex poynting vector.

#### **UNIT V Transmission Lines**

#### 10 periods

Types of transmission lines, Applications of transmission lines, Equivalent circuit of pair of transmission lines, Primary constants, Transmission line equations, Secondary constants, lossless transmission lines, Distortionless line, Phase and group velocities, Loading of lines, Input impedance of transmission lines, RF lines, Relation between reflection coefficient, Load and characteristic impedance, Relation between reflection coefficient and voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR), Lines of different lengths -  $\frac{\lambda}{8}, \frac{\lambda}{4}, \frac{\lambda}{2}$  lines, Losses in transmission lines, Smith chart and applications, Stubs, Double stubs.

#### **Text Books:**

1. E.C. Jordan and K.G. Balmain, "Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems", PHI, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2000.

2. William H. Hayt Jr. and John A. Buck, "Engineering Electromagnetics", TMH, 7th Ed., 2006. **Reference Books:** 

- 1. G.S.N.Raju, Electromagnetic Field Theory And Transmission Lines, Pearson Education (Singapore) Pvt., Ltd., New Delhi, 2005.
- 2. M.N.O. Sadiku, "Principles of Electromagnetics", Oxford International Student edn., 4<sup>th</sup> edn., 2007.
- 3. G. Sasi Bhushana Rao, "Electromagnetic Field Theory and Transmission Lines", Wiley, India Pvt. Ltd, 2012.
- Simon Ramo, et.al-, "Fields and waves in communication electronics", Wiley India Edn., 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn., 1994

CONTROL	L SYSTEMS
ECE 226	Credits:3
Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks:40
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:60

By t	he end of the course student should be able to:							
1	1 Apply block reduction techniques and signal flow graphs							
2	Apply mathematical modelling of mechanical and electrical systems							
3	Analyze the given systems in time domain							
4	Determine the relative and steady state stability of the systems							
5	Analyze the systems in frequency domain							

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

			РО											PSO		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CO	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-		-	
	4	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-		-	
	5	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-		-	

#### SYLLABUS

#### UNIT-I Introduction to Control Systems

Transfer Functions of Linear Systems - Impulse Response of Linear Systems-Block Diagrams of Control Systems-Signal Flowgraphs (Simple Problems) - Reduction Techniques for Complex Block Diagrams and Signal Flow Graphs (Simple Examples).

#### **UNIT-II Modeling of Control Systems**

Introduction to Mathematical Modelling of Physical Systems - Equations of Electrical Networks - Modelling of Mechanical Systems - Equations of Mechanical Systems.

#### **UNIT-III Time domain analysis**

Time Domain Analysis of Control Systems - Time Response of First and Second Order Systems with Standard Input Signals-Steady State Performance of Feedback Control Systems-Steady State Error Constants-Effect of Derivative and Integral Control on Transient and Steadystate Performance of Feedback Control Systems.

#### **UNIT-IV** Concept of stability in time domain

Concept of Stability and Necessary Conditions for Stability - Routh - Hurwitz Criterion, Relative Stability Analysis, The Concept and Construction of Root Loci, Analysis of Control Systems With Root Locus (Simple Problems to Understand Theory)

#### **UNIT-V Frequency domain analysis**

Correlation Between Time and Frequency Responses - Polar Plots - Bode Plots - Log Magnitude Versus Phase Plots-All Pass and Minimum Phase Systems-Nyquist Stability Criterion-Assessment of Relative Stability-Constant M&N Circles.

#### 10 periods

12 Periods

#### 16 periods

#### 12 periods

#### Text books:

- I.J. Nagrath & M.Gopal, "Control systems engineering", wiley eastern limited.
   Benjamin C. Kuo, "Automatic control systems", prentice hall of India

#### **References:**

Ogata, "Modern control engineering", prentice hall of India. 1.

ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS AN	ND ANALYSIS-II LABORATORY
ECE 227	Credits:2
Instruction: 3 Practical's /Week	Sessional Marks:50
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:50

Byt	By the end of the course student should be able to:								
1	Design and identify the applications of feedback amplifiers and sinusoidal oscillators in								
	different electronic circuits.								
2	Design and implement different power amplifiers and tuned voltage amplifiers.								
3	Calculate the parameters of BJT differential amplifier.								
4	Apply op-amps fundamentals in design and analysis of op-amps applications.								
5	Apply the MOSFET inverter in different electronic circuits								

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

			РО											PSO		
		1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12											1	2	3
	1	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-		-	2
	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-		-	2
CO	3	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-		-	2
	4	2	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	I		-	2
	5	2	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	-		-	2

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Obtain the input and output impedance of a trans-conductance amplifier with and without feedback.
- 2. Obtain the frequency response of a voltage shunt negative feedback amplifier with and without feedback.
- 3. Generate a sinusoidal signal using Colpitts oscillator at a desired frequency.
- 4. Generate a sinusoidal signal using Wein bridge circuit.
- 5. Generate a sinusoidal signal using RC phase shift oscillator and observe the lissajous patterns at different phase shifts.
- 6. Plot the frequency response of a tuned voltage amplifier and find the resonant frequency.
- 7. Obtain the output waveforms of a class-B pushpull power amplifier and calculate the efficiency and distortion.
- 8. Obtain the output waveforms of a class-A transformer coupled power amplifier and calculate the power conversion efficiency.
- 9. Determine the gain and CMRR for the BJT differential amplifier.
- 10. Obtain the signals at the output junctions of multistage BJT differential pair.
- 11. Verify different applications of an Operational amplifier.
- 12. Verify different parameters of an operational amplifier.
- 13. Observe the working of an operational amplifier in inverting, non inverting and differential modes.
- 14. Plot the V-I characteristics of an n-channel enhancement MOSFET and verify its operation as an inverter.
- 15. Verify the working of a CMOS source follower amplifier.

#### Text books:

- 1. Jacob Millman, Christos Halkias, Chetan Parikh, "Integrated Electronics", 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill Publication, 2009.
- Donald A. Neamon, "Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. TMG publications.

#### **References:**

1. Ramakanth A Gayakwad, "Op-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuits"- 4th Edition.

SIMULAT	ION LABORATORY
ECE 228	Credits:2
Instruction: 3 Practical's /Week	Sessional Marks:50
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:50
Course outcomes:	

#### By the end of the course student should be able to:

1	Calculate the convolution and correlation between signals	

2 Plot magnitude and phase spectrum of a given signal using various transformation tools.

**3** Generate random sequences for a given distribution.

4 Understand the basics of VHDL and describe the logic circuit using different types of models in the architecture of the body.

5 Design and simulate combinational and sequential circuits using VHDL

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

			РО											PSO		
		1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12											1	2	3
	1	2	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	2	1
	2	2	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	2	1
CO	3	2	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	2	1
	4	2	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	2	1
	5	2	-	3	1	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	2	2

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

#### Cycle-I (MATLAB)

Basic Operations on Matrices.
Write a program for Generation of Various Signals and Sequences (Periodic and
Aperiodic), such as Unit impulse, unit step, square, saw tooth, triangular, sinusoidal,
ramp, sinc.
Write a program to perform operations like addition, multiplication, scaling, shifting, and
folding on signals and sequences and computation of energy and average power.
Write a program for finding the even and odd parts of signal/ sequence and real and
imaginary parts of signal.
Write a program to perform convolution between signals and sequences.
Write a program to perform autocorrelation and cross correlation between signals and
sequences.
Write a program for verification of linearity and time invariance properties of a given
continuous/discrete system
Write a program for computation of unit samples, unit step and sinusoidal response of
the given LTI system and verifying its physical realiazability and stability properties.
Write a program to find the Fourier transform of a given signal and plotting its
magnitude and Phase spectrum.
Write a program for locating the zeros and poles and plotting the pole-zero maps in S
plane and Z-plane for the given transfer function.
Write a program for Sampling theorem verification.
Write a program for Removal of noise by autocorrelation / cross correlation.
Generation of random sequence
Write a program to generate random sequence with Gaussian distribution and plot its pdf
and CDF.

15	Write a program for verification of winer- khinchine relations.
16	Let Z be the number of times a 6 appeared in five independent throws of a die. Write a
	program to describe the probability distribution of Z by:
	Plotting the probability density function
	Plotting the cumulative distribution function
17	Plot the probability mass function and the cumulative distribution function of a
	geometric distribution for a few different values of the parameter p. How does the shape
	change as a function of p?
18	Write a program to generate 10,000 samples of an exponentially distributed random
	variable using the simulation method. The exponential random variable is a standard one,
	with mean 10. Plot also the distribution function of the exponentially distributed random
	variable using its mathematical equation.
19	Write a program to determine the average value and variance of $Y=exp(X)$ , where X is a
20	uniform random variable defined in the range [0, 1]. Plot the PDF of Y
20	Consider the random process defined as $X[n] = 2U[n] - 4U[n - 1]$ , where U[n] is a
	white noise with zero mean and variance $\sigma 2 = 1$ . Generate a realization of 1000 samples
	of X[n] by using MATLAB. Based on this realization, estimate the power spectral
<u> </u>	density and plot the estimate.
	II (VHDL modeling and simulation of the following experiments using ModelSim)
1.	Realization of logic gates
2.	Verifying the functionality of half adder and full adder using basic gates and universal
	gates.
3.	Verifying the functionality of half subtractor and full subtractor using basic gates and
	universal gates.
4.	Design of 4-bit magnitude comparator
5.	Design of Multiplexers/De-multiplexers
6.	Decoders, Encoders
7.	Code converters
8.	Verifying the functionality of JK,D and T- Flipflops
9.	Design of synchronous counter using the given type of flip flop
10.	Design of asynchronous counter using the given type of flip flop
Noto	A minimum of any ten experiments have to be done from cycle-I and any six

# Note: A minimum of any ten experiments have to be done from cycle-I and any six experiments from cycle-II

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Rudra Pratap, "Getting Started with MATLAB: A Quick Introduction for Scientists & Engineers" Oxford 2010.
- 2. J Bhaskar,"VHDL Primer" 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition ,Prentice Hall 1999

#### **References:**

 J G Proakis, VK Ingle, "Digital signal processing using MATLAB", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Cengage learning.

#### THIRD YEAR SYLLABI

I - Semester

&

**II - Semester** 

#### Third Year I –Semester

					10 0 0 10 0 0	_			
				Instruction peri	ods per Week		MAX	MARKS	
CODE	SUBJECT NAME	Category	LECTURE	TUTORIAL	PRACTICAL	TOTAL	SESSIONAL MARKS	SEMESTER END MARKS	CREDITS
ECE 311	Open Elective- I	OE	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE 312	Communication Systems Engineering	PC	4	1	-	5	40	60	4
ECE 313	Microprocessors and Applications	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE 314	Computer Architecture & Organization	ES	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE 315	Integrated circuits and Applications	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE 316	Antennas & Wave Propagation	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE 317	Microprocessors & Applications Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
ECE 318	IC Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
ECE 319	Quantitative Aptitude & Verbal Aptitude-I	HS	4	-	-	4	100	-	2
	Total		23	6	6	35	440	460	25

Open Elective- I: (for ECE, offered by other departments) Refer Annexure-I

#### Third Year II –Semester

			**	i i cui ii	Demeste	-			
				Instruction peri	ods per Week		MAX	MARKS	
CODE	SUBJECT NAME	Category	LECTURE	TUTORIAL	PRACTICAL	TOTAL	SESSIONAL MARKS	SEMESTER END MARKS	CREDITS
ECE 321	Microwave & Radar Engineering	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE 322	Digital Signal Processing	PC	4	1	-	5	40	60	4
ECE 323	Microcontrollers & Embedded Systems	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE 324	Professional Elective-I	PE	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE 325	Digital Communications	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE 326	Communication Systems Engineering Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
ECE 327	Microcontrollers & Embedded Systems Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
ECE 328	Soft Skills Laboratory	HS	-	-	3	3	100	-	2
ECE 329	Quantitative Aptitude & Verbal Aptitude-II	HS	4	-	-	4	100	-	2
Total			20	5	9	34	500	400	24

Professional Elective-I

1. Analog IC Design

#### 2. EMI / EMC

3. Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation

4. Telecommunications and switching Networks Industrial Training during summer vacation after Third Year II -Semester. But its grade will be accorded with the 4-1 courses of the program

#### INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED SYSTEMS ECE 311(a) Credits:3

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/week	Sessional Marks:40
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:60

#### **Prerequisites: Nil**

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By	the end of the course, the student will be able to:
1.	learn about the general principles of computer architecture
2.	learn about the working of a simple embedded system and embedded system applications
3.	learn the hardware aspects of embedded systems
4.	understand the sensors, ADCs and actuators used in embedded systems
5.	understand the real world examples of embedded systems

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes:

			РО										
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	4	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
	5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2

#### SYLLABUS

#### UNIT I:

#### Basics of computer architecture and the binary number system

Basics of computer architecture, computer languages, RISC and CISC architectures, number systems, number format conversions, computer arithmetic, units of memory capacity

#### UNIT II:

#### Introduction to embedded systems

Application domain of embedded systems, desirable features and general characteristics of embedded systems, model of an embedded system, microprocessor Vs microcontroller, example of a simple embedded system, figure of merit for an embedded system, classification of MCUs: 4/8/16/32 bits, history of embedded systems, current trends

#### **UNIT III:**

#### Embedded systems-The hardware point of view

Microcontroller unit(MCU), a popular 8-bit MCU, memory for embedded systems, low power design, pull up and pull down resistors

# 8 Periods

#### 8 Periods

#### **UNIT IV:**

#### Sensors, ADCs and Actuators

# Sensors: Temperature Sensor, Light Sensor, Proximity/range Sensor; Analog to digital converters: ADC Interfacing; Actuators Displays, Motors, Opto couplers/Opto isolators, relays.

#### UNIT V:

#### **Examples of embedded systems**

Mobile phone, automotive electronics, radio frequency identification (RFID), wireless sensor networks(WISENET), robotics, biomedical applications, brain machine interface

#### **Text Books:**

1. Lyla B Das, Embedded systems: An Integrated Approach, 1<sup>st</sup> Ed., Pearson, 2013

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Shibu, K.V., Introduction to Embedded Systems, 1<sup>st</sup> Ed., TMH, 2009
- 2. Kanta Rao B, Embedded Systems, 1<sup>st</sup> Ed., PHI
- 3. Frank Vahid & Tony Givargis, Embedded System Design, 2nd Edition, John Wiley,

#### **12 Periods**

#### **ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE AND COMPATABILITY**

ECE 311(b)	Credits : 3
Instruction : 3 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week	Sectional Marks : 40
End Exam : 3 Hours	End Exam Marks: 60

#### **Prerequisites:** Nil

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By	the end of the course the student will be able to :
1.	Gain enough knowledge to understand the concept of EMI / EMC related to product design
	& development.
2.	Analyze the different EM coupling principles and its impact on performance of electronic
	system.
3.	Know how to bring down the electromagnetic interference highlighting the concepts of both
	susceptibility and immunity
4.	Acquire broad knowledge of various EM radiation measurement techniques
5.	Gain enough knowledge to understand the present leading edge industry standards in
	different countries

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes:

								PO					
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	1	2		1			1						2
со	2	1	2	1									1
CO	3	3	2	3			2						2
	4	3	2	3	1			1	1				1
	5	3	2	3									2

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### Unit I: EMI / EMC Concepts

**12periods** EMI-EMC definitions and Units of parameters; Sources and victim of EMI; Conducted and Radiated EMI Emission and Susceptibility; Transient EMI, ESD; Radiation Hazards.

#### **Unit II: EMI Coupling Principles**

Conducted, radiated and transient coupling; Common ground impedance coupling; Common mode and ground loop coupling; Differential mode coupling; Near field cable to cable coupling, cross talk; Field to cable coupling; Power mains and Power supply coupling.

#### **Unit III: EMI Control Techniques**

Shielding- Shielding Material-Shielding integrity at discontinuities, Filtering- Characteristics of Filters-Impedance and Lumped element filters-Telephone line filter, Power line filter design, Filter installation and Evaluation, Grounding- Measurement of Ground resistance-system grounding for EMI/EMC-Cable shielded grounding, Bonding, Isolation transformer, Transient suppressors, Cable routing, Signal control. EMI gaskets

#### Unit IV: EMI /EMC Measurements

Open area test site; TEM cell; Anechoic chamber; Tx /Rx Antennas, Sensors, Injectors / Couplers, and coupling factors; EMI Rx and spectrum analyzer.

## 12periods

#### **12periods**

#### Unit V: EMI /EMC and Standards

#### **12periods**

Civilian standards-CISPR, FCC, IEC, EN; Military standards-MIL461E/462. Frequency assignment - spectrum conversation. British VDE standards, Euro norms standards in Japan - comparisons. EM Emission and Susceptibility standards and Specifications.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. V. P. Kodali, "Engineering EMC Principles, Measurements and Technologies", IEEE Press, New York, 2000.
- 2. R. C. Paul, "Introduction to Electromagnetic Compatibility", John Wiley and Sons, Inc, 1992.

#### **COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS ENGINEERING**

ECE 312	Credits: 4
Instruction: 4 Periods & 1 Tutorial/Week	Sessional Marks: 40
End Exam : 3 Hours	End Exam Marks: 60

#### **Prerequisites:**

Engineering Mathematics, Signals and Systems, Electronic Circuit Analysis.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By the end of the Course, the students will be able to:
---

- 1. Analyze about various blocks in a Communication System.
- 2. Analyze and design the analog modulator and demodulator circuits.
- 3. Apply the concepts to explain about various blocks in Transmitters and Receivers.
- 4. Analyze and design the pulse analog modulation techniques and evaluate the performance of analogue communication systems in the presence of noise.
- 5. Gain knowledge of satellite orbits, its launching methods, Link design, earth segment and space segment components.

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

		PO											PSO			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1.	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	3	2	3
	2.	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	3	3	3
CO	3.	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	3	3	2
	4.	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	3	2	2
	5.	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	3	3	1	3

#### SYLLABUS

#### **15 periods**

#### **Introduction to Communication Systems:**

Basic Block Diagram of Communication Systems; Principles of Analog and Digital Communication; Linear Modulation Systems: Need for Modulation, Frequency Translation, Method of Frequency Translation, Amplitude Modulation, Modulation Index, Spectrum of AM Signal, Square law modulator and diode detector, DSB-SC Signal and its Spectrum, Balanced Modulator, Synchronous Detectors, Costas loop, Hilbert transform, properties & applications, SSB Signal, SSB Generation Methods, Power Calculations in AM Systems, VSB, Applications of AM Systems.

#### UNIT II

**UNIT I** 

#### Non Linear Modulation Systems:

Angle Modulation, Phase and Frequency Modulation and their Relationship, Phase and Frequency Deviation, NBFM, WBFM, Spectrum of an FM Signal, Bandwidth of Sinusoidal Modulated FM Signal, Carson's rule, Effect of the Modulation Index on Bandwidth, Comparison of FM and PM; Generation of FM Waves: Direct Method-Varactor diode, Indirect Method-Armstrong Method; Detection of FM Waves: Balanced Frequency discriminator, Phase locked loop, Comparison of FM and AM.

## 10 periods

#### **Radio Transmitters & Receivers:** Transmitters: AM and FM Transmitters, SSB Transmitters; Radio receiver: Tuned radio frequency receiver, Superhetrodyne receiver, AM Receivers – RF Section, Frequency Changing and Tracking, Intermediate Frequency and IF Amplifiers, Automatic Gain Control (AGC); FM

#### **UNIT-IV**

#### Noise & Noise performance of AM & FM systems:

Thermal noise, shot noise, Flicker Noise and Transition Noise, Signal to Noise ratio, Noise equivalent bandwidth, Noise equivalent temperature, Noise figure, Figure of merit, Noise in AM Systems: DSB-SC, SSB-SC, AM with carrier (Envelope Detector); Noise in FM, preemphasis & De-emphasis, threshold effect, problems.Analog Pulse **Modulation** Techniques: Pulse modulation and its types, PAM, PWM, PPM, concepts of Time Division Multiplexing, Frequency Division Multiplexing.

#### **UNIT-V**

#### **Satellite Communications:**

Receivers – Amplitude Limiting.

Introduction, History of Satellites, Kepler's laws, Satellite orbits, Geosynchronous Satellites, Launch vehicle, `Antenna look angle, Satellite system link models- Uplink, Transponder, Down link model, Cross-Links, satellite system parameters, satellite system Link equations, satellite system Link Budget.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. B. P. Lathi, "Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems," 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press, 2010.
- 2. Simon Haykins, "Communication Systems," Wiley, Fifth edition, 2009.
- 3. P.Ramakrishna Rao, "Analog communications" Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited. 2011.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. H P Hsu, "Analog and digital communications" Schaum's outlines, McGraw-Hill Education; 2 edition, 2002.
- 2. Wayne Tomasi, "Electronic Communications Systems: Fundamentals Through Advanced,"- Pearson Education, Fifth Edition, 2011.
- 3. Robert J. Schoenbeck, Electronic Communications Modulation and Transmission, PHI N. Delhi, 1999.
- 4. G. Kennedy, "Electronic Communication Systems," McGraw Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. 1977.

#### **UNIT-III**

#### Radio

### **10 periods**

AND APPLICATIONS
Credits:3
Sessional Marks:40
End Exam Marks:60

Prerequisites: Digital Electronics.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By	the end of the course, the student will be able to:
1.	Able to program 8085 microprocessor to meet the specific requirements of the client
2.	Able to organize the hardware involved in BIU & EU of 8086 microprocessor & analyze the minimum and maximum mode 8086 systems using timing diagrams
3.	Able to program 8086 microprocessor to meet the specific requirements of the client
4.	Able to interface 8086 microprocessor to semiconductor memories (SRAM & EPROM), stepper motor to meet the specific requirements of the Client, Also able to generate a specific waveform by designing an interface between a CRO and 8086 microprocessor & able to convert a given analog sample value into its equivalent digital value by designing an interface between 8086 microprocessor and analog input using A/D converter to meet the meet the specific requirements of the Client
5.	Able to design interface between peripheral devices and 8086 microprocessor using 8259 (Programmable Interrupt Controller) to get services from 8086 microprocessor on Interrupt basis & able to interface USART to 8086 to perform serial communication.

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

		PO											PSO			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	2
	2	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	2
СО	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	2
	4	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	2
	5	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	2

#### UNIT I:

#### SYLLABUS

#### **16 Periods**

#### **Overview of 8085 (Architecture & Instruction Set):**

Introduction to Microprocessors and Microcomputers, Internal Architecture and Functional Description of INTEL 8085 Microprocessor, Interrupt Structure of 8085, Instruction Set of 8085  $\mu$ P and Sample programs.

#### UNIT II:

#### 8086 Architecture:

Architecture of 8086, Register organization, Memory segmentation. Physical memory organization. signal description of 8086, Minimum mode 8086 system and timings, Maximum mode 8086 system and timings.

#### UNIT III:

#### **15 Periods**

**09Periods** 

**Instruction Set and Assembly Language Programming of 8086:** Addressing modes, instruction set, assembler directives(Significant), macros and operators. Simple programs involving arithmetic, logical, branch and string manipulation instructions.

#### UNIT IV:

#### Interfacing – I:

Memory interfacing to 8086 (Static RAM & EPROM).

Methods of parallel data transfer, 8255A Internal block diagram and system connections, 8255A operational modes and initialization, constructing and sending 8255A control words, interfacing to 8086. Interfacing Stepper motor, D/A and A/D converters

#### UNIT V:

#### **08** Periods

#### Interfacing – II:

8086 Interrupts and response, Interrupt vector table, Types of Interrupts, 8259 PIC Architecture and interfacing, cascading of interrupt controller to 8086, 8253/8254, modes of 8253 & Interfacing. Serial data transfer schemes: Asynchronous and Synchronous data transfer schemes. 8251 USART architecture and interfacing to 8086. RS-232.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Ramesh S. Gaonkar, *Architecture Programming and Applications*, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Penram International Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. D. V. Hall, *Microprocessors and Interfacing*, Revised 2<sup>nd</sup> edition 2006, TMH,.
- 3. A.K. Ray and K.M. Bhurchand, *Advanced Microprocessors and Peripherals*, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2006, TMH.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. John Uffenbeck, The 8086/8088 Family: Design, Programming And Interfacing, PHI
- 2. N. Senthil Kumar, M. Saravanan, and S. Jeevananthan, *Microprocessors and Microcontrollers*, OUP India

#### **COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE AND ORGANIZATION**

ECE314	Credits:3
Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/week	Sessional Marks:40
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:60

**Prerequisites:** Digital Electronics.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By	By the end of the course, the student will be able to:								
1.	Work with the typical assembly language instructions of a computer								
2.	Organize the hardware involved in the CPU of a computer								
3.	Design CPU & control unit of a basic computer								
4.	Use computing resources such as memory and I/O in an effective manner to improve the performance of a computer								
5.	Illustrate the concept of pipelining and multiprocessors								

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

	PO													PSO		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
	2	1	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	3
CO	3	1	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	3
	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	2
	5	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1

#### SYLLABUS

#### UNIT I :

#### **Register Transfer and Microoperations :**

Register Transfer Language, Register Transfer, Bus and Memory Transfers, Arithmetic Microoperations, Logic Micro operations, Shift Micro operations, Arithmetic Logic Shift Unit

#### UNIT II :

#### **Basic Computer Organization :**

Instruction Codes, Computer Registers, Computer Instructions, hardwired control unit, Instruction Cycle, Memory Reference Instructions

#### **Microprogrammed Control :**

Control Memory, Address Sequencing, Microinstruction Formats, Micro program Example, Design of Control Unit

#### UNIT III : CPU Organization

#### 12 Periods

9 Periods

Introduction, General Register Organization, Instruction Formats, Addressing Modes, Data Transfer and Manipulation, Program Control, , Stack Organization. Reduced Instruction Set Computer(RISC) and CISC architectures

#### UNIT IV :

#### Memory Organization

Memory Hierarchy, Main Memory, Auxiliary Memory, Associative Memory, Cache Memory, Virtual Memory

#### UNIT V :

#### **Input - Output Organization**

Peripheral Devices, Input - Output Interface, Asynchronous Data Transfer, Modes of Transfer, Priority Interrupt, Direct Memory Access (DMA),Introduction to pipelining, multiprocessors

#### **Text Book**

1. M. Morris Mano, Computer System Architecture, 3rd Ed., PHI, 1996

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. V. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko G. Vranesic and Safwat G. Zaky, *Computer Organization*, 5th Ed., McGraw Hill International, 2011
- 2. Sivarama P. Dandamudi, Fundamentals of computer Organization and design, Springer, 2002
- 3. William Stallings, *Computer Organization & Architecture Designing for performance*, 8th Ed., Pearson Education India, 2013
- 4. John D. Carpinelli, *Computer Systems Organization & Architecture*, 1st Ed., Pearson Education India, 2000
- 5. Sajjan G. Shiva, Computer design and architecture, 3rd Ed., Marcel Dekker, 2000
- 6. Hennessy- Patterson, *Computer Architecture: A quantitative approach*, 5 th edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2011

#### 9Periods

#### **INTEGRATED CIRCUITS AND APPLICATIONS**

ECE315	Credits:3
Instruction: 3 periods & 1 Tut/week	Sessional Marks:40
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:60

#### **Prerequisites:**

Network Theory and Synthesis, Electronic Circuits and Analysis-II

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By	By the end of the course, the student will be able to:								
1.	Analyze the static and dynamic electrical behavior of CMOS circuits.								
2.	Design and analyze active filters of an op-amp& IC Voltage regulators								
3.	Design circuits for several applications using IC 555 Timer, PLL, analog multiplier ICs etc.								
4.	Design several circuits using D/A and A/D convertor.								
5.	Design the combinational and Sequential circuits using digital ICs.								

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

		PO													PSO		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	
	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	
СО	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	
	4	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	
	5	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	

#### SYLLABUS

#### **12 Periods**

UNIT I: Digital Circuits:

CMOS logic, electrical behavior of CMOS circuits-Static and Dynamic, Low -Voltage CMOS logic and interfacing, CMOS/TTL interfacing

#### **UNIT II:**

#### Voltage regulators & Active Filters:

IC Voltage regulators - Three terminal fixed and adjustable voltage regulators - IC 723 general purpose regulator - Monolithic switching regulator

Filter Fundamentals: Filter types, Realizing Practical Filters: Sallen-Key LPF and HPF Realizations-BPF Realization-Notch Filter (Band Reject) Realization - All Pass Filters, Switched Capacitor filter

#### **UNIT III:**

#### Timer, Phase Locked Loop and Analog Multiplier:

IC 555 Timer: Functional block diagram and description, Monostable, Astable operation and their applications, 556 Voltage Controlled Oscillator - -Phase Locked Loop-Operation of 565 PLL-Closed loop analysis of PLL- PLL Applications: Frequency Synthesis - Frequency Translation - AM and FM detection, analog multiplier ICs.

#### UNIT IV:

#### Analog to Digital and Digital to Analog Converters :

Digital to Analog converters - Binary weighed and R-2R Ladder types - Analog to digital converters - Continuous - Counter ramp, successive approximation, single, dual slope and parallel types

#### UNIT V:

#### **12 Periods**

**12 Periods** 

Combinational Logic ICs - Specifications and Applications of TTL-74XX & CMOS 40XX Series ICs, Code Converters, Decoders, Demultiplexers, LED & LCD Decoders with Drivers, Encoders, Priority Encoders, Multiplexers, Demultiplexers

**Sequential Logic ICs:** Familiarity with commonly available 74XX & CMOS 40XX Series ICs - All Types of Flip-flops, Synchronous Counters, Decade Counters, Shift Registers.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Millman J. and Halkias C.C., " Integrated Electronics ", McGraw Hill, 2001
- 2. Roy Choudhury and Shail Jain, "Linear Integrated Circuits", New Age Science, 2010
- 3. John F Wakerly, "Digital Design-Principles and practices", 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., Pearson, 2008

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Ramakant A. Gayakwad, "OP AMP and Linear IC's ", Prentice Hall, 2002.
- 2. Sonde, B.S, "Introduction to System Design using Integrated Circuits", Second Edition, Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi, 1994
- 3. Michael Jacob J., "Applications and Design with Analog Integrated Circuits ", Prentice Hall of India, 1996.
- 4. Robert F Coughlin and Fedrick F Driscoll —Operational amplifiers and linear Integrated Circuits, 6th edition, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2006.
- 5. Richard J. Higgins "Electronics with Digital and Analog Integrated Circuits", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1983.
- 6. George Clayton and. Steve Winder Operational Amplifiers, 5th edition. Elsevier, 2003
- 7. Sergio Franco Design with operational amplifiers and analog integrated circuits, 3rd ed., McGraw-Hill Education, 2001

ANTENNAS AND WAVE PROPAGATION						
ECE 316	Credits : 3					
Instruction : 3 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week	Sessional Marks : 40					
End Exam : 3 Hours	End Exam Marks: 60					
Prerequisites: EMFT						

#### Course Outcome:

0	
By	the end of the course, the students will be able to:
1.	Analyze the basic antenna parameters by applying the concepts & properties of
	electromagnetism
2.	Determine the fundamental parameters of practical antennas operating at various
	frequencies from LF to Microwave applications.
3.	Analyze & design the linear antenna arrays.
4.	Assess antenna performance by using suitable measurement technique.

5. Identify & Analyze the characteristics of radio wave propagation.

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

		РО											PSO			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	3	2	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2
	2	3	3	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	2
CO	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	1
	4	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
	5	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	2

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### **12 Periods**

#### **Radiation Mechanism and Antennas Basics**

Antenna definition, Functions of antennas, Network theorems, Properties of antennas, Antenna parameters. Radiation mechanism, Radiation fields of alternating current element, Radiated power and radiation resistance; Radiation, induction and electrostatic fields. Different current distributions in linear antennas, Radiation from half-wave dipole, quarter wave mono pole and their characteristics. Radiation patterns of alternating current element, dipoles and monopoles.

#### UNIT II

**UNIT I** 

#### **Types of Antennas & Applications**

Introduction, Isotropic radiators, Directional antennas, omnidirectional antennas, Resonant antennas, Non-resonant antennas, LF, HF, VHF and UHF antennas. Folded dipole, V-Antennas, Inverted V-antennas, Rhombic antenna, Yagi-Uda antenna, Log-periodic antennas, Loop antenna, Helical antennas. Microwave Antennas: Rod reflector, Plane reflector, Corner reflector, Parabolic reflector, Types of parabolic reflectors, Feed systems for parabolic reflectors, Shaped

beam antennas, Horn antennas, Corrugated horns, Slot antennas, Slots in the walls of rectangular waveguides, Babinet's principle, Lens antennas, Microstrip antenna and feeding techniques.

#### UNIT III

#### Analysis & Synthesis of Linear Arrays

Two-element uniform array, Uniform linear arrays, Field strength of a uniform linear array, First sidelobe ratio (SLR), Broadside and End-fire arrays, Patterns of array of non-isotropic radiators, Multiplication of patterns, Generalized expression for principle of pattern multiplication, Radiation pattern characteristics, Binomial arrays.Transmission loss between transmitting and receiving antennas - FRIIS formula, Antenna temperature and signal-to-noise ratio. Schelkunoff Synthesis methods, Fourier transform method, Linear array design by Woodward-lawson method, Dolph-chebychev method (Tschebyscheff distribution), Taylor method, Laplace transform method, Standard amplitude distributions. Introduction to planar & phased arrays.

#### UNIT IV

#### Antenna Measurements

Introduction, Drawbacks of measurements of antenna parameters, Methods to overcome drawbacks in measurements, Methods for accurate measurements, TEM cell, GTEM cell, Anechoic chamber, Measurement ranges, Indoor and outdoor ranges, Antenna impedance measurements, Measurement of radiation resistance, Gain measurements, Measurement of antenna bandwidth, Directivity measurement, Measurement of sidelobe ratio, Measurement of radiation efficiency, Measurement of antenna aperture efficiency, Measurement of polarization of antenna, Phase measurement.

#### UNIT V

#### **Wave Propagations**

Propagation characteristics of EM Waves, Factors involved in the propagation of radio waves, Ground wave propagation, Ground wave field strength by Maxwell's equations, Reflection of radio waves by the surface of the earth, Roughness of earth, Reflection factors of earth, Wave tilt of the ground wave, Tropospheric wave propagation, Atmospheric effects in space wave propagation, Duct propagation, Radio horizon, Troposcatter, Fading of EM waves in Troposphere, Line of sight (LOS), Ionospheric propagation, Characteristics of ionosphere, Refractive index of ionosphere, Phase and group velocities, Mechanism of Ionospheric propagation, reflection and refraction, Characteristic parameters of Ionospheric propagation, Sky wave field strength, Fading and diversity techniques, Faraday's rotation, Effect of earth's magnetic field.

#### **Text Book**

- 1. C.A. Balanis, Antenna Theory, John Wiley & Sons, NY, 3<sup>rd</sup> edn., 2005.
- 2. G.S.N. Raju, *Antennas and Wave Propagation*, Pearson Education (Singapore) Pvt., Ltd., New Delhi, 2007.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. E. C. Jordan and K. G. Balmain, *EM Waves and Radiation Systems*, PHI N. Delhi,2<sup>nd</sup> Edn., 2000.
- 2. J.D. Kraus, Antennas, McGraw Hill, NY,2<sup>nd</sup> Edn., 1988.

#### **12 Periods**

#### **12 Periods**

### MICROPROCESSORS & APPLICATIONS LABORATORY

ECE 317	Credits:2
Instruction: 3 Lab periods	Sessional Marks:50
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:50

#### **Prerequisites:**

Microprocessors and Applications

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By	By the end of the course, the student will be able to:						
1.	Program 8085 & 8086 microprocessor to meet the requirements of the user.						
2.	Interface peripherals like switches, LEDs, stepper motor, Traffic lights controller, etc,						
3.	Handle interrupts						
4.	Design a microcomputer to meet the requirement of the user						

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

		РО									PSO					
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2	1	2	2	2	I	-	-	2	1	-	1	2	2	2
CO	2	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	2	2	2
CO	3	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	1	2
	4	2	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	2	3	3

#### List of Experiments

Experiments using 8085 Microprocessor trainer:

1) Write a program, which loads Registers, A, B, C, and D with the same constant. Try to optimize the program in such a way that the smallest numbers of program bytes are used. Test the program in single step mode. After each step, test the register of interest.

Assume that 4 bytes of data are stored at consecutive locations of the data-memory starting at (x). Write a program, which loads Registers E with (x), D with (x+1), C with (1+2) and A with (x+3).

- a. Assume that l byte of data is stored at data memory location (x). Write a program which tests bit 5 of (X). Write 'FF' in (x+1), if bit 5=0 and write '00' at the same location if bit 5=1.
- b. Write a program which tests the zero-condition of a data byte specified at data memory location (x). If it is zero '00' should be stored at (x+1) location, if non-zero 'FF' should be stored at the same location.
- c. A binary number is stored at data-memory location (x) Compute the number of its logical 1's and store the result at y.
- d. Comment on the instructions used in the above three programs and write about the effect of flags with the instructions used.
- 2) Two unsigned binary numbers are stored at data-memory locations (x) and (x+1).
  - a. Compute the sum of the two numbers and store the result at y, ignoring the possible overflow.
  - b. Write a program to compute (x+1) (x). The magnitude of the result should be stored at (y) and the sign (00 if positive, 01 if negative) at (y+1). Understand the 2's compliment Arithmetic.
- 3) N binary numbers stored at consecutive data memory locations starting at (x) where N is defined at data memory location 'NUMBER'.

- a. Find the largest number and display it in the data field and arrange them in ascending order.
- b. Find the smallest number and display it in the data field and arrange them in descending order.
- 4) Two 8-bit binary numbers are stored at data memory locations (x) and (x+1) compute product of the two numbers using, a). Successive addition method. b). Shifting and adding method store the result in (y) and (y+1).

#### Experiments using 8086 Microprocessor trainer/TASM/MASM:

- 5) Addition of a) 16-bit numbers b) 32-bit numbers
- 6) Factorial of a number, Fibonacci series
- 7) Hexadecimal and decimal counters
- 8) Sorting of numbers

#### Interfacing experiments with 8086 Microprocessor trainer:

- 9) Interfacing of D/A converter
- 10) Interfacing of A/D converter
- 11) 8255 Study Card Interfacing I/O Devices
- 12) Interfacing of stepper motor
- 13) Interfacing of 7-segment display/Traffic light controller

Note: A student has to perform a minimum of 10 experiments.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Ramesh S. Gaonkar, *Architecture Programming and Applications*, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Penram International Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. D. V. Hall, *Microprocessors and Interfacing*, Revised 2<sup>nd</sup> edition 2006, TMH,.
- 3. A.K. Ray and K.M. Bhurchand, *Advanced Microprocessors and Peripherals*, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2006, TMH.

#### **INTEGRATED CIRCUITS LABORATORY ECE318** Credits:2 Instruction: 3 Lab periods Sessional Marks:50

End Exam Marks:50

End Exam: 3 Hours

#### **Prerequisites:**

Digital Electronics, Integrated Circuits and Applications

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By	the end of the course, the student will be able to
1.	Design the circuits using op-amps for various applications like adder, subtractor, integrator,
	differentiator and Schmitt trigger
2.	Design active filters for the given specifications and obtain their frequency response
	characteristics.
3.	Design and analyze multivibrator circuits using op-amp and 555Timer
4.	Design and analyze various combinational circuits like multiplexers, and de-multiplexers,
	binary adder, subractor, etc
5.	Design and analyze various sequential circuits like flip-flops, counters etc

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

			РО									PSO				
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	3	3	2
	2	2	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	2	2	2
CO	3	2	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	2	2	2
	4	2	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	2	2	2
	5	2	2	3	1	2	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	2	2	2

#### List of Experiments:

- 1) Application of Operational Amplifiers
- 2) Design and testing of Active LPF & HPF using op-amp
- 3) Design of Schmitt Trigger using op-amp
- 4) Design of Astable multivibrator using a) op amp b) IC 555
- 5) Line and load regulation of three terminal IC Voltage Regulator.
- 6) Operation of R-2R ladder DAC and flash type ADC
- 7) Simulation of any 4 Experiments 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 using Multisim software
- 8) Minimization and Realization of a given Function using Basic Gates (AND, OR, NOR, NAND, EXOR).
- 9) Design and implementation of code converters using logic gates (i) BCD to excess-3 code (ii) Gray to binary
- 10) Design of binary adder and subtractor
- 11) Design and implementation of Multiplexer and De-multiplexer using logic gates.
- 12) Implementation and Testing of RS Latch and Flip-flops D, JK and T.

- 13) Design of synchronous counters
- 14) Design of asynchronous counters

Note: A student has to perform a minimum of 12 experiments.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Millman J. and Halkias C.C., " Integrated Electronics ", McGraw Hill, 2001
- 2. Roy Choudhury and Shail Jain, "Linear Integrated Circuits", New Age Science, 2010
- 3. John F Wakerly, "Digital Design-Principles and practices", 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., Pearson, 2008
- 4. Ramakant A. Gayakwad, "OP AMP and Linear IC's ", Prentice Hall, 2002.

<b>QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE - I</b>					
ECE 319	Credits: 2				
Instructions: 4 Periods/week	Sessional Marks: 100				

#### **Prerequisites:** Nil

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Quantitative Aptitude –I

By	the end of the course student will be able to :
1.	Solve problems related to numerical computations in company specific and other
	competitive tests
2.	Recall and use the concepts to solve problems numerical estimation with respect to
	company specific and competitive tests.
3.	Apply basic principles related to geometry and mensuration & solve questions in

company specific and competitive tests.

#### Verbal Aptitude-I:

By the end of the course student will be able to :

- 1. Detect grammatical errors in the text/sentences and rectify them while answering their competitive company specific tests and frame grammatically correct sentences while writing.
- 2. Answer questions on synonyms, antonyms, hyponyms, hypernyms and other vocabulary based exercises while attempting company specific and other competitive tests.
- 3. Use their logical thinking ability and solve questions related to reasoning based exercises.
- 4. Choose the appropriate word/s/phrases suitable to the given context in order to make the sentence/paragraph coherent
- 5. Analyze the given data/text and find out the correct responses to the questions asked based on the reading exercises; identify relationships or patterns within groups of words or sentences.

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### Section –A (Quantitative Aptitude –I) UNIT I

#### Numerical computation:

Applications based on Numbers, Chain Rule, Ratio Proportion

#### **UNIT II**

**6** Periods

**4** Periods

**6** Periods

## Numerical estimation - I

Applications Based on Time and work, Time and Distance

#### UNIT III Numerical estimation – II

Applications based on Percentages, Profit Loss and Discount, Simple interest and Compound Interest Partnerships, Shares and dividends

#### **UNIT IV**

#### **Data interpretation**

Data interpretation related to Averages, Mixtures and allegations, Bar charts, Pie charts, Venn diagrams

#### UNIT V

#### **4** Periods

Application to industry in Geometry and Mensuration

#### **Books for practice**

- 1. Quantitative aptitude by RS Agarwal, S Chand Publications
- 2. Verbal and non verbal Reasoning by RS Agarwal from S Chand publications

#### References

- 1. Barron's by Sharon Welner Green and Ira K Wolf (Galgotia Publications pvt. Ltd.)
- 2. Quantitative Aptitude by U Mohan Rao Scitech publications
- 3. Quantitative Aptitude by Arun Sharma McGrawhill publications
- 4. Quantitative Aptitude by Ananta Asisha Arihant publications
- 5. Quantitative Aptitude by Abhijit Guha
- 6. Quantitative Aptitude by Pearson publications
- 7. Material from 'IMS, Career Launcher and Time' institutes for competitive exams.
- 8. Elementary and Higher algebra by HS Hall and SR knight.

#### Websites:

www.m4maths.com www.Indiabix.com 800score Official GRE site Official GMAT site

#### Section –B (Verbal Aptitude –I)

### UNIT I

#### Grammar:

Parts of speech( with emphasis on appropriate prepositions, co-relative conjunctions, pronounsnumber and person, relative pronouns), articles(nuances while using definite and indefinite articles), tenses(with emphasis on appropriate usage according to the situation), subject - verb agreement (to differentiate between number and person), clauses (use of the appropriate clause, conditional clauses). phrases(use of phrasal the phrases. verbs), degrees of comparison(comparing apples and oranges, comparison and number), modifiers(misplaced and dangling modifiers, absence of modifiers), determiners, parallelism in structure(symmetry in two part sentences), word order, subjunctive mood, redundancy, special types of sentences, miscellaneous types, identifying errors in a given sentence, correcting errors in sentences.

#### UNIT II

#### Vocabulary:

Synonyms and synonym variants (with emphasis on high frequency words), antonyms and antonym variants (with emphasis on high frequency words), homonyms, hyponyms, hypernyms and General idioms.

#### 7 Periods

#### **5** Periods

**4** Periods

Critical reasoning (understanding the terminology used in CR- premise, assumption, inference, conclusion), Sequencing of sentences (to form a coherent paragraph, to construct a meaningful and grammatically correct sentence using the jumbled text), to use logical reasoning and eliminate the unrelated word from a group.

#### **UNIT IV**

#### Usage:

Sentence completion (with emphasis on signpost words and structure of a sentence), contextual meanings (to use the appropriate word according to the situation), supplying a suitable beginning/ending/middle sentence to make the paragraph coherent, idiomatic language (with emphasis on business communication), punctuation depending on the meaning of the sentence, run on errors, sentence fragments, coma splices.

#### UNIT V

#### **Reading Comprehension**:

Types of passages (to understand the nature of the passage), types of questions (with emphasis on inferential and analytical questions), style and tone ( to comprehend the author's intention of writing a passage), strategies for quick and active reading(importance given to skimming, scanning), summarizing ,reading between the lines, reading beyond the lines, techniques for answering questions related to vocabulary (with emphasis on the context), supplying suitable titles to the passage, identifying the theme and central idea of the given passages.

#### **Books for Practice**

- 1. Practical English Grammar A. J. Thomson, A. V. Martinet by Oxford University press
- 2. Remedial English Grammar for Foreign Students by FT wood published by Macmillan **Publishers**
- 3. Objective English-Edgar Torpe, Showick Thorpe-Pearson Education
- 4. Cambridge and Oxford Dictionaries

#### **Reference Books and websites:**

- 1. Barron's by Sharon Welner Green and Ira K Wolf (Galgotia Publications Pvt.Ltd.)
- 2. Websites: Indiabix, 800 score, official CAT, GRE and GMAT sites
- 3. Material from 'IMS, Career Launcher and Time' institutes for competitive exams.
- 4. Collins Cobuild English Grammar by Goyal Publishers
- 5. Word Power Made Easy by Norman Lewis-Goyal Publishers

# UNIT III

#### **Reasoning:**

MICROWAVE & RADAR ENGINEERING						
ECE 321	Credits : 3					
Instruction : 3 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week	Sessional Marks : 40					
End Exam : 3 Hours	End Exam Marks: 60					
Prerequisites: Nil						

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the	At the end of the course the student will be able to							
1.	. Apply the EM fundamentals in solving problems related to guided wave theory.							
2.	. Analyze the working of microwave components using S- matrix.							
3.	Choose suitable microwave tube or a solid state device for generating / amplifying microwave signals for a specific application.							
4.	Determine the parameters of a microwave device such a wavelength VSWR, impedance.							
5.	Analyze different types of radars to be used for specific application.							

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

								PO							PSO	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	3	2	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	3	3	1
	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
CO	3	3	2	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	3	1	3
	4	2	2	3	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2
	5	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	1	2

#### SYLLABUS

#### 12 periods

#### UNIT I Microwave Components:

Introduction to Microwaves, advantages and applications; Coaxial Line Components; Theory of Guided Waves- Waves in between parallel plates parallel plate, Wave Guide – Derivation of Field Equations, Modes of Propagations, and their parameters, Types of Wave-guides; Excitation methods for different TE and TM modes, Evanescent mode, Wave impedance in waveguide; Attenuators; Ferrite Devices - Isolators, Circulators; Cavity Resonators, Re-entrant Cavities, Wave-meters, Waveguide Iris, posts, screws, Microwave Filters, Detectors.

#### UNIT II

#### **Microwave Circuits:**

Scattering Matrix and its Properties. Scattering Matrix of E Plane Tee, H plane Tee and Magic Tee, Directional coupler & its types, Scattering Matrix of Circulator, Isolator, Applications.

#### UNIT III

#### Microwave Signal Generators and Amplifiers:

Resonant Cavity Devices, Reflex Klystron, Two – Cavity Klystron, Multi – Cavity Klystron, Slow – Wave Devices, TWT, Crossed Field Devices, Magnetrons, Semiconductor Devices,

# 12 periods

#### 12 periods

#### UNIT IV

#### **Microwave Measurements:**

# Introduction to Microwave bench setup, Measurement of Frequency, Wavelength, VSWR, Unknown impedance, attenuation. Coupling, Isolation and Directivity measurements of Directional coupler. Microwave power measurement, dielectric constant measurement, .

#### UNIT V

#### **Radar Engineering :**

Radar Range Equation, Radar Block Diagram and Operation, Prediction of Range, Minimum Detectable Signal, Receiver Noise, Radar Cross-section, Transmitter Power, PRF and Range Ambiguities, Radar Antenna Parameters, System Losses and Propagation Effects. Types of radars- MTI & Pulse Doppler Radar, Tracking Radar –Principles; Synthetic Aperture Radar, Phased Array Radar Semi Active and Active Array Radars – Introduction.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Simon Kingsley and Shaun Quegan, "Understanding Radar Systems", SciTech Publishing, 1999.
- 2. G.S.N. Raju, "Microwave Engineering", 1st ed., IK International Publishers,
- 3. G. Sasibhushan Rao, "Microwave & Radar Engineering", 1<sup>st</sup> ed., Pearson Education, 2014.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. G.S.N Raju, "*Radar Engineering and Fundamentals of Navigational Aids*", 1<sup>st</sup> ed. IK International Publishers, 2008
- 2. M.I. Skolnik, "Introduction to Radar Systems", McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 3. R. R. Collin, "Foundations for Microwave Engineering", 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., McGraw Hill.2015.

#### 12 periods

12 periods

DIGITAL SIGNAL PROC	CESSING
ECE 322	Credits : 4
Instruction : 4 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week	Sessional Marks : 40
End Exam : 3 Hours	End Exam Marks: 60
Prerequisites: ECE 214	

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By	the end of the course, the student will be able to:
1	Mathematically classify different types of signals and perform

1.	Mathematically classify different types of signals and perform basic operations on time and
	amplitude and Represent DT signals in the Frequency domain using Fourier Analysis and Z-
	Transforms.
2.	Transform a DTS into frequency domain using DFT and FFT and compare these two methods

with respect to their computation complexity.

3. Design and realize IIR and FIR digital filters for a arbitrary frequencies and attenuation values .

- 4. Implement sampling rate conversion using decimation and interpolation applied in digital filter banks.
- 5. Explain the DSP processors which can be used for practical applications and also acquired knowledge on various applications of Digital Signal Processors in speech processing.

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

							P	0							PSO	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2	2	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	1
	2	2	2	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	1
со	3	2	3	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	2
	4	2	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	1
	5	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	1

#### SYLLABUS

#### **12 Periods**

**Introduction to Digital Signal Processing & Applications of Z-Transforms :** Classification of signal & systems – linear shift invariant systems – stability and causality – Sampling of continuous signals, signal reconstruction – linear constant coefficient difference equations – frequency domain representation of discrete time signals and systems.

Review of Z-Transforms, Applications of Z – Transforms, Solution of difference equations – block diagram representation of linear constant coefficient difference equations- basic structure of IIR systems – basic structures of FIR systems – system functions - Finite Word Length Effects.

#### UNIT II

**UNIT I** 

#### **12 Periods**

**Discrete Fourier Series & Fourier Transforms and FFTs:** Properties of discrete Fourier series, DFS representation of periodic sequences, Discrete Fourier transforms: Properties of DFT, linear convolution of sequences using DFT, Computation of DFT, Fast Fourier transforms (FFT) - Radix-2 decimation in time and decimation in frequency FFT Algorithms, Inverse FFT.

#### UNIT III

**IIR & FIR Digital Filter Design Techniques:** Analog filter approximations – Butterworth and Chebyshev, Design of IIR Digital filters from analog filters, Frequency transformations, Bilinear Transformations method, Impulse and Step invariance method. Design Examples: Analog-Digital transformations, Characteristics of FIR Digital Filters, frequency response. Design of FIR Digital Filters using Window Techniques, Frequency Sampling technique, Comparison of IIR & FIR filters.

#### UNIT IV

**Multirate Digital Signal Processing:** Decimation, interpolation, sampling rate conversion, Implementation of sampling rate conversion. Digital Filter Banks, sub band coding of speech signals.

#### UNIT V

#### **12 Periods**

**08** Periods

**Introduction to DSP Processors & DSP Applications:** Introduction to programmable DSPs -Multiplier and Multiplier Accumulator (MAC), Modified Bus Structures and Memory Access schemes in DSPs, Multiple Access Memory - Multiport memory - VLSI architecture – Pipelining - Special addressing modes - On-Chip Peripherals - Architecture of TMS 320C5X - Introduction, Bus Structure - Central Arithmetic Logic Unit - Auxiliary Register - Index Register - Block Move Address Register - Parallel Logic Unit - Memory mapped registers - program controller -Some flags in the status registers - On-chip registers, On-chip peripherals.

DSP Applications: Application of DSP in Speech Processing – DSP applications in Bio-Medical Engineering.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. John G. Proakis, Dimitris G.Manolakis, *Digital Signal Processing, Principles, Algorithms, and Applications:* Pearson Education / PHI, 2007.
- 2. K Raja Rajeswari, *Digital Signal Processing* I.K. International Publishing House.
- 3. A.V.Oppenheim and R.W. Schaffer, Discrete Time Signal Processing, PHI.
- 4. B.Venkataramani, M.Bhaskar, *Digital Signal Processors Architecture, Programming* and *Applications*, TATA McGraw Hill, 2002.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Alan V. Oppenheim and Ronald W. Schafer, Digital Signal Processing, PHI.
- 2. Sanjit K. Mitra, *Digital Signal Processing "A Computer Based Approach"*, Tata Mc Graw Hill.
- 3. C. Britton Rorabaugh, DSP Primer Tata McGraw Hill, 2005.
- 4. Robert J. Schilling, Sandra L. Harris CL Fundamentals of Digital Signal Processing using Matlab Engineering;

### **MICROCONTROLLERS & EMBEDDED SYSTEMS**

ECE 323	Credits:3
Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/week	Sessional Marks:40
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:60

#### **Prerequisites:**

Digital Electronics, Computer Architecture & Organization, Microprocessors and Interfacing

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By	the end of the course, the student will be able to:
1.	Acquire knowledge of the architecture and operation of Intel 8051 microcontroller and Analyze
	the hardware features like timers, memory, interrupts and serial communication available in
	8051 Microcontroller Family of devices
2.	Develop assembly language programs for data transfer, arithmetic, logical, and branching
	operations using instruction set of 8051 and apply them in control applications
3.	Develop applications that will provide solution to real world problems by Interfacing 8051
	Microcontroller with various peripherals such as ADC, DAC, keyboard, display, Interrupt and
	Serial communication modules.
4.	Evaluate the Embedded system design flow from the requirements to the deployment level and
	analyze the hardware/software tradeoffs involved in the design of embedded systems.
5.	Express the implementation of ARM and SHARC Processors in terms of architecture, and
	memory organization. Also evaluate the performance metrics of simple and networked
	Embedded systems

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

							P	0							PSO	)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	1
	2	2	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	1
CO	3	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	1
	4	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
	5	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	1
							SY	YLL	AB	US						

#### UNIT I: 8051 Microcontroller:

Introduction to Microcontrollers, comparing Microprocessors and Microcontrollers, Architecture of 8051 Micro controller, Register organization of 8051, SFRs, Addressing modes of 8051. Pin configuration of 8051, Input/Output Ports and Circuits, External Memory, Counters/Timers and modes of Timers, Serial data Input/Output, Interrupts.

#### **UNIT II:**

#### Assembly Language Programming of 8051

Programming the 8051. Data Transfer and Logical Instructions. Arithmetic Operations, Decimal Arithmetic. Jump and Call Instructions.

#### **12 Periods**

#### **16 Periods**

#### UNIT III: Interfacing 8051

Interfacing with Keyboards, Displays, D/A and A/D converters, Multiple Interrupts, Serial Data Communication.

#### UNIT IV:

#### Introduction To Embedded Systems

Embedded systems overview, design challenge, Processor technology, IC technology, Design Technology, Trade-offs.

#### UNIT V:

#### Introduction to advanced architectures

ARM and SHARC, Processor and memory organization and Instruction level parallelism; Networked embedded systems: Bus protocols, I2C bus and CAN bus; Internet-Enabled Systems, Design Example-Elevator Controller.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Muhammed Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi, Rolin D Mc Kinlay, *The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems Using Assembly and C*, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.
- 2. Frank Vahid, Tony Givargis, Embedded System Design, 2nd Edition, John Wiley.
- 3. Rajeshwar Singh, Dr.D.K.Singh, Embedded System Design, 1st Ed., Dhanpat Rai, 2010

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Kenneth. J. Ayala, Dhananjay V. Gadre, *The 8051 Microcontroller & Embedded Systems Using Assembly and C*, 1st edition, Cengage learning, 2010
- 2. David E. Simon, An Embedded Software Primer, Pearson Education
- 3. Satish Shah, 8051 Microcontrollers: MCS 51 Family and Its Variants, 1/e, Oxford University Press, 2010
- 4. B. Kanta Rao, *Embedded Systems*, 1<sup>st</sup> Ed., PHI, 2011
- 5. Wayne Wolf, *Computers as Components-principles of Embedded computer system design*, Elsevier

# **10 Periods**

ANALO	G IC DESIGN
ECE 324(a)	Credits : 3
Instruction : 3 Periods & 1 Tut/Week	Sessional Marks : 40
End Exam : 3 Hours	End Exam Marks : 60

#### **Prerequisites:**

Network Analysis and Synthesis, Electronic Circuits Analysis-I, Electronic Circuits Analysis-II

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Understand the basic MOS device physics and models

2. Analyze and design single stage amplifiers

3. Analyze and design differential amplifiers

- 4. Analyze and design current sources/sinks/mirrors
- 5. Analyze and design basic operational amplifiers circuits

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

				PSO												
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	1
	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	1
CO	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	1
	4	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	1
	5	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	1

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### **UNIT-I:**

#### **Basic MOS Device Physics:**

MOSFET as a switch, MOSFET structure and symbols, Threshold voltage, Derivation of I-V characteristics, second order effects.

#### **UNIT-II:**

#### **Device Modeling:**

DC Models, Small signal models, use of device models in circuit analysis, DC MOSFET model, and small signal MOSFET model, High frequency MOSFET Model, Measurement of MOSFET Model parameters.

#### **UN IT-III:**

#### Single stage amplifiers:

Basic concepts, CS stage with resistive load, CS stage with diode connected load, CS stage with Current-Source load, CS stage with Triode load, CS stage with Source degeneration, Source follower, Common gate stage, Cascode stage

#### **UNIT-IV:**

#### **Differential amplifiers:**

Single ended and differential operation, qualitative and quantitative analysis of Basic differential pair, common mode response, differential pair with MOS Loads

# **12 Periods**

**12 Periods** 

#### **12 Periods**

**Passive and Active current mirrors:** Basic current mirrors, Cascode current mirrors, Active current mirrors.

#### **UNIT-V:**

#### **Operational amplifiers:**

**12 Periods** 

Performance parameters, one stage op-amps, two stage op-amps, gain boosting, common mode feedback, input range limitations, slew rate, power supply rejection.

#### Text books:

1. Behzad Razavi, *Design of Analog CMOS Integrated Circuits*, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1st edition, 2002.

2. Randall Geiger, Phillip Allen, Noel Strader, *VLSI Design Techniques for Analog and Digital Circuits*, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1st edition, 2010.

#### **References:**

1. Douglas R. Holberg, P. E. Allen Phillip E. Allen, *CMOS Analog Circuit Design*, 2nd edition, 2002

## ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE / COMPATABILITY

ECE 324(b)	Credits : 3
Instruction : 3 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week	Sectional Marks : 40
End Exam : 3 Hours	End Exam Marks: 60

Prerequisites: Nil

#### **Course Outcomes :**

By the end of the course, students will be able to :

1. Understand the concept of EMI / EMC, related to product design & development.

- 2. Analyze the different EM coupling principles and its impact on performance of electronic system.
- 3. Ensure that a designed system conforms itself to certain standard through a thorough understanding of various standards in different countries.

4. Have broad knowledge of various EM radiation measurement techniques.

5. Model a given electromagnetic environment/system so as to comply with the standards.

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

							PO					PSO			
		1	2	3	12	1	2	3							
	1	2		1		1					2			3	
CO	2	1	2	1							1	2	3		
CO	3	3	2	3		2					2	2	3		
	4	3	2	3	1		1	1			1	2			
	5	3	2	3							2	2	3		

#### UNIT I

#### SYLLABUS

#### **12 Periods**

**Introduction to overview of EMI/EMC/ESD/EMP:** EM environment, Historical Notes, Problems of EMI, Frequency Conservation, Assignment & spectrum, practical experiences, Occurrence of EMI, Concepts of EMI/EMC-definitions, Sources of noise, Natural and Nuclear Sources of EMI, Conducted and Radiated Emissions and Susceptibility. Introduction - EMI Testing and Compliance Tests, ESD, EMP.

#### UNIT II

#### **Elimination/Reduction Methodologies:**

Techniques, Shielding Techniques, Electrical Bonding Techniques, Cabling Techniques, Power Supply Filters, Power Supplies, Connectors and Components/ Accessories.

### UNIT III

#### **EMC Regulation/ Standards:**

Introduction to different commercial and defense Standards like FCC, CISPR/IEC, VDE, IEEE/ ANSI, MIL-STD

#### UNIT IV

#### **EMI/EMC Measurement Technologies:**

Introduction to various instruments used in the measurements and their characteristics, Radiated Interference Measurements, Conducted Interference Measurements, Pitfalls in EMI Measurements, Measurements of pulsed EMI, Introduction of Measurement Environment –

# Grounding

**12 Periods** 

### 12 Periods

### 12 Periods

OATS, Anechoic Chamber, TEM, GTEM cell. Software in EMI/EMC Measurements, Different EMI Test Instruments and their comparisons.

## UNIT V

#### **EMI/EMC Modeling:**

#### **12 Periods**

Modeling of filter for suppression of EMI in the design, choice of various electronic components, Pulse Interference Immunity, EMC computer modeling and Simulation, Signal Integrity EMC design, Guidelines, Probabilistic

#### **Text Book**

- 1. IMPACT, EMI/EMC for Engineering Colleges, RSTE ,1997.
- 2. Kodali, V.P., "Engineering EMC- Principles, Measurements, Technologies and Computer Models", 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., IEEE Press, NY, 2000.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Paul, R.C, "Introduction to EMC", 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., John Wiley & Sons Inc., 2006.

ELECTRONIC MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION									
ECE 324(c)	CREDITS: 3								
Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tutorial/Week	Sessional Marks: 40								
End Exam : 3 Hours	End Exam Marks: 60								
Dronominitage Nil									

Prerequisites: Nil

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the	At the end of the course, the student will be able to:							
1.	Measure various parameters with accuracy, precision and resolution and understand the							
	operation of PMMC and EMMC with their applications							
2.	Understand the principle of operation, working of different electronic instruments							
3.	Apply the knowledge of cathode ray oscilloscopes and understand the functioning,							
	specification, applications of signal analyzing instruments							
4.	Understand principles of measurement associated with different bridges							
5.	Select appropriate passive or active transducers for measurement of physical phenomenon							

#### Mapping of course outcomes with POs and PSO's:

		PO	0											PSO		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	3
00	2	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	2
CO	3	1	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2
	4	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2
	5	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	2	1

#### SYLLABUS

#### [10 periods]

#### **Basic measurement concepts:**

Objectives of engineering measurement, performance characteristics-static and dynamic. Errors in measurement, sources of error, types of errors, statistical analysis, classification of standards, permanent magnet moving coil(PMMC) meter, DC ammeter, DC voltmeter, voltmeter sensitivity, series ohmmeter, shunt ohmmeter, Electrodynamometer, problems

#### UNIT-II

UNIT-I

#### **Basic electronic instruments:**

Instruments for measuring basic parameters-Amplified DC meter, AC voltmeter using rectifier, true RMS responding voltmeter, electronic multimeter, Q-meter, vector-impedance meter, vector voltmeter, rf and power measurement

**Digital instruments**: digital voltmeters and its different types-ramp, stair case ramp,integrating, continuous balance, successive approximation, resolution and sensitivity of digital meters, Digital multimeter, digital frequency meter, digital measurement of time, phase meter

#### UN IT-III

#### Oscilloscopes and signal analysis:

Introduction, oscilloscope block diagram cathode ray tube, crt circuits, vertical deflection system, delay line, horizontal deflection system, oscilloscope probes and transducers,

#### [15 periods]

#### [15 periods]

Measurement of amplitude, time, frequency and phase (Lissajous method). Principle of sampling oscilloscope, digital storage oscilloscope

Signal analysis-basic wave analyzer, heterodyne wave analyzer, harmonic distortion analyzer, spectrum analyzer

#### **UNIT-IV Bridge measurements:**

[10 periods]

Wheatstone bridge, Kelvin bridge, digital read-out bridges, microprocessor controlled bridge AC bridges: Measurement of inductance-Maxwell's bridge, hay bridge, Anderson Bridge. Measurement of capacitance- Schering Bridge, measurement of frequency-Wien bridge, wagners earth connection [10 periods]

#### UNIT-V

#### Transducers

Active and passive transducers: Measurement of displacement (Resistance, capacitance, inductance; LVDT) Force (strain gauges) Pressure (piezoelectric transducers) Temperature (resistance thermometers, thermocouples, and Thermistors), Velocity, Acceleration, vibration, pH measurement signal conditioning circuits, data acquisition systems, telemetry systems, IEEE 488 standard bus

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. A.D.Helfrick and W.D.Cooper, "modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques", PHI, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, 2002
- 2. Electrical and Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation by A.K.Sawhney, 2002 edition

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. H.S.Kalsi,"Electronic instrumentation", second edition, TMH, 2004.
- 2. Oliver and Cage,"electronic measurements and instrumentation, TMH

#### **TELECOMMUNICATION SWITCHING AND NETWORKS**

ECE 324(d)	CREDITS: 3
Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tutorial/Week	Sessional Marks: 40
End Exam : 3 Hours	End Exam Marks: 60

#### **Prerequisites:**

Digital Electronics, Signals and Systems, Electronic Circuit Analysis.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By the end of the Course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand and describe the concepts of multiplexing and switching.

2. Apply probability related concepts to resolve traffic and network related issues

3. Analyze and solve problems in traffic engineering

4. Recognize the significance of ISDN and outline its architecture

5. Obtain an overview of end to end transmission in data networks

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

			РО											PSO		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO	1.	2	1										2	3	1	1
	2.	3	3	2	1								1	3	2	2
CO	3.	3	3	3	1								1	3	3	2
	4.	2		1									2	3		1
	5.	2	1	2									3	2	1	2

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### **UNIT-I**

#### **Telecommunication Switching Systems :**

Basics of Switching Systems, Principles of Cross Bar Switching. Electronic Space Division Switching: Stored Program Control, Centralized SPC, Distributed SPC, Two Stage Networks, Three Stage Networks.

#### **UNIT-II**

#### **Time Division Switching :**

Basic Time Division Space Switching, Basic Time Division Time Switching, Time Multiplexed Space Switching, Time Multiplexed Time Switching, Combination Switching, Three Stage Combination Switching.

#### **UNIT-III**

#### **Telephone Networks :**

Subscriber Loop Systems, Switching Hierarchy and Routing, Transmission Plan, Signaling Techniques: In Channel Signaling, Common Channel Signaling.

Traffic Engineering : Network Traffic Load And Parameters, Grade Of Service, Blocking Probability, Modeling Switching Systems, Incoming Traffic and Service Time Characterization, Blocking Models and Loss Estimates, Delay Systems

#### **10 Periods**

**10 Periods** 

#### UNIT-IV

#### **Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) :**

Motivation For ISDN, Network & Protocol Architecture, Transmission Channels, User Network Interfaces, Numbering, Addressing, ISDN Standards, Broadband ISDN.

#### UNIT-V

#### Data Networks :

Data transmission in PSTNs, Switching techniques for data transmission, Data communication architecture, Link-to-link layers, End-to-End layers, Local Area Networks, Metropolitan Area Networks, Data Network Standards, Protocol Stacks, Internetworking.

#### **Text Book:**

1. Thyagarajan Viswanath, "Telecommunication Switching Systems and Networks" PHI, 2000.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. J. Bellamy, "Digital telephony", 2nd edition, 2001, John Wiley.

2. B.A. Forouzan, "Data Communication & Networking", 3rd Edition, 2004, TMH.

3. J E Flood, "Telecommunication switching, Traffic and Networks", 2002, Pearson Education.

#### **10 Periods**

### **DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS**

ECE 325	CREDITS: 3
Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tutorial/Week	Sessional Marks: 40
End Exam : 3 Hours	End Exam Marks: 60

#### **Prerequisites:**

Digital Electronics, Communication Systems, Electronic Circuit Analysis.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By	By the end of the Course, the student will be able to:								
1.	Compare and analyze various baseband and bandpass digital modulation techniques								
2.	Calculate probability of error for various digital modulation techniques to analyze the performance of DCS in the presence of noise.								
3.	Analyze the performance of spread spectrum code acquisition and tracking circuits.								
4.	Evaluate the channel capacity and Calculate efficiency of various source encoding techniques.								
5.	Implement channel coding techniques and comprehend error correction and detection.								

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

			РО												PSO		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
	1.	З	3	2		2*				2*			1				
	2.	3	3							1*			1				
СО	3.	2	3	1						1*			1				
	4.	3	3	1						1*			1				
	5.	3	3	1						1*			1				

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### **15 Periods**

#### Analog to Digital Conversion and transmission:

Analog to digital conversion- Pulse Code Modulation, Differential Pulse Code Modulation, Delta Modulation, Adaptive Delta Modulation, Noise in Pulse-Code and Delta-Modulation Systems; Digital modulation techniques- Binary Amplitude-Shift Keying, Binary Phase-Shift Keying, Differential Phase-Shift Keying, Quadrature Phase-Shift Keying (QPSK), M-ary PSK, Quadrature Amplitude Shift Keying (QASK), Binary Frequency Shift-Keying, M-ary FSK.

#### **UNIT-II**

**UNIT-I** 

### **Data Reception:**

A Base-band Signal Receiver, Probability of Error, The Optimum Filter, White Noise: The Matched Filter, Probability of Error of the Matched Filter, Coherent Reception: Correlation, Phase-Shift Keying, Frequency-Shift Keying, Non-coherent Detection of FSK, Differential PSK, QPSK, Error Probability for QPSK, MSK, Comparison of Modulation Systems.

#### **UNIT-III Spread Spectrum Modulation:**

Sequence (DS) Spread Spectrum, Use of Spread Spectrum with Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA), Ranging using DS Spread Spectrum, Frequency Hopping (FH) Spread Spectrum, Generation and Characteristics of PN Sequences, Acquisition (Coarse Synchronization) of a DS Signal, Tracking of a DS Signal.

### **UNIT-IV**

### **Information theory and coding:**

Concept of amount of information and its properties, Entropy and its properties, Information rate, mutual information and its properties; Source coding: Shannon's theorem, Shannon-Fano coding, Huffman coding, channel capacity of a Gaussian noise channel, bandwidth-S/N trade off.

#### **UNIT-V**

#### **Channel Coding:**

Block Codes-Introduction, Matrix description of Linear block codes, cyclic codes, Error detection and error correction capabilities of linear block codes, Hamming codes; Convolution Codes- encoding of convolution codes, Graphical approach: state, tree and trellis diagram.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. H.Taub and D.Schilling, "Principles of Communication Systems"- TMH, 2003.
- 2. P.Ramakrishna rao, "Digital Communication" Mc, Graw Hill editon, 2011.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Simon Haykin, "Digital communications"- John Wiley, 2005.
- 2. B. P. Lathi, "Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems," (2nd Edition).
- 3. K.Sam shanmugam, "Digital and Analog Communication Systems" John Wiley, 2005.

#### **10 Periods**

**10 Periods** 

Direct

### **15 Periods**

#### Linear

#### COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS ENGINEERING LABORATORY

ECE 326	CREDITS: 2
Practicals: 3 Periods/Week	Sessional Marks: 50
End Exam : 3 Hours	End Exam Marks: 50

#### **Prerequisites:**

Communication Systems, Signals and Systems, Electronic Circuit Analysis.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By	By the end of the Course, the student will be able to:								
1.	Design and Simulate different Modulation schemes								
2.	Design high pass and Low-pass filters used in communication system.								
3.	Perform multiplexing on analog signals and Retrieve useful information by observing								
	AM and FM in frequency domain.								
4.	Design and Simulate a Practical Pre-emphasis and De-emphasis circuit.								
5.	Measure the characteristics of practical AM Super Heterodyne Radio Receiver using								
	Spectrum Analyzer, Cathode Ray Oscilloscope & Digital Multi Meter.								

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

			РО											PSO		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1.	3	2	3	2	3				2	1		3	3	2	3
	2.	3	2	3	2	3				2	1		3	3	3	3
CO	3.	3	3	2	3	3				2	2		3	3	3	2
	4.	3	3	3	3	3				2	1		3	3	2	2
	5.	3	3	3	3	3				1	2		3	3	3	3

#### SYLLABUS

#### TRAINER KIT BASED EXPERIMENTS

- 1) Amplitude Modulation & Demodulation
- 2) Frequency Modulation & Demodulation
- 3) Balanced Modulator
- 4) Analog Time Division Multiplexing
- 5) Base band Sampling
- 6) Pulse Amplitude Modulation & Demodulation
- 7) Pulse Time Modulation & Demodulation
- 8) SSB-SC-AM Modulation
- 9) Super Hetero dyne Radio Receiver Parameters
- 10) Spectral Analyses of AM using Spectrum Analyzer
- 11) Spectral Analyses of FM using Spectrum Analyzer

#### SIMULATION BASED EXPERIMENTS(Open source/Matlab/Multisim)

- 1) Amplitude Modulation & Demodulation
- 2) Frequency Modulation & Demodulation
- 3) Balanced Modulator
- 4) SSB-SC-AM Modulation
- 5) Pulse Time Modulation & Demodulatio
- 6) Pr-emphasis & De-emphasis

- 7) Passive Filter Design
- 8) Attenuator
- 9) Twin T Network
- 10) Envelope Detector
- 11) Frequency Mixer/IF Amplifier/Automatic Gain Control

A student has to perform minimum of 10 experiments.

#### **Text Books**

- B. P. Lathi, "Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems," 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Oxford University Press, 2010.
- 2. Simon Haykins, "Communication Systems," Wiley, Fifth edition, 2009.
- 3. P.Ramakrishna Rao, "Analog communications" Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited. 2011.

#### MICROCONTROLLER & EMBEDDED SYSTEMS LABORATORY

ECE327	Credits:2
Instruction: 3 Lab periods	Sessional Marks:50
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks:50

#### **Prerequisites:**

Microprocessors and Interfacing, Microcontroller & Embedded Systems

#### **Course Outcomes:**

1. Program 8051 microcontroller to meet the requirements of the user.

2. Interface peripherals like switches, LEDs, stepper motor, Traffic lights controller, etc...,

- 3. Handle interrupts
- 4. Design a microcontroller development board to meet the requirements of the user

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

		РО											PSO			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
СО	1	2	1	2	2	3	-	-	-	2	1	1	1	2	2	2
	2	3	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	2	1	1	1	2	3	2
	3	3	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	2	1	1	1	2	2	2
	4	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	2	1	1	1	3	3	3

#### List of Experiments:

- 1. Study and familiarization of 8051 Microcontroller trainer kit
- 2. Assembly Language Program for addition of 8-bit numbers stored in an array
- 3. Assembly Language Program for Multiplication by successive addition of two 8-bit numbers
- 4. Assembly Language Program for finding largest no. from a given array of 8-bit numbers
- 5. Assembly Language program to arrange 8-bit numbers stored in an array in ascending order
- 6. Stepper motor control by 8051 Microcontroller
- 7. Interfacing of 8-bit ADC 0809 with 8051 Microcontroller

8. Interfacing of 8-bit DAC 0800 with 8051 Microcontroller and Waveform generation using DAC

9. Implementation of Serial Communication by using 8051 serial ports

- 10. Assembly Language Program for use of Timer/Counter for various applications
- 11. Traffic light controller/Real-time clock display
- 12. Simple test program using ARM 9 mini 2440 kit (Interfacing LED with ARM 9 mini 2440 kit)

#### NOTE:

- 1. It is compulsory for each student to Design/Create their own Microcontroller Development Board for personal use
- 2. A student has to perform a minimum of 10 experiments.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Muhammed Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi, Rolin D Mc Kinlay, *The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems Using Assembly and C*, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.
- 2. Frank Vahid, Tony Givargis, Embedded System Design, 2nd Edition, John Wiley.
- 3. Rajeshwar Singh, Dr.D.K.Singh, *Embedded System Design*, 1<sup>st</sup> Ed., Dhanpat Rai, 2010

### SOFT SKILLS LAB

ECE328	Credits : 02
Instruction: 3Periods/week	Sessional Marks: 100

#### **Prerequisites:**

Basic English language skills- LSRW, English theory, English Language Lab.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By	By the end of the course, the student will be able to:					
1	Comprehend the core engineering subjects using effective verbal and nonverbal					
	communication skills.					
2	Present accurate and relevant information efficiently, using suitable material aids.					
3	Work effectively as an individual as well in teams and emerge as responsible leaders					
	with appropriate professional ethics.					
4	Participate in group discussions and interviews using analytical and problem solving					
	abilities, which enhance their employability skills.					
5	Set time bound goals and realize them through strategic plans for successful career.					

#### Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

		PO											PSO			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1				2			1								2
	2										3					1
CO	3								2	3		3				3
	4						2									3
	5												3			3

#### SYLLABUS

#### 9 Periods

**6** Periods

#### Art of communication

- 1. Definition of Communication
- 2. Types of Communication
- 3. Non-verbal Communication
- 4. Listening skills
- 5. Feed back

**D.A.** - Practice of proper hand shake, practice of different postures and gestures and activity on giving feedback

#### UNIT-II:

UNIT-I:

#### **Presentation Skills**

Purpose

- 1. Effective presentation strategies
- 2. Analysis of audience
- 3. Preparing an outline of the presentation,
- 4. Audio –visual aids
- 5. Body language.

**D.A.** -Group presentation by each team

#### UNIT-III:

#### **Group Discussions**

Introduction- as a part of selection process-guidelines for GD

- 1. Types of GD
- 2. Nature of topics of G.D
- 3. Roles to be played by participants in a GD
- 4. Evaluation process
- **D.A**–Group discussions

#### UNIT – IV:

#### **Team Building and Leadership**

1. Importance of team work

- 2. Different stages of team formation
- 3. Good team vs. effective team
- 4. Team player and Team leader
- 5. Types of leadership
- 6. Decision making and negotiating skills
- **D.A-**Decision making for a given situation

#### UNIT –V:

#### **Time- Management**

- 1. Importance of time-management
- 2. Time-Management models
- 3. Prioritization
- 4. The art of saying 'No'
- 5. Identifying Time Wasters
- **D.A** -Time- Bound activities devised by the facilitator

#### UNIT- VI:

Goal-Setting

Different type of Goals (Immediate and Short term)

1. 'SMART' Goals

2. Strategies to achieve goals

**D.A** - Prepare a chart of immediate, short term and long term goals

#### UNIT- VII:

#### **Job- Interviews**

Preparing Resumes and C.V's

- 1. Preparing for the interview
- 2. FAQ's (Integrity, Stress management, Close- Ask questions)
- **D.A** –Mock interviews

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Sanjay Kumar and Pushpalata, Communication Skills, Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 2. Allan Pease, *Body Language*, Sheldon Press, 1997.
- 3. John A. Kline and BhavnaBhalla, *Speaking Effectively; Achieving Excellence in Presentations*, Pearson publication, 2013.
- 4. Marc Mancini, *Time Management*, Tata McGraw Hill publishing Comp.Ltd., 2003.
- 5. Peter Veruki, *The 250 Job Interview Questions*, Adams Media Corporation Avon, Massachusetts, 1999.

**3** Periods

#### **3** Periods

#### 9 Periods

QUANTITATIV	E APTITUDE - II
ECE 329	Credits: 2
Instructions: 4 Periods/week	Sessional Marks: 100

#### Prerequisites: Nil

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Quantitative Aptitude –II

By the end of the course student will be able to :

- 1. Use their logical thinking and analytical abilities to solve reasoning questions from company specific and other competitive tests.
- 2. Solve questions related to permutation & combinations and probabilities from company specific and other competitive tests.

3. Understand and solve puzzle related questions from specific and other competitive tests. Verbal Aptitude-II:

By the end of the course student will be able to :

$D_{j}$	the end of the course student will be use to .									
1.	Write paragraphs on a particular topic, essays (issues and arguments), e mails,									
	summaries of group discussions, make notes, statement of purpose (for admission into									
	foreign universities), letters of recommendation (for professional and educational									
	purposes)									
2.	Converse with ease during interactive sessions/seminars in their classrooms, compete in									
	literary activities like elocution, debates etc., raise doubts in class, participate in JAM									
	sessions/versant tests with confidence and convey oral information in a professional									
	manner using reason.									
3.	Prepare his/her resume, apply the business English concepts learnt in the course, and									
	refine one's overall demeanor which would be very essential to face the corporate world									
4.	Respond to their interviewer/employer with a positive mind, customize answers to the									
	questions asked during their technical/personal interviews, exhibit skills required for the									
	different kinds of interviews (stress, technical, HR) that they would face during the									
	course of their recruitment process									

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### Section –A (Quantitative Aptitude –II)

#### UNIT I Numerical Reasoning:

Problems related to Number series, Analogy of numbers, Classification of numbers, Letter series, Seating arrangements, Directions, blood relations and puzzle test.

#### UNIT II Combinatorics:

Counting techniques, Permutations, Combinations and Probability

4 Periods

#### UNIT III Data sufficie

Data sufficiency Syllogisms

#### UNIT IV Application of Base system:

4 Periods

Clocks (Base 24), Calendars (Base7), Cutting of Cubes and cuboids

#### UNIT V 4 Periods Puzzle Solving & Time Management using various problems solving tools and techniques:

Selective puzzles from previous year placement papers Selective puzzles from book Puzzles to puzzle you by shakunataladevi Selective puzzles from book more puzzles by shakunataladevi Selective puzzles from book puzzles by George summers

#### **Books for practice**

- 1. Quantitative aptitude by RS Agarwal, S Chand Publications
- 2. Verbal and non verbal Reasoning by RS Agarwal from S Chand publications
- 3. Puzzles to puzzle you by shakunataladevi orient paper back publication
- 4. More puzzles by shakunataladevi orient paper back publication
- 5. Puzzles by George summers orient paper back publication.

#### **References:**

- 1. Barron's by Sharon Welner Green and Ira K Wolf (Galgotia Publications pvt. Ltd.)
- 2. Material from 'IMS, Career Launcher and Time' institutes for competitive exams.
- 3. Reasoning by BS Sijwali Arihant publications
- 4. Reasoning Arun Sharma McGrawhill publications

#### Websites:

- 1. www.m4maths.com
- 2. <u>www.Indiabix.com</u>
- 3. 800score
- 4. Official GRE site
- 5. Official GMAT site

#### Section -B (Verbal Aptitude -II)

#### UNIT I

#### 4 Periods

General Essay writing, writing Issues and Arguments( with emphasis on creativity and analysis of a topic), paragraph

writing, story writing, guidance in framing a 'Statement of purpose', 'Letters of Recommendation', business letter writing, email writing, email and business letter writing etiquette, letters of complaints/responses to complaints. Information transfer is taught with the help of tables, bar diagrams, and pie charts while framing /sending lengthy data where testing is done through Reading comprehension and Critical reasoning. Contextual meanings with regard to inflections of a word, frequently confused words, words often mis-used, words often misspelt, multiple meanings of the same word (differentiating between meanings with the help of the given context), foreign phrases. Enhanced difficulty level in spotting errors will be taken up with reference to competitive test based exercises.

#### UNIT II

4 Periods

**4** Periods

Just a minute sessions, reading news clippings in the class, extempore speech, telephone etiquette, making requests/suggestions/complaints, elocutions, debates, describing incidents and developing positive non verbal communication. Analogies, YES-NO statements (sticking to a particular line of reasoning)

#### UNIT III

#### Corporate readiness, business idioms and expressions, reading newspapers/magazines, brushing up on general awareness, latest trends in their respective branches, resume preparation, understanding business /corporate language, managing emotions, problem solving, importance of team work, goal orientation, professional grooming, positive attitude, assertiveness and inter personal skills.Data sufficiency (answering questions within the ambit of the given text), Fact-Inference-Judgment (to identify statements as FIJ), Syllogisms (with emphasis on fallacies in reasoning), strong and weak arguments.

#### UNIT IV

Voice, direct & indirect speech, question tags, one word substitutes, and foreign phrases. An overview on group discussions, preparation for a group discussion, intricacies of a group discussion, topics for GDs (with special focus on controversial topics), structure of participation in a group discussion, roles played by the participants in a group discussion, constructive criticism, standard procedures followed whilst participating in a group discussion, frameworks that can be used for discussion, analysis of the discussion and exposure to case-based group discussions.

#### UNIT V

Different types of interviews (with emphasis on personal interview), preparation for an interview, areas of questioning, answering questions on general traits like strengths/weaknesses/hobbies/extracurricular activities, choosing role models, importance of non verbal communication while participating in interviews, tips to reduce nervousness during personal interviews, handling stress, suggestions for responding to tough/unknown questions, preparation on self and personality development.

# Note: The concepts learnt in Semester I will be tested in the Mid-term and Semester end exams during the II Semester as well.

#### **Reading/**Listening material:

- 1. Newspapers like 'The Hindu', 'Times of India', 'Economic Times'.
- 2. Magazines like Frontline, Outlook and Business India.

#### **6** Periods

3. News channels NDTV, National News, CNN

#### **References:**

1. Books written by Stephen Covey and Dale Carnegie-Seven Habits of Highly Effective People etc-Simon & Schuster, Running Press book publishers

2. Books written by Bertrand Russell-Oxford University Press

#### **Suggested General Reading**

- 1. Who Moved My Cheese? By Spencer Johnson-GP Putnam's Sons
- 2. **The art of War-**Sun Tzu by Nabla, Barnes & Noble
- 3. The Monk Who Sold Ferrari-Robin Sharma by Harper Collins, Jaico Publishers
- 4. **The Hobbit** and other books by JRR Tolkein-Harper Collins

#### **Suggested Authors**

- **1.** illiam Dalrymple
- **3.** Kushwanth Singh
- 5. Charles Dickens
- 7. R.K. Narayan
- 9. Oscar Wilde

- 2. V.S.Naipaul
- **4.** Ernest Hemingway
- **6.** Leo Tolstoy
- 8. Amitav Ghosh

# FOURTH YEAR SYLLABI

I - Semester

&

**II - Semester** 

			truct	ion p wee	period ek	ls per	Max m	Credit			
Code	Subject name	Cat	L	Т	Р	Tota l	Sessional	End mark s	S		
ECE411	Engineering Economics and Management	HS	3	1	-	4	40	60	3		
ECE412	Computer Network Engineering	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3		
ECE413	Open Elective-II	OE	3	1	-	4	40	60	3		
ECE414	Professional Elective -II	PE	3	1	-	4	40	60	3		
ECE415	VLSI Design	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3		
ECE416	Elective Lab	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2		
ECE417	Digital Communications Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2		
ECE418	Industrial Training Seminar	IT	-	2	2	4	100	-	4		
ECE419	Project Phase – I	PW	-	-	8	8	100	-	4		
	Total		15	7	16	38	500	400	27		
	Professional Elective-II         Open Elective-II: (for ECE, offered other         Elective Lab										

#### Fourth Year I - Semester

Advanced Digital 5. Processing

Radar Signal Processing 6.

7. Digital IC design using HDL

8. Digital Image Processing

5. Project management 6. Industrial Safety and Hazards Management

7.

7. IT infrastructure and management 8.

Multimedia concepts 5.E-Governance **Robotics** 

VLSI

- 6. Signal and image processing
- 7. Virtual

#### 7. Power Electronics

	Fou	rth Yea	ar II -	Ser	neste	r			
Cada	Cubiest norms	Inst		on p wee		ls per	Max n	Credit	
Code	Subject name	Cat	L	Т	Р	Total	Sessiona l	End marks	S
ECE421	Cellular and Mobile Communications	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	3
ECE422	Professional Elective-III	PE	4	1	-	5	40	60	4
ECE423	Professional Elective-IV	PE	4	1	-	5	40	60	4
ECE424	Microwave Engineering Laboratory	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	2
ECE425	Project Phase - II & Dissertation	PW	-	-	16	16	100	100	8
ECE426	Massive Open Online Course (MOOC)	OE	-	_	_	-	100	-	2
	Total		11	3	19	33	270	330	23

#### **Professional Elective-III**

- 1. Phased array systems
- 2. Bio-medical Instrumentation
- 3. Optical communications
- 4. Embedded and Real Time Systems

#### **Professional Elective-IV**

- 1. Satellite Communications & GPS
- 2. VLSI Signal processing
- 3. Wireless sensor networks
- 4. Cognitive Radio Networks

instrumentation 8. Antenna Design

# ENGINEERING ECONOMICS AND MANAGEMENT

**ECE 411** 

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/week

End Exam: 3 Hours

# Prerequisites: Nil

# **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the concepts of Economics.
- 2. Gain basic understanding of management and manage organizations effectively and to relate the concepts of management with industrial organizations and manage organizations efficiently
- Have the basic knowledge of production management and make decisions proficiently 3.
- Understand the basic concepts of accounting, finance and marketing management. 4.

# **CO-PO – PSO Mapping**

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	2	1
CO2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	2	1
CO3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	2	1
CO4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	2	1

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

# **SYLLABUS**

**UNIT I** 10 Periods Fundamentals of Economics: Wealth, Welfare and Scarce Definitions of Economics; Micro and Macro Economics; Demand- Law of Demand, Elasticity of Demand, Types of Elasticity and Factors determining price elasticity of Demand: Utility- Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility, its limitations and exceptions.

#### **UNIT II**

Forms of Business Organizations: Features, merits and demerits of Sole Proprietorship, Partnership and Joint Stock Company- Public Enterprises and their types.

#### **UNIT III**

Introduction to Management: Functions of Management- Taylor's Scientific Management; Henry Fayol's Principles of Management;

Human Resource Management - Basic functions of Human Resource Management (in brief). Production Management: Production Planning and Control, Plant Location, Break-Even Analysis- Assumptions, limitations and applications.

# **UNIT IV**

Financial Management: Types of Capital: Fixed and Working Capital and Methods of Raining Finance; Final Accounts- Trading Account, Statement of Profit and Loss and Balance Sheet (simple problems)

# UNIT V

Marketing Management and Entrepreneurship: Marketing Management: Functions of marketing and Distribution Channels. Entrepreneurship: Definition, Characteristics and Functions of an Entrepreneur

#### 10 Periods

Credits:3

Sessional Marks:40

End Exam Marks:60

20 Periods

10 Periods

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1.A.R. AryaSri, Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, TMH Publications, new Delhi, 2014(UNIT-I,II,IV &V)
- 2.S.C. Sharma and Banga T. R., Industrial Organization & Engineering Economics, khanna Publications, Delhi-6, 2006(UNIT-III &IV)
- 3.S.N.Maheswari, SK Maheswari, Financial Accounting Fifth Edition, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2012 (UNIT-V)

# **COMPUTER NETWORK ENGINEERING**

**ECE 412** 

Instruction: 3 Periods & 1 Tut/week

#### End Exam: 3 Hours

Prerequisites: Nil

# **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- Apply the concepts of Computer Networks and Networks Models for Data Communication. 1.
- Analyze networking architecture and infrastructure for wired and wireless link 2.
- Design, calculate, and apply subnet masks and routing addresses to fulfill networking 3. requirements
- Analyze issues of routing and congestion mechanism for independent and internetworking 4. networks for wired and wireless link.
- Analyze internal workings of the Internet and of a number of common Internet applications 5. and protocols (DNS, SMTP, FTP, HTTP, WWW, Security and Cryptography).

## **CO-PO – PSO Mapping**

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1					2								2	2	
CO2		2											1	2	
CO3		2	3	3									2	2	
CO4	1	2											2	2	
CO5		2	3	3									2	2	

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

# **SYLLABUS**

#### **10** Periods

Credits:3

Sessional Marks:40

End Exam Marks:60

Data Communications: Components - Direction of Data flow - Networks - Components and Categories - Types of Connections - Topologies - Protocols and Standards - ISO / OSI model -Transmission Media - Coaxial Cable - Fiber Optics - Line Coding - Modems - RS232 Interfacing sequences

#### **UNIT II**

UNIT I

Data Link Layer: Error – detection and correction – Parity – LRC – CRC – Hamming code – Low Control and Error control - Stop and Wait - go back-N ARQ - Selective Repeat ARQ-Sliding window - HDLC. - LAN - Ethernet IEEE 802.3 - IEEE 802.4 - IEEE 802.5 - IEEE 802.11 - FDDI - SONET - Bridges.

#### **UNIT III**

Network Layer: Internetworks – Packet Switching and Datagram approach – IP addressing methods – Subnetting – Routing – Distance Vector Routing – Link State Routing – Routers. **UNIT IV 10** Periods

Transport Layer: Duties of transport layer – Multiplexing – De-multiplexing – Sockets – User Datagram Protocol (UDP) - Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) - Congestion Control -Quality of services (QOS) – Integrated Services. **10** Periods

UNIT V

Application Layer: Domain Name Space (DNS) - SMTP - FTP - HTTP - WWW - Security -Cryptography.

# 10 Periods

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. William Stallings, "Data and Computer Communication", Sixth Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2000. [UNIT- I,II &III]
- 2. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Computer Networks", Fourth Edition PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2003.[UNIT- IV &V]

- 1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data communication and Networking", Fourth Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Pvt., Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.
- 2. James F. Kurose and Keith W. Ross, "Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003.

# ADVANCED DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

#### ECE 414(a)

Instruction : 3 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week

#### End Exam : 3 Hours

Credits:3 Sessional Marks:40 End Exam Marks:60

Prerequisites: Signals and Systems (ECE 214), Digital Signal Processing (ECE 322)

# **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- 2. Design a digital system with different sampling rates.
- 3. Describe the properties of various linear filters.

4. Apply various adaptive algorithms for different applications.

5. Analyze the parametric and non parametric methods of power spectrum estimation.

# **CO-PO – PSO Mapping**

CO						PO								PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-
CO2	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-
CO3	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-
CO4	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-
CO5	1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

## SYLLABUS

10 Periods

# UNIT I

#### Multi Rate Digital Signal Processing

Introduction, Decimation by a Factor D, Interpolation by a Factor I, Sampling Rate Conversion by a Rational Factor I/D, Filter Design and Implementation for sampling rate Conversion **Applications of Multi Rate Signal Processing:** Design of Phase Shifters, Interfacing of Digital Systems with Different Sampling Rates, Implementation of Narrow Band Low Pass Filters, Subband Coding of Speech Signals.

#### **UNIT II**10Periods

**Linear Prediction And Optimum Linear Filters:** Innovations Representation of a Stationary Random Process, Forward and Backward linear prediction, Solution of the Normal Equations, TheGoertzel algorithm, the chirp – z transform algorithm, the Schur algorithm **UNIT III**10Periods

Adaptive filters: Applications- Adaptive noise cancelling, adaptive channel equalization, echo cancellation in data transmission over telephone channels. LMS algorithm, properties of LMS algorithm, RLS algorithm, fast RLS algorithms and properties of the RLS algorithms.

#### UNIT IV

**Non-Parametric Methods of Power Spectral Estimation:** Estimation of spectra from finite duration observation of signals, Non-parametric Methods: Bartlett, Welch & Blackman-Tukey methods

#### UNIT V

**Parametric Methods of Power Spectrum Estimation & DSP Processors:** Autocorrelation & Its Properties, Relation between auto correlation & model parameters, AR Models - Yule-Walker & Burg Methods, MA & ARMA models for power spectrum estimation.

10Periods

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. S. M.Kay, Modern Spectral Estimation: Theory & Application, PHI, 1988. (UNIT- I, II, III, IV, V)
- 2. J.G.Proakis& D. G. Manolakis, Digital Signal Processing: Principles, Algorithms & Applications 4th Ed., PHI.

- 1. Theory and applications of digital signal processing by Lawrence R. Rabiner and Bernard Gold, PHI.
- 2. Digital Signal Processing, A Computer Based approach, by Sanjit K. Mitra, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1998
- 3. P.P.Vaidyanathan, Multi Rate Systems and Filter Banks, Pearson Education.

# **RADAR SIGNAL PROCESSING**

#### ECE 414(b)

Instruction : 3 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week

#### End Exam : 3 Hours

**Prerequisites:**Antennas and wave propagation (ECE 316),Microwave and radar engineering (ECE 321)

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

1.	Describe the principles of CW and FM radar
2.	Understand moving target indication radar, and analyse the time, frequency and signal
	processing aspects of pulse Doppler radar
3.	Represent the design aspects of radar waveforms including matched filtering
4.	Understand and analyze pulse burst waveform and frequency modulated pulse compression
	waveforms

5. Understand the basic principles of synthetic aperture radar

# **CO-PO – PSO Mapping**

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-
CO2	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-
CO3	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-
CO4	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-
CO5	1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

# SYLLABUS

#### 10 Periods

**CW and FM radar:** The Doppler effect, CW radar, frequency modulated CW radar, airborne Doppler navigation, multiple frequency CW radar

# UNIT II

UNIT I

**MTI and pulse Doppler radar:**Introduction, Delay line cancelers, multiple or staggered pulse repetition frequencies, range gated Doppler filters, digital signal processing, other MTI delay lines, example of an MTI radar processor

#### UNIT III

**Waveform matched filter:** The matched filter, matched filter for the simple pulse, all-range matched filtering, straddle loss, range resolution of the matched filter. Matched filtering for moving targets.

**The ambiguity function:** definition and properties of the ambiguity function, ambiguity function of the simple pulse

#### UNIT IV

**The pulse burst waveform:** matched filtering for the pulse burst waveform, pulse-by-pulse processing, range ambiguity, Doppler response for the pulse burst waveform, the slow-time spectrum and the periodic ambiguity function

**Frequency modulated pulse compression waveforms:** linear frequency modulation, the principle of stationary pulse, ambiguity function of the LFM waveform, range-Doppler coupling, stretch processing

#### 10 Periods

**10** Periods

10 Periods

Credits:3

Sessional Marks:40 End Exam Marks:60

# UNIT V

10 Periods

**Synthetic Aperture Radar:**Basic block diagram of a typical SAR radar, introduction, constraint and resolution swath, radar equation for SAR, equipment consideration, optinal processing, digital processing, Doppler-frequency model, range resolution, other aspects of SAR, introduction to inverse SAR

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Merill I. Skolnik, "Introduction to radar systems," Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007 (UNITS- I,II &V)
- 2. Mark A. Richards, "Fundementals of radar signal processing," Tata Mc-Graw-Hill Educations, 2005 (UNITS- III &IV)

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Canner Ozedemir, "Inverse synthetic aperture radar imaging with MATLAB algorithms," Vol 210., John Wiley & Sons, 2012

# **DIGITAL IC DESIGN USING HDL**

#### ECE 414(c)

Instruction : 3 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week

#### End Exam : 3 Hours

**Credits:3** Sessional Marks:40 End Exam Marks:60

**Prerequisites:**Digital Electronics, Computer Architecture & Organization, Integrated Circuits and Applications

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

1.	Interpret the importance of EDA tools and its flow for VLSI designs
2.	Model logic gates ,half adder, full adder ,various digital blocks by using modern tools with
	HDL

- Construct verilog HDL models for combinational and sequential circuits using gate level, behavioral level and dataflow level
- 4. Build CMOS circuits using Verilog switch level programming
- 5. Apply design rule checks and timing parameters to digital circuits and model the state machines

# CO-PO – PSO Mapping

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3	2	1		2								1		2
CO2	1		3									2	2		
CO3	2	2	1										1	2	3
CO4	1	2	2											1	3
CO5	2	1	3									· 1 / II	2	1	3

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

#### **SYLLABUS**

# UNIT I

**Introduction to Electronic Design Automation:** Introduction, FPGA Design flow, ASIC Design flow, architectural design, logic design, Physical design of IC. Simulation, verification and testing. EDA Tools: FPGA Design, ASIC Design.

FPGA Based Front End Design-Implementation, FPGA configuration, User constraints Xilinx 3000 Series FPGA architecture, ALTERA FLEX 10K Series CPLD architecture

#### UNIT II

#### 10 Periods

**10** Periods

**Verilog Language Constructs:**Verilog as HDL, Levels of Design Description, Concurrency, Simulation and Synthesis, Functional Verification, System Tasks, Programming Language Interface (PLI), Module, Simulation and Synthesis Tools, Test Benches. Keywords, Identifiers, White Space Characters, Comments, Numbers, Strings, Logic Values, Strengths, Data Types, Scalars and Vectors, Parameters, Memory, Operators, System Tasks, Exercises

# UNIT III

#### 10 Periods

**Gate level Modeling and Dataflow Modeling:** AND Gate Primitive, Module Structure, Other Gate Primitives, Tri-State Gates, Array of Instances of Primitives, Additional Examples, Design of Flip-flops with Gate Primitives, Delays, Strengths and Contention Resolution, Net Types, Design of Basic Circuits, Exercises.Continuous Assignment Structures, Delays and Continuous Assignments, Assignment to Vectors, Operators.

#### UNIT IV

#### 10 Periods

**Behavioraland Switch Level Modeling:** Introduction, Operations and Assignments, Functional Bifurcation, Initial Construct, Always Construct, Examples, Assignments with Delays, Wait construct, Multiple Always Blocks, Designs at Behavioral Level, Blocking and Non blocking Assignments, The case statement, Simulation Flow. *if* and *if*-else constructs, repeat construct, for loop, , while loop, forever loop, parallel blocks, force-release construct, Event. Basic Transistor Switches, CMOS Switch, Bi-directional Gates, Time Delays with Switch Primitives, Instantiations with Strengths and Delays, Strength Contention with Trireg Nets, Exercises

# UNIT V

#### 10 Periods

**System Tasks, Functions, UDP and SM Charts:**Introduction, Parameters, Path Delays, Module Parameters, System Tasks and Functions. File Based Tasks and Functions, Compiler Directives, Hierarchical Access, General observations, Exercises.

User-Defined Functions, Tasks and Primitives-Introduction, Function, Tasks, User- Defined Primitives (UDP), FSM Design (Moore and Mealy Machines), State Machine Charts, Derivation of SM Charts, Realization of SM Charts, Examples based on SM charts

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. T.R. Padmanabhan and B. Bala Tripura Sundari," Design through Verilog HDL" WSE, IEEE Press, 2004(UNIT-I,II,III,IV &V)
- 2. J. Bhaskar" A Verilog Primier", First edition, BSP, 2003(UNIT-I,II,III,IV &V)

- 1. Brown and ZvonkoVranesic Stephen" Fundamentals of Logic Design with Verilog "TMH, 2005.
- 2. Michael D. Ciletti "Advanced Digital Design with Verilog HDL ",Second edition, PHI, 2005.

# **DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING**

#### ECE 414(d)

Instruction : 3 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week

#### End Exam : 3 Hours

Credits:3 Sessional Marks:40 End Exam Marks:60

Prerequisites: Signal & System (ECE 214), Digital Signal Processing (ECE 322)

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- 1. Describe the basic components of digital image processing system and transform techniques (FFT, DCT and Hadamard transform).
- 2. Analyze image enhancement in spatial domain using smoothing and sharpening operators.
- 3. Analyze image enhancement in frequency domain using High pass and low pass filters.
- 4. Describe image restoration using Weiner filtering and image segmentation using thresholding and region growing techniques.
- 5. Compare and contrast image compression techniques (Variable length coding, LZW coding, Bit plane coding, Lossless predictive coding, Lossy prediction, transform coding).

# **CO-PO – PSO Mapping**

CO						PO								PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	-
CO2	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	-
CO3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	-
CO4	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	-
CO5	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	-

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

# SYLLABUS

# 10 Periods

**Digital Image Fundamentals:** Fundamental steps in digital image processing, Components of an image processing system, Elements of visual perception, Image sensing and acquisition, Image sampling and quantization, Basic relationship between pixels

**Image Transforms:** Two-dimensional FFT properties, Discrete cosine transform &Hardmard transform

#### UNIT II

UNIT I

**Image Enhancement (Spatial Domain):** Introduction, Basic gray level transformation, Histogram processing, Enhancement using arithmetic/logic operations, Basics of spatial filtering: Smoothing and sharpening spatial filter

# UNIT III

**Image Enhancement (Frequency Domain):** Introduction to Fourier transform and the frequency domain, Smoothing and sharpening frequency domain filters, Homomorphic filtering

# UNIT IV

**Image Restoration:** Introduction image degradation, Noise model, Restoration in presence of noise only, Inverse filtering, Wiener filtering,

**Image Segmentation:** Detection of discontinuities, Edge linking and boundary detection, Thresholding (global and adaptive), Region based segmentation **UNIT V** 10 Periods

Image Compression:Redundancy, Fidelity criteria, Image compression models, Error free

# 10 Periods

**10** Periods

compression: Variable length coding, LZW coding, Bit plane coding, Lossless predictive coding, Lossy prediction, transform coding, image compression standards

**Fundementals of morphological processing** - Dilation, Erosion, Opening, Closing **TEXT BOOKS:** 

- 1. TRafael C Gonzalez, Richard E Woods, "Digital Image Processing," PHI, Second edition, 2004. (UNITS I, II, III, IV, V)
- 2. Jayaraman S, Esakkirajan S, Veerakumar T, "Digital Image Processing," Tata McGraw Hill, 2010 (UNIT-I)

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Anil Kumar Jain, "Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing," PHI, 2002.

# VLSI DESIGN

Ins	struction : 3 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week Sessional Marks	:40
En	d Exam : 3 Hours End Exam Marks	:60
Pre	requisites:DigitalElectronics, ECA-I, ECA-II, IC analysis	
Coi	irse Outcomes:	
At t	he end of the course, students will be able to	
1.	Delineate IC Production process, fabrication processes for NMOS, PMOS, BiCMOS	
	Technologies.	
2.	Analyze CMOS electrical properties with circuit concepts.	
3.	Draw stick diagrams, layouts for CMOS circuits and compute delays of CMOS circ	uits
	using modern tools.	
4.	Design and test the CMOS digital Circuits at different levels of abstraction us	sing
	modern tools.	

. . . . .

5. Apply testing methods on the digital designs for DFT.

# **CO-PO – PSO Mapping**

**ECE 415** 

001	DO DO DO														
CO						PO								PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2
CO2	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1
CO3	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1
CO4	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	1
CO5	2	1	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	2
		<b>a</b>	1 .1 1	1 1 0	1: 1 / /T	> 0	N / 1		1. \	0	C 1	· 1 /TT	• • •		

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### 10 Periods IC Technology: MOS, PMOS, NMOS, CMOS &BiCMOS technologies- Oxidation, Lithography, Diffusion, Ion implantation, Metallization, Encapsulation, Integrated Resistors and Capacitors.

#### **UNIT II**

CMOS Electrical Properties: Basic Electrical Properties of MOS and BiCMOS Circuits: Ids-Vds relationships, MOS transistor threshold Voltage, gm, gds, figure of merit, Pass transistor, NMOS Inverter, Various pull ups, CMOS Inverter analysis and design, Bi-CMOS Inverters.

#### **Basic circuit concepts:**

#### Sheet Resistance R<sub>S</sub> and its concept to MOS, Area Capacitance Units, Calculations - Delays, driving large Capacitive Loads, Wiring Capacitances, Fan-in and fan-out, Choice of layers **UNIT III** 10 Periods

VLSI Design Flow, MOS Layers, Stick Diagrams, Design Rules and Layout, 2 micron CMOS Design rules, Contacts and Transistors Layout Diagrams for NMOS and CMOS Inverters and Gates, Scaling of MOS circuits, Limitations of Scaling.

#### **UNIT IV**

Gate Level Design: Logic Gates and Other complex gates, Switch logic, Alternate gate circuits. Different CMOS logic Circuits-Pseudo, Dynamic, Domino, C<sup>2</sup>MOS.

Subsystem Design: Subsystem Design, Shifters, Adders, ALUs, Multipliers, Parity generators, Comparators.

### UNIT I

**10** Periods

Credits:3

# UNIT V

#### 10 Periods

**VLSI Testing:**CMOS Testing, Need for testing, Test Principles, Design Strategies for test, Chip level Test Techniques, System-level Test Techniques, Design for testability, Practical design for test guidelines, Buil-In-Self-Test

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Douglas A, Pucknell, Kamran Eshraghian, "Basic VLSI Design", 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall, 1996. (UNITS I, II, III, IV & V)
- 2. Weste and Eshraghian, "Principles of CMOS VLSI Design", Pearson Education, 1999 **REFERENCE BOOKS:**
- 1. John .P. Uyemura, "Introduction to VLSI Circuits and Systems", JohnWiley, 2003.
- 2. Wayne Wolf, "Modern VLSI Design", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 1997

#### VLSI LAB

#### ECE 416(a)

Instruction: 3 Practical's /Week

#### End Exam: 3 Hours

# Prerequisites: Digital Electronics, VHDL, Verilog

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

1. Work with XILINX VLSI design tools.

2. Develop the systems for various signal processing and computing applications

3. Test and verify the prototypes at system level using XILINX Vivado simulators.

4. Analyze and Develop the prototypes of Digital systems on Artix 7 FPGA.

# **CO-PO – PSO Mapping**

CO						PC	)							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	2	1	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-		1	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-		1	2	3	2
CO3	3	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-		1	2	2	2
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-		1	3	3	3

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

# SYLLABUS

## **CYCLE IDigital Design using HDL**

Experiment 1: Static Display

**Experiment 2: Frequency Divider** 

Experiment 3: Traffic Light Controller

**Experiment 4: Design of Memories** 

#### CYCLE IIFPGA prototyping using Artix 7

Experiment 1: Familiarization with Artix 7 FPGA

Experiment 2: Implementation of Adders on Artix 7 FPGA using Verilog

Experiment 3: Implementation of Multipliers on Artix 7 FPGA using Verilog

Experiment 4: Implementation of Moore and Mealy FSM on Artix 7 FPGA using Verilog

Experiment 5: Implementation of ALU on Artix 7 FPGA

Experiment 6: Implementation of 8 bit MAC on Artix 7 FPGA

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. JayaramBhasker, "A Verilog Primer", AT&T, Prentice Hall
- 2. Samir Palnitkar, "Verilog HDL: A Guide to Digital Design And Synthesis", SunSoft Press1996

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. ZainalabedinNavabi, "Verilog Digital System Design", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2006

**Credits:2** Sessional Marks:50 End Exam Marks:50

# SIGNAL AND IMAGE PROCESSING LAB

#### ECE 416(b)

Instruction: 3 Practical's /Week

End Exam: 3 Hours

**Credits:2** Sessional Marks:50 End Exam Marks:50

Prerequisites: Signals and systems, Digital signal Processing, Digital Image Processing

# **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

1.	Compute and analyze signal spectrum of discrete system using DFT/FFT algorithms in
1.	
	MATLAB
2.	Design & implement the digital filter in MATLAB programming environments
3.	Program a DSP chip with a variety of real-time signal processing algorithms
4.	Perform some basic operations on an image and improve the appearance and quality of
	images using Spatial and frequency domain filtering.
5.	Know how morphological functions change images by applying erosion and dilation
	operations.
6.	Understand the concept of edge detectors and their operation in noisy images.

# **CO-PO – PSO Mapping**

CO						PC	)							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	1			2	2								2	1	1
CO2	1		2	2	2								2	1	1
CO3	1			2	2								2	1	1
CO4	1		1	2	2								2	1	1
CO5	1			2	2								2	1	1
CO6	1			2	2								2	1	1

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

# SYLLABUS

# **CYCLE IDigital Signal Processing based Experiments**

- 1. Write a MATLAB program to find
- (i) Circular convolution of the given two sequences
- (ii) Linear convolution using circular convolution.
- 2. Write a MATLAB program to find the spectrum of the given sequence using FFT.
- 3. Write a MATLAB program to design Butterworth (i) low pass filter (ii) band pass filter for the given specifications.
- 4. Write a MATLAB program to design Chebyshev type-I and II (i) high pass filter (ii) band reject filter for the given specifications.
- 5. Write a MATLAB program to convert given analog filter into digital filter using (i) Impulse invariant method (ii) Bilinear transformation
- 6. Write a MATLAB program to design a FIR low pass filter using various windows techniques.
- 7. Write a MATLAB program to plot the frequency response of low pass filter using Kaiser

window for different values of  $\beta$ 

Code composer studio

8. Linear and circular convolution using CC Studio

9. IIR Filter design using TMS320C6713 DSP Processor

10. FIR Filter design using TMS320C6713 DSP Processor

# **CYCLE IIDigital Image Processing based Experiments**

- 1. Write a Program in MATLAB to
- a. Obtain Negative image b. Obtain Flip image c. Threshold operation (Thresholding)
- d. Contrast stretching (e) Zooming
- 2. Write a program to
  - (a) compute the histogram of an input image
  - (b) To improve the appearance using histogram equalization technique.

3. Write a program for following geometric transformation on image

(a) Translation (b) Scaling (c) Rotation (d) Shrinking (e) Zooming

4. Write a MATLAB program to add noise in the image and apply image restoration technique using Wiener filter and median filter

5. Write a program to perform smoothing and sharpening operation of an image using spatial filtering

6. Write programs for image

(a) Apply FFT and IFFT on given image (b) Perform low pass and high pass filtering in frequency domain

7. Write a program in MATLAB for edge detection using different edge detection mask

8.Write programs to implement following morphological operations on images

(a)Erosion (b) Dilation (c)Closing (d)Opening

# VIRTUAL INSTRUMENTATION LAB

ECE 416(c)

Instruction: 3 Practical's /Week

# End Exam: 3 Hours

**Credits:2** Sessional Marks:50 End Exam Marks:50

# Prerequisites:Nil

# **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

1.	Develop software programs called virtual instruments that apply user interface, program
	control, data structures, file input output, hardware interfacing, data analysis and signal
	processing
2.	Experiment with, analyze and document prototype measurement systems using a computer,

plug in DAQ interfaces and bench level instruments.
3. Build an engineering application in lab view, install and configure data acquisition hardware.

4. Design DAQ using LABVIEW modules.

# **CO-PO – PSO Mapping**

CO						PC	)							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	12	1	2	3							
CO1	3	2							1			3	2	1	1
CO2	2			1		3		1	2	1		3	2	1	1
CO3	2	2	2		1		2				3	3	2	1	1
CO4	2	1	1			3				1	2	3	2	1	1

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

# SYLLABUS

# List of Experiments

Experiment 1:

Introduction To Labview

Installing labview software and other toolkits

Experiment 2:

1. Basic arithmetic operations

2. Boolean operations

3. Sum of 'n' numbers using 'for' loop

Experiment 3:

4. Factorial Of A Give Number Using For Loop

5. Sum Of 'N' Natural Numbers Using While Loop

6. Factorial Of A Give Number Using While Loop

Experiment 4:

7. Sorting even numbers using while loop in an array

8. Array maximum and minimum

Experiment 5: 9. Bundle And Unbundle Cluster 10. Flat And Stacked Sequence 11. Application Using Formula Node Experiment 6: 12. Median Filter 13. Discrete Cosine Transform Experiment 7: 14. Convolution Of Two Signals 15. Filter Design Using Windowing Technique **Experiment 8:** 16.File Transfer Using Sockets Experiment 9: 17. Acquiring And Processing Speech Signal 18. Acquiring And Processing Image Signal Experiment 10: 19. Talking Tom Application 20. Developing A Scientific Calculator Experiment 11: 21.Digital Modulation Like Psk, Qam 22.Estimation, Ber And Eye Diagram Experiment 12: 23.Design Of Various Filters Like Wave Shaping, Matched, Equalizer

# ANTENNA DESIGN LAB

#### ECE 416(d)

Instruction: 3 Practical's /Week

#### End Exam: 3 Hours

# Prerequisites:Nil

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

1. Get familiarized with the simulation software

2. Design the antenna with given specification using the simulation tools.

3. Extract the various parameters that indicate the performance of the antenna

4. Interpret the extracted results and analyse them and prepare a formal laboratory report.

# **CO-PO – PSO Mapping**

CO						PC	)							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	-	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	-		1	2	2
CO2	-	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	2	2	2
CO3	-	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	1	1	1	1
CO4	-	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	2		-	3	1	2	2

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

# SYLLABUS

# List of Experiments

1. Design an edge fed microstrip patch antenna & study its S-parameters

- 2. Design an inset fed microstrip patch antenna & study its S-parameters
- 3. Design an microstrip line fed slot coupled patch antenna & study its S- Parameters
- 4. Design a probe fed microstrip patch antenna & study its S- Parameters
- 5. Design a coplanar waveguide fed patch antenna & study its S- Parameters
- 6. Design an edge fed microstrip patch antenna & study its 2-D & 3-D radiation Patterns
- 7. Design an inset fed microstrip patch antenna & study its 2-D & 3-D radiation Patterns
- 8. Design an microstrip line fed slot coupled patch antenna & study its 2-D & 3-D radiation Patterns
- 9. Design a probe fed microstrip patch antenna & study its 2-D & 3-D radiation Patterns

10. Design a coplanar waveguide fed patch antenna & study its 2-D & 3-D radiation Patterns

Credits:2 Sessional Marks:50 End Exam Marks:50

# DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS LABORATORY

#### ECE 417

Instruction: 3 Practical's /Week

Credits:2 Sessional Marks:50 End Exam Marks:50

End Exam: 3 Hours

**Prerequisites:**Communication Systems Engineering, Digital Communications, Signals and Systems.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

1. Implement modulation /demodulation of PCM, DPCM and Delta modulation schemes.

- 2. Implement different digital modulation schemes like FSK, PSK, and DPSK.
- 3. Design and Construct a source Encoder.

4. Design and implement Channel Encoding techniques.

5. Simulate various digital communication techniques like PCM, ASK, Companding techniques etc.

# CO-PO – PSO Mapping

CO						PC	)							PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
CO2	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
CO3	2	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
CO4	2	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
CO5	2	-	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

# SYLLABUS

# **CYCLE IExperiments Based on Hardware**

- 1. Generation and Detection of Pulse Code Modulation for both A.C and D.C signals
- 2. Generation and Detection of Differential Pulse Code Modulation
- 3. Generation and Detection of Delta Modulation
- 4. Generation and Detection of PSK.
- 5. Generation and Detection of FSK.
- 6. Generation and Detection of DPSK.
- 7. Generation and Detection of QPSK.
- 8. Source Encoder and Decoder
- 9. Linear Block code-Encoder and Decoder
- 10. Convolution code-Encoder and Decoder

#### **CYCLE II Experiments Based on Software**

- 1. Simulation of Pulse Code Modulation
- 2. Simulation of Differential Pulse Code Modulation
- 3. Simulation of Amplitude Shift Keying
- 4. Simulation of Phase Shift keying
- 5. Companding
- 6. Simulation of Time Division Multiplexing

Note: A student has to perform minimum of 10 experiments.

## **CELLULAR AND MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS**

Instruction : 3 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week

End Exam : 3 Hours

**Credits:3** Sessional Marks:40 End Exam Marks:60

Prerequisites: Communication Systems Engineering, Digital Communications

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

### Solve problems related to

1. Principle of operation of cellular mobile systems and their interferences.

2. Mobile radio propagation & mobile multipath channels.

3. Handoff, dropped calls and Frequency management and channel assignment strategies.

## Analyze and design

4. forward and reverse channels of various Multiple access techniques in wireless communications

5. The changes in implementation of receiver circuitry with the integration of mobile satellites. **CO-PO –PSO Mapping** 

CO						PO								PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3	1	2*						1*				2		
CO2	2	2	2*						1*						
													2	2	
CO3	3	1							1*						
													2		
CO4	2	2							1*						
													2		
CO5	2	1							1*						
													1		

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

#### **SYLLABUS**

UNIT I 10 Periods Introduction to Cellular Systems: Basic Cellular Systems, Uniqueness of mobile radio environment, Concept of Frequency reuse Channels, Cochannel interference Reduction factor, Desired C/I from a normal case in an Omnidirectional Antenna system, Non Co-channel interference, Cell splitting.

# UNIT II

**Mobile Radio Propagation: Large scale path loss** - Reflection, Diffraction, Scattering, Outdoor and Indoor Propagation models, **Mobile Radio Propagation: small scale fadingand multi path** - small scale Multi path measurements, parameters of mobile multi path channels, Types of small scale fading.

# UNIT III

**Frequency Management and Channel Assignment:** Frequency management, Fixed Channels assignment, Non Fixed Channel assignment, Traffic and Channel Assignment. **Hand Off, Dropped Calls:** Why Hand-Off, Types of Hand-Off and their characteristics, dropped call rates and their evaluation.

# 10 Periods

## UNIT IV

10 Periods

**Multiple access techniques for wireless communications:** FDMA, TDMA, Spread spectrum techniques, SDMA, Packet Radio, CSMA, Capacity of cellular CDMA with multiple cells and capacity of SDMA, Details of forward and reverse CDMA channels

## UNIT V

10 Periods

Personal access communication systems, personal Mobile satellite communications, Integrating GEO, LEO, MEO satellite and terrestrial mobile systems, Rake receiver and Advanced Rake receiver.

\*Note- Additional topics that can be introduced during the course but are out of the prescribed syllabus – **Performance of Fading channels** 

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. William C.Y.Lee, Wireless & Cellular Telecommunications, Third Edition,McGraw Hill, International Edition. [UNIT- I,II,III]
- 2. Theodore S.Rappaport, Wireless communications Principles and Practice, Second Editions, Pearson Publications. **[UNIT-IV,V]**

- 1. GottapuSasibhushanaRao, Mobile Cellular Communication, PEARSON International, 2012.
- 2. Wayne Tomasi, Electronic Communication system, Pearson.

## PHASED ARRAY SYSTEMS

#### ECE 422(a)

Instruction : 4 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week

#### End Exam : 3 Hours

Prerequisites: Antenna and Wave Propagation

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

1.	Apply the knowledge the engineering and science in understanding and differentiating
	various system requirements with phased arrays for radar and communication system.

- 2. Analyze linear/planar array antennas with required side lobes, beam width, bandwidth etc., and determine their directivity & study various scanning techniques.
- 3. Identify, formulate and analyze different antennas to form an array for a given application
- 4. Formulate the array patterns using various synthesis techniques
- 5. Apply different feeding mechanisms for resonant and travelling wave arrays & measure different parameters of the array

# **CO-PO – PSO Mapping**

CO						PO								PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1
CO2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	1
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	1
CO4	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
CO5	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

# SYLLABUS

# 10 Periods

**Phased Arrays in Radar and Communication Systems:** System requirements for radar and communication antennas - Directive properties of Arrays, Array noise characterization, receiving antenna in polarized plane wave field, system considerations, Monopole beam splitting, Array characterization for radar and communication systems - Fundamental results from array theory, Array size determination, Time-delay compensation.

#### UNIT II

UNIT I

10 Periods

**Array Characteristics :** Characteristics of linear and planer arrays, Scanning to End-fire, **Scanning Technique:** Introduction Conventional Scanning, Mechanical versus Electronic scanning, Techniques of Electronic scanning, Frequency, Phase and Time Delay scanning principle, Hybrid scanning techniques, Thinned Arrays

#### UNIT III

**Elements for phased array :** Introduction , array elements, polarization characteristics of infinitesimal elements in free space; Electric current antenna elements - dipole and the monopole; Aperture antenna elements - slot elements, waveguide radiators, horn elements, microstrip patch element

# UNIT IV

**Phased Array Systems:** Beam steering in Phased arrays; Phase Shifters and fundamentals of phase shifters. Parameters effecting the performance of Radar System including parameter management/ error analysis; operational scenario; Multifunctional operations; Transmit - Receive Modules; System Design Methodology, Integration and Testing and Evaluation of

Credits:4 Sessional Marks:40 End Exam Marks:60

# 10 Periods

Radar Systems ; Introduction on existing PARs . Advances in Phased arrays. UNIT V 10 Periods

**Array Feeds & Measurements:** Introduction, Series feeds: Resonant Arrays- Impedance and bandwidth, Resonant slot array Travelling Wave Arrays- Frequency Squint and Single Beam condition, Calculation of element conductance, TW slot array Frequency scanning, Phase scanning; Shunt feeds: Corporate feeds, distributed feeds, Introduction - measurement of Low sidelobe patterns & scanning phenomena.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Robert J. Mailloux, Phased Array Antenna Handbook, Third Edition, Artech House, 2017 [UNIT- I,II &III]
- R.C.Hansen, Phased Array Antennas, Second edition, John Wiley & Sons Publications 2009 [UNIT - IV]

- 1. Peter J. Kahrilas, Electronics Scanning Radar Systems Desing Handbook, Artech House, 1976.
- 2. A. A. Olinar, G. H. Knittel, Phased Array Radar, Artech House, 1972
- 3. Skolnik, M.I., Radar Handbook, 3rd edn., The McGraw-Hill Companies, 2008

# **BIOMEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION**

## ECE 422(b)

Instruction : 4 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week

End Exam : 3 Hours

# **Prerequisites:**

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand various methods of acquiring bio signals.
- Understand and analyze different biomedical electrodes and sensors used for clinical observation.
   Analyze ECC and EEC signal with characteristic feature points.
- 3. Analyze ECG and EEG signal with characteristic feature points.
- 4. Measure heart rate, blood pressure and respiration rate. And also understand various sources of blood flow meters.
- 5. Understand bio-telemetry & instrumentation used for Clinical Laboratory.

# CO-PO – PSO Mapping

CO						PO								PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	1	1		2								1	2		
CO2	2	1		2								1	2		
CO3	2	2		2								1	2		
CO4	2	1		2								1	2		
CO5	1	2		1								1	2		

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

# SYLLABUS

# UNIT I

**Introduction to Biomedical Instrumentation:** Sources of Biomedical Signals, Basic Medical Instrumentation System, Intelligent Medical Instrumentation Systems, PC Based Medical Instrumentation Systems, General Constraints & Regulations of Medical Devices

#### **UNIT-II**

**Electrodes, Sensors, and Transducers:**Transduction – Electrodes for biophysicalsensing – types of electrodes: surface, needle, micro – inductive, capacitive and temperature transducers

# UNIT-III

10 Periods

10 Periods

**Measurement of Biological, Physiological parameters:**Measurement of bloodpressure, blood volume, respiration rate, temperature, ECG, EEG, EMG and PCG, Safety measures implemented in Biomedical Instrumentation

# UNIT-IV

**Patient Monitoring Systems and ICU assisting devices:** Intensive cardiac careunits and Central monitoring systems, Patient monitoring through biotelemetry.

Pacemakers, Defibrillators, Ventilators and Respirators

# UNIT-V

**Bio telemetry and Instrumentation for the clinical laboratory:** Introduction to biotelemetry, physiological parameters adaptable to biotelemetry, the components of biotelemetry system, implantable units, applications of telemetry in patient care.

**Credits:4** Sessional Marks:40 End Exam Marks:60

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Leslie Cromwell, Fred J Weibell and Erich A Pfeiffer, "Biomedical Instrumentation and Measurements", 2nd Edition, Pearson, 2003(UNIT-I,II,&III)
- 2. Khandpur R.S, "Hand Book of Biomedical Instrumentation", Tata McGraw Hill publication, New Delhi 2nd edition 2003.(UNITS IV &V)

- 1. Joseph J. Carr and John M.Brown, "Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technology", 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2001.
- 2. John Enderle, Susan Blanchard, Joseph Bronzino, "Introduction To Biomedical Engineering", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.
- Geddes L.A., and L.E. Baker, Principles of applied Biomedical Instrumentation, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., Wiley, 1989

## **OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS**

#### ECE 422(c)

Instruction : 4 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week

#### End Exam : 3 Hours

**Prerequisites:**Basic of Optics, Electromagentic Theory, Communication systems, and Computer networks

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- 1. Illustrate the structure and fabrication methods of Optical fibers
- 2. Analyze the channel impairments: losses and dispersion
- 3. Analyze the Optical sources (LED and LASER) and detectors(PIN and Avalanche Photo diode).
- 4. Apply design considerations to analog and digital fiber optic systems
- 5. Analyze the components of fiber optic networks: Couplers, multiplexers, switches and filters.

# CO-PO – PSO Mapping

CO						PO								PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
CO2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	-
CO3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
CO4	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-
CO5	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

# SYLLABUS

# 10 Periods

Introduction To Optical Communications:Unguided optical communications – Li-fi - Evolution of fiber optic communications - Basic elements of an optical fiber communication link – Structure of optical fiber waveguide – Total internal reflection - Step-index and graded index fibers - Fiber materials – fiber fabrication – optical fiber cable

# UNIT II

UNIT I

Signal Degradation In Optical Fibers: Modal analysis - single mode and multi modefibers - Signal attenuation in optical fibers - Dispersion effects in optical fibers - Dispersion Shifted, flattening and Compensating Fibers

# UNIT III

Optical Sources, Detectors and Amplifiers: Semiconductor Laser diode - LED - Source to Fiber Power launching and coupling - PIN and Avalanche photodiodes - Noise in detection process – Erbium Doped Fiber Amplifiers

# UNIT IV

Design Considerations Of Fiber Optic Systems: Optical Tx/Rx Circuits - Power Budget and Rise time Budget of point-to-point digital links

#### UNIT V

Overview Of Optical Networks: Coupler – Multiplexer – Fiber grating filters - TDM, Broadband and dense WDM in fiber optic communications – SONET / SDH - introduction to FTTH – Optical switching - Broadcast and select WDM Networks –Wavelength Routed Networks **TEXT BOOKS:** 

# 10 Periods

#### 10 Periods

# 9 Periods

12 Periods

Credits:4

Sessional Marks:40 End Exam Marks:60

- 1. Gerd Keiser, Optical Fiber Communications, 5th Ed., Tata McGraw Hill, 2017 (UNITS I –V)
- 2. DjafarMynbaev and Lowell Scheiner, Fiber-Optic Communications Technology, Pearson education, 2001(UNITS I, II, III &V)

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. John Senior, Optical Fiber Communications Principles and practice, 3rd Ed. Pearson, 2008
- 2. John Powers, An introduction to fiber optic systems, 2nd Ed., McGraw Hill, 1999
- 3. Rajiv Ramaswami, Kumar Sivarajan and Galen Sasaki, Optical Networks: A Practical Perspective, Morgan Kaufmann, 3rd ed., 2009

#### **EMBEDDED AND REAL – TIME SYSTEMS**

ECE 422(d)

Instruction : 4 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week

End Exam : 3 Hours

Credits:4 Sessional Marks:40 End Exam Marks:60

Prerequisites: Digital Electronics, Computer Architecture & Organization, Microprocessors,

## Micro-controllers & Embedded Systems

# **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- Acquire knowledge of embedded systems architecture with respect to both hardware and 1. software
- Acquire knowledge of real time systems 2.
- Familiarize with the concepts of Embedded/Real-Time operating Systems 3.
- Familiarize with various operating Systems 4.
- Familiarize with the basics of embedded system development 5.

# **CO-PO – PSO Mapping**

СО						PO								PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	1		1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO2	1		1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO3			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO4			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO5			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2

3: Substantial (High) Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium)

# **SYLLABUS**

#### **10** Periods

Architectures of Embedded Systems: Classification of Embedded Systems, Skills required for an Embedded System Designer, Hardware architecture: Processor, RTC, Communication buses, power supply, sensors, actuators, Watchdog timer, Embedded S/W Architectures: Round-Robin, Round-Robin with Interrupts, Function-Queue Scheduling, Real-Time Operating System; Architecture of an application.

# **UNIT II**

UNIT I

Real Time Systems: Introduction: A car-and - driver example, Issues in Real Time Computing, Structure of a Real Time System, Task classes, Performance Measures for Real time Systems, Estimating program run-Times.

#### **UNIT III**

Embedded/Real-Time Operating System Concepts: Architecture of Kernel, Tasks and Tasks scheduler. ISR, Semaphores, Mutex, Mailboxes, Message Queues, Event Registers, Pipes, Signals, Timers, Memory management, Priority inversion problem **UNIT IV** 

Systems: Application **Overview** of **Embedded/Real-Time** Operating Software. Communication Software, Off-the-Shelf operating Systems, Embedded Operating Systems, Real-Time Operating Systems, Hand-held Operating Systems

# **Operating system Concepts:**

Architecture, Different subsystems, The Scheduler, Objects, Services

#### 12 Periods

#### 10 Periods

# UNIT V

08 Periods

**Basics of Embedded System development:**Co-design issues, Languages, tools, design issues and embedded system models for design.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Dr. K.V.K.K. Prasad, Embedded/Real-Time Systems: Concepts, Design & Programming, New edition 2011, Dreamtech Press(UNIT-I,III &IV)
- 2. C.M. Krishna, Kang G. Shin, Real-Time Systems, Indian Edition 1997, Tata McGraw Hill(UNIT-II &V)

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Qing Li, Caroline Yao, Real-Time Concepts for Embedded Systems, First edition 2014, Elsevier, CMP Books.

# SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS & GPS

ECE 423(a)

Instruction : 4 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week

#### End Exam : 3 Hours

**Credits:4** Sessional Marks:40 End Exam Marks:60

Prerequisites: Communication Systems Engineering, Digital Communications

## **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

1. Describe and justify communication satellite subsystem with specifications.

2. Analyze C/N ratio for satellite single link budgets in air and rain.

3. Classify and analyze multiple access techniques required for satellite communication.

4. Determine GPS receiver position using one & more satellite in 2D & 3D.

5. Describe various GPS system segments, GPS signals & signal structures using PRN codes.

# **CO-PO – PSO Mapping**

CO	РО												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3	2	2	1*					1*	1*			2		
CO2	3	2	2	1*					1*	1*			2		
CO3	3	2	2	1*					1*	1*			2		
CO4	3	2	1	1*					1*	1*			2		
CO5	3	3	1	2*					1*	1*			2		

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

# SYLLABUS

10 Periods

**Introduction :** Types of satellites- Satellite orbit- satellite constellation- orbital mechanicsequation of orbit-orbital elements- look angle determination- limits of visibility- eclipse- sub satellite point- sun transit outage- space craft technology structural, primary power, attitude and orbit control, thermal, propulsion, telemetry, tracking and command, communication subsystems- launching procedures and launch vehicles

# UNIT II

UNIT I

**Propagation Impairments And Space Link**: Introduction, atmospheric loss, ionospheric effects, rain attenuation, other impairments.

**Space link**: Introduction, EIRP, transmission losses, link power budget, system noise, CNR, uplink, down link, effects of rain, combined CNR

# UNIT III

**Multiple Access:** Frequency division multiple access (FDMA) Intermodulation, Calculation of C/N. Time division Multiple Access (TDMA) Frame structure, Examples. Satellite Switched TDMA Onboard processing, DAMA, Code Division Multiple access (CDMA),Spread spectrum transmission and reception.

# UNIT IV

**Introduction To Global Navigation Satellite Systems(GNSS):** The History of GPS, The Evolution of GPS, Development of NAVSTAR GPS, Block I, Block II satellites, Block IIA, Block IIR and Block II R-M satellites. GPS working principle, Trilateration, Determination of where the satellites are, Determination of how far the satellites are, Determining the receiver position in 2D or XY Plane, Determining the receiver position in 3D or X-Y-Z Plane

# 10 Periods

# 10 Periods

## UNIT V

#### 10 Periods

**GPS Satellite Constellation And Signals**: GPS system segments, Space segment, Control segment, User segment, GPS Signals, Pseudorandom noise (PRN) code, C/A code, P code Navigation data, Signal structure of GPS.

\*Note- Additional topics that can be introduced during the course but are out of the prescribed syllabus –**The working of a satellite phone, Introduction to IRNSS** 

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. T. Pratt and C.W. Boastian, "Satellite Communication", 2 nd edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2002.(UNIT-I,II,III)
- 2. G S RAO, Global Navigation Satellite Systems, McGraw-Hill Publications, New Delhi, 2010(UNIT-IV,V)

- 2. D. Roddy, "Satellite Communications", Prentice Hall, 4 th edition, copyright, 2008.
- 3. K.N. Raja Rao, "Satellite Communication: Concept and Application", 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, PHI, 2013

#### VLSI SIGNAL PROCESSING

ECE 423(b)

Instruction : 4 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week

End Exam : 3 Hours

Prerequisites: VLSI Design, Digital IC Design and Digital signal Processing

## **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

1.	Represent the DSP algorithms and transforms as systems with block, signal flow and data
	flowdiagrams.

2. Design pipeline and parallel processed FIR filters.

3. Perform retiming and minimize the registers and solve the systems of inequalities.

4. Design systolic architecture using canonical mapping and generalized mapping

5. Design and analyse parallel and pipeline IIR

# CO-PO – PSO Mapping

CO		PO													PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3				
CO1	3	2	1										2	2	1				
CO2	2	3	1										2	2	1				
CO3	1	2	3										2	3	1				
CO4	1	1	2										2	2	1				
CO5	1	1	2										3	2	1				

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

#### **SYLLABUS**

UNIT I 10 Periods Introduction to the VLSI Signal Processing :Typical Signal Processing Algorithms, Overview of VLSI Architectures, Representations of DSP Algorithms.

**Pipelining and parallel processing:** Introduction, Data Flow Graph Representation, Loop bound and Iteration Bound, Algorithms for computing Iteration bound, Pipelining of FIR filters, Parallel Processing

# UNIT II

# **Retiming:** Definitions and Properties, Solving systems of inequalities, Retiming techniques. **Unfolding and Folding:** Unfolding Algorithm, Properties of unfolding, Critical Path, Unfolding and Retiming, Folding Transformation, Register Minimization techniques

UNIT III

# Systolic Architecture Design

Matrix Operations and 2D Systolic Array Design, Parallel Algorithm Expressions, Canonical Mapping Methodology.

# Arithmetic components

Parallel bit circuits: Carry-Look ahead addition, Prefix Computations, Carry-Save Addition, Multiplication.

#### UNIT IV

Fast Convolution: Introduction, Cook-Toom algorithm, Winogard algorithm, IteratedConvolution and Cyclic convolution.UNIT V10 Periods

# **Programmable Digital Signal Processors**

10 Periods

10 Periods

10 Periods

Sessional Marks:40 End Exam Marks:60

Credits:4

Important Features, DSP Processors for Mobile and Wireless Communications, Processors for Multidimensional Signal Processing.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

 K. K. Parhi, "VLSI Digital Signal Processing Systems, Design and Implementation", John Wiley, 1999(UNIT-I,II,III,IV &V)

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. S.Y.Kung, "VLSI Array Processors", Prentice-Hall, 1988

#### WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORKS

#### ECE 423(c)

Instruction : 4 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week

End Exam : 3 Hours

Sessional Marks:40 End Exam Marks:60

Credits:4

Prerequisites: Telecommunication Switching & Networks, Computer Network Engineering,

# Communication Systems Engineering.

# **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

1	Understand the technologies that enable wireless sensor networks
1.	Understand the technologies that enable whereas sensor networks

2. Identify various sensor network scenarios and architectures

3. Distinguish between various classes of MAC protocols

4. Understand allocation of addresses and management of names in WSNs

5. Appreciate the growing demand for WSNs in diverse areas

# **CO-PO – PSO Mapping**

СО	PO												PSO			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
CO1	3	1											2			
CO2	2	2	3										2	2		
CO3	2	2	2										2	2		
CO4	2	1											1			
CO5	1	1											1			

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

#### SYLLABUS

12 Periods

**Introduction to Wireless Sensor Networks:**Ambient Intelligence, Types of Applications, Challenges for WSNs, Differences between mobile ad hoc networks and wireless sensor networks, Enabling Technologies for Wireless Sensor Networks.

**Single-Node Architecture:** Hardware Components, Operating Systems and Execution Environments: Embedded operating systems, Programming paradigms and application programming interfaces

# UNIT II

**UNIT I** 

#### 8 Periods

12 Periods

**Network Architecture:**Sensor Network Scenarios, Optimization goals and figures of merit, Design principles for WSNs - Distributed organization, In-network processing, Adaptive fidelity and accuracy.

Physical Layer and Transceiver Design Considerations - Energy usage profile, Choice of modulation scheme

# UNIT III

**MAC Protocols for Wireless Sensor Networks:**Fundamentals of (wireless) MAC protocols: Requirements and design constraints for wireless MAC protocols, Important classes of MAC protocols, MAC protocols for wireless sensor networks, Low duty cycle protocols – STEM, Contention-based protocols: CSMA protocols, Schedule-based protocols: LEACH, Simulation study of protocols

#### UNIT IV

#### 8 Periods

**Naming and addressing:**Fundamentals, Use of addresses and names in sensor networks, Address management tasks, Uniqueness of addresses, Address allocation and assignment, Addressing overhead, Address and name management in wireless sensor networks.

#### UNIT V

10 Periods

**Localization and positioning:** Properties of localization and positioning procedures, Possible approaches, Proximity, Trilateration and triangulation, Mathematical basics for the lateration problem, Single-hop localization: Active Badge, Active office, RADAR, Cricket **APPLICATIONS of WSN:** Introduction, Background, Range of Applications, Examples of Category 2 WSN Applications, Examples of Category 1 WSN Applications.

\*Note- Additional topics that can be introduced during the course but are out of the prescribed syllabus – Case study on TinyOS

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Holger Karl & Andreas Willig, "Protocols And Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks", John Wiley, 2005 [UNIT- I-V]
- 2. KazemSohraby, Daniel Minoli, &TaiebZnati, "Wireless Sensor Networks- Technology, Protocols, and Applications", John Wiley, 2007. [UNIT- V]

- 1. C. S. Raghavendra, Krishna M. Sivalingam, Wireless Sensor Networks, Springer, 2004.
- 2. S Anandamurugan, Wireless Sensor Networks, Lakshmi Publications

# **COGNITIVE RADIO NETWORKS**

#### ECE 423(d)

Instruction : 4 periods & 1 Tutorial/Week

End Exam : 3 Hours

Credits:4 Sessional Marks:40 End Exam Marks:60

Prerequisites: Electromagnetic Wave Propagation and Characteristics, Communication System Engineering, Digital Signal Processing.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

Illustrate the mathematical modeling and design issues of OFDM and MIMO 1.

- Evaluation of Software Defined Radio architecture and its parameters 2.
- Develop mathematical model for cognitive radio networks 3.
- Analyze spectrum sensing network by using OFDMA and spectrum management by 4. Heterogeneous Wireless Networks

Interpret Regulatory Issues and International Standards 5.

# **CO-PO – PSO Mapping**

CO	РО													PSO			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
CO1	1	2											2				
CO2		2	2										1	2			
CO3		2	3											2			
CO4		2	3										2	2			
CO5																	

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

# **SYLLABUS**

# **10** Periods

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONSSoftware Defined Radio Architecture, Digital Signal Processor and SDR Baseband Architecture, Reconfigurable Wireless Communication Systems: Unified Communication Algorithm, Reconfigurable OFDM Implementation, Reconfigurable OFDM and CDMA, Digital Radio Processing: Conventional RF, Digital Radio Processing (DRP) Based System Architecture

# **UNIT II**

# 10 Periods

SOFTWARE DEFINED RADIO AND ITS ARCHITECTURESoftware defined radio architectures, Hardware specifications, Digital aspects of Software defined radio, Current technology limitations, minimum power consumption, ADC performance trends

# UNIT III

10 Periods

COGNITIVE RADIO NETWORKS Cognitive Radios and Dynamic Spectrum Access, Analytical Approach and Algorithms for Dynamic Spectrum Access, Fundamental Limits of Cognitive Radios, Mathematical Model and simulation of Networking Cognitive Radios.

# **UNIT IV**

#### SPECTRUM SENSING Spectrum sensing to detect specific Primary System, Spectrum Sensing for Cognitive Radio OFDMA Systems and Cognitive Multi-Radio Networks UNIT V 10 Periods

SPECTRUM MANAGEMENT Spectrum Management- Spectrum Sharing, Spectrum Pricing, Mobility Management to Heterogeneous Wireless Networks, Regulatory Issues and International Standards

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Kwang-Cheng Chen and Ramjee Prasad, "Cognitive Radio Networks", John Wiley & sons, 2009. (UNIT- I,II,III,IV & V)
- 2. EzioBiglieri, Robert Calderbank, "MIMO Wireless Communications" Cambridge University Press 2007

- 1. Ahmed Khattab, Dmitri Perkins, MagdyBayoumi, "Cognitive Radio Networks : From Theory to Practice", Springer, 2013.
- 2. Walter Tuttlebee, "Software Defined Radio- Baseband Technology for 3G Handsets and Base stations", John Wiley @ Sons, 2004

# MICROWAVE EINGINEERING LABORATORY

#### ECE 424

Instruction: 3 Practical's /Week

#### End Exam: 3 Hours

# **Prerequisites:**

Credits:2 Sessional Marks:50 End Exam Marks:50

# Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- 1. Find the bench set up before start of the experiment, identifying the required apparatus and procedure of doing the experiment.
- 2. Measure various parameters of the signal, load & characterize various microwave sources using microwave bench setup.
- 3. Plot the radiation pattern of horn antenna and other antennas using antenna trainer system.
- 4. Design the antenna with given specification using simulation tools.
- 5. Measure and record the experimental data, plot it and analyse the results, and prepare a formal laboratory report.

# CO-PO – PSO Mapping

CO					PSO										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	-	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	-		1	2	2
CO2	-	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	2	2	2
CO3	-	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	1	1	1	1
CO4	-	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	2		-	3	1	2	2
CO5	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	I	2	3	-		1	2	3

Correlation levels 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High)

# SYLLABUS List of Experiments

- 1. Study of microwave components
- 2. Vi characteristics of the gunn diode
- 3. Characteristics of reflex klystron
- 4. Measurement of the frequency and wavelength of a given signal
- 5. Measurement of the unknown load impedance of a given load
- 6. Measurement of the vswr of a given load
- 7. Determine the characteristics of a given directional coupler
- 8. Determine the attenuation characteristics of a given load
- 9. Determine the scattering parameters of e-plane tee junction
- 10. Determine the scattering parameters of h-plane tee junction
- 11. Determine the scattering parameters of magic tee junction
- 12. Determining the radiation pattern of the horn antenna
- 13. Study of antenna trainer systems

- 14. Determining the radiation pattern of a 3 element yagi- uda antenna with folded dipole
- 15. Determining the radiation pattern of a 5 element yagi- uda antenna with folded dipole
- 16. Determining the radiation pattern of a  $\lambda/2$  phased array antenna

Note: A student has to perform minimum of 10 experiments.